



AL-MU'MIN

THATE BOOK OF THATE BELLIEVER

Al-Husayn b. Sa'id Al-Kufi Al-Ahwazi

Translated by: Muhajir b. Ali



Kitab Al-Mumin, The Book of the Believer

:Writer

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Kitab Al-Mumin, The Book of the Believer

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- The book of the Believer

Compiled by: Al-Husayn b. Said Al-Kufi Al-Ahwazi

Translated by: Muhajir b. Ali

A collection of traditions by the eminent and trustworthy Shaykh Al-Husayn ibn Said al-Kufi al-Ahwazia companion of the Imam Abu al-Hassan al Rida, Abu Jafar al-Jawad .(and Abu al-Hassan al-Hadi (AS

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point

An elaborate text that describes the nature of Belief (eeman) and Believers (mu'minoon) in the light of traditions of the Ahl al-Bayt, emphasizing on the .consequences of belief and the rights the believers have upon each other

Biography of the Compiler

Al-Husayn ibn Sa'id ibn Hammad ibn Mihran al...Ahwazi (epithet Abu Muhammad)(1)

was originally from al-Kufah (**) but he moved with his brother al-Hasan ibn Sa'id to al...Ahwaz (**) and thus he became popular by the city's name (i.e. al...Ahwazi). (His brother) al-Hasan was known by the nickname "Dandan" and the two brothers were (amongst the (descendents of the) companions of 'Ali ibn Al-Husayn [a.s].(**)

Al-Husayn ibn Sa'id lived in the times of Imam al...Rid'a, al...Jawad and al...Hadi [a.s], and he narrated traditions from them. For this reason, he is enumerated amongst their companions as can be found often in the books of biographies and of people who ...narrated traditions

He has been praised and lauded by all the companions and scholars who have written ;concerning him

p: ۱

Rijal al-Najashi 49 -1

Al-Barqi: al-Mahasin ۵۴, Ibn al-Nadim: al-Fihrist ۱۰۴ and Abu Dawud: al-Rijal No. ۴۷۳ -۲

.Ibn al-Nadim: al-Fihrist ۱۰۴ -۳

.Ibid -4

and they have extolled him as being trustworthy. For example, al...Shaykh al...Tusi has extolled him in his two books al...Rijal and al...Fihrist as has al...'Allamah al...Hilli in his al...Khulasah describing him as: "very trustworthy and illustrious." Abu Dawud also ".described him as: "trustworthy, of an exalted nature

Ibn Nadim said (of him): "al-Hasan al-Ahwazi and Al-Husayn al-Ahwazi, the two sons of Sa'id are from the people of al-Kufah... most well-versed in their era in the knowledge of jurisprudence, traditions, virtues and other subjects from the sciences ".of the Shi'ah

Al...Majlisii has mentioned him in one of his books with the words: "... a principle amongst the main supports of the traditionists is the trustworthy Shaykh Al-Husayn ibn Sa'id al...Ahwazi; he is also the author of the Book of Asceticism (Kitab al...Zuhd) and (the Book of the Believer (Kitab al...Mu'min)."(1)

The two brothers authored many books concerning the lawful and the forbidden as well as primers in various other sciences. Al...Kashi reports fifty books by al-Hasan alone and al...Najashi mentions thirty books between the two, saying: "The sons of ".Sa'id compiled excellent and useful books, and they are thirty in number

Al-Husayn joined hands with his brother al-Hasan in writing the thirty books

p: ۲

.Al-Majlisi: Bihar al-Anwar 1/19-1

.As in Qur'an, ٣٣:٣٣ -٢

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:but Al-Husayn is more renowned for them than his brother; and these books are
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- (Kitab al-Wud'u' (The Book of Ablutions .)
 - (Kitab al-Salat (The Book of Prayers .Y
 - (Kitab al-Zakat (The Book of Alms . *
 - (Kitab al-Sawm (The Book of Fasting . F
 - د. Kitab al-Hajj (The Book of Pilgrimage)
 - (Kitab al-Nikah (The Book of Marriage .9
 - (Kitab al-Talaq (The Book of Divorce .v
- Kitab al-`Itq wa'l-Tadbir wa'l-Mukatabah (The Book of Manumission of Slaves, . A (Management and Correspondence
 - (Kitab al-Ayman wa'l-Nudhur (The Book of Oaths and Vows .4
 - (Kitab al-Tijarat wa'l-Ijarat (The Book of Trade and Leasing .).
 - (Kitab al-Khums (The Book of Islamic Tax .))
 - (Kitab al-Shahadat (The Book of Testimonies .) Y
 - (Kitab al-Sayd wa'l-Dhaba`ih (The Book of Game and Slaughtered Animals .) **
 - (Kitab al-Makasib (The Book of Earnings . 14
 - د Kitab al-Ashribah (The Book of Drinks)
 - (Kitab al–Ziyarat (The Book of Pilgrimages . 19
 - (Kitab al-Taqiyah (The Book of Dissimulation .)v
 - (Kitab al-Radd `Ala'l-Ghulah (The Book of Refuting the Extremists .)A

- (Kitab al-Managib (The Book of Virtues . 19
- (Kitab al-Mathalib (The Book on Slandering . Y-
 - (Kitab al-Zuhd (The Book of Asceticism . ۲)
 - (Kitab al-Muru'ah (The Book of Chivalry . ۲۲
- Kitab Huquq al-Mu'minin wa-Fadhlihim (The Book concerning the Rights and . ٢٣
 (Excellencies of Believers
 - (Kitab Tafsir al-Qur'an (The Book of the Exegesis of the Qur'an . YF
 - (Kitab al-Wasaya (The Book of Bequests ۲۵
 - (Kitab al-Fara'idh (The Book of Obligations . ۲۶
 - (Kitab al-Hudud (The Book of Legal Punishments .vv
 - (Kitab al-Diyat (The Book of Blood Money .YA
 - (Kitab al-Malahim (The Book of Battles . ۲۹
 - (Kitab al-Du'a` (The Book of Supplications . ٣٠
- Al-Husayn ibn Yazid al...Surani used to say: "al-Hasan is a partner to his brother Al-Husayn in all of
 - p: ٣

the latter's chain of narrators except concerning Zur'ah ibn Muhammad al...Had'rami and Fad'alah ibn Ayyub, where Al-Husayn used to narrate through his brother from (these two.").

Their maternal uncle, Ja'far ibn Yahya ibn Sa'd al...Ahwal, was amongst the companions of Abu Ja'far al...Thani (Imam al...Jawad [a.s]). Thus, the members of this household were known for their profound faith in Allah, the Most High, and their sincerity towards Him; and also their true love for the Messenger of Allah and his pure progeny [a.s]. They were also well known for their prolonged striving for righteous actions and defending the truth against the ruling `Abbasid rulers of their ages, who .[used to banish or hound the believers amongst the Shi'ah of 'Ali and Al-Husayn [a.s.

Despite all the obstacles, the two brothers were active in all venues, fearing none in matters concerning Allah, and not giving a free rein to others. Courageously, they defended the rights of the pure chosen ones from the family of Muhammad [a.s], with .words and actions, in a most evident manner

From the treasures of the Ahl al...Bayt's knowledge, Al-Husayn ibn Sa'id propagated their teachings treating them like a precious and rare commodity. Thus did he do with a lofty spirit and sincere intention for the sake of the Honorable Lord that the number of those who love them and understand their trusteeship may multiply. In doing so, he :[became deserving of what has been narrated from the Ahl al...Bayt [a.s.

رحِم الله مَن أحيا أمرَنا.

May Allah have mercy on the person"

p: 4

.Rijal al-Najashi ۴۶ -1

".who keeps our affairs alive

By reaching the message to others, he actually influenced a number of people and introduced them to Imam al...Rid'a [a.s] and thus their right path was completed and their perception and understanding were more balanced and equitable concerning the Book (i.e. Qur'an), the Holy Prophet and his family [a.s]. This was after they had been heedless of them or inimical, and opposed to following their path and in fact a .comrade to their enemies

Amongst these personalities that he influenced were: Ishaq ibn Ibrahim al...Had'ini, 'Ali ibn al...Rasan, 'Ali ibn Mahziyar, 'Abd Allah ibn Muhammad al...Had'ini and others. In due course, they began being of service and authored many books. All this was by the grace of Allah that He made him (Al-Husayn ibn Sa'id) the cause in a community's guidance. Due to Allah was his achievement and upon Allah rests his reward

Finally, Al-Husayn ibn Sa'id, the great traditionist, migrated to Qum where he put up with al-Hasan ibn Aban, and there he died. May Allah have mercy on him the day he was born, the day he passed away and the day He brings him back to life! May Allah !resurrect him with those he loved. Amen, O' Lord of the Worlds

Sayyid Muhammad Baqir al...Muwahhid al...Abtahi al...Isfahani

Introduction

In the Name of Allah; the Beneficent the Merciful

All praise is to Allah for having favored us with a pure faith like the faith in Him of the Prophets, the Messengers and the monotheists – those who truly know Him. And for having blessed us with a true conviction as have attested the archangels, the saints and the righteous

And peace be on the Messengers, those who conveyed the message of their Lord while remaining patient over what befell upon them in their mission. These are they on whom are blessings and mercy from their Lord and these are the most rightly .guided – neither shall they fear anymore nor shall they grieve

And peace and blessings be on the best of Allah's creatures, the pure and the chosen ones; Muhammad and his family, the leaders of all creation; and peace and blessings be also on those who follow them in goodness, until the Day of Judgment; those who show patience and fortitude in their love for the Ahl al...Bayt, for which they are tormented, killed, burnt and expelled from their homes but still have not ceased holding on to their (Ahl al...Bayt's) rope. They are those concerning whom Imam :al...Sadiq [a.s](1) commented

.These are indeed those who are true to the promise that Allah took from them

And perpetual calamitous curses be upon all their enemies; those who seek to cheat Allah but in reality cheat themselves only. Thus, they carry on their backs the

p: 9

For maintaining readability, [a.s] which is an acronym for "Alayhum Salaam" is used – throughout the book to denote "May God bless him, her or them". When used for the .Prophet, his Household is included. When used for others, it only refers to that person .[Al-Qummi, Ali ibn Ibrahim: al-Tafsir **A\$ [14], and Al-Majlisi: Bihar al-Anwar **1/A* [**V -**

.burden of all creation. Indeed, evil is what they bear

In summary, faith (iman) has levels, degrees and a lofty status; and the true believers who have been tried and tested have specific characteristics that make them stand out from the rest of mankind like a luminous full-moon

The common man rejects them and deems them to be sick when in fact, they are not sick, but rather, out of awe for Allah, they are apprehensive. They (the true believers) appear confused and confounded. And yet, what confounds them is a mighty matter, of what has been revealed to them of the painful chastisement awaiting the criminals .and everlasting bliss awaiting the righteous

Every time they recite a passage of the Qur'an concerning the hereafter, they are, with regards to the verses of Paradise like one who has seen it and is in it enjoying its pleasures and they are, with regards to the verses concerning the Fire of hell like one .who has seen it and abides in it tormented

These are they whose eyes are wakeful in the dark of the night, fulfilling their obligation to their Creator until they are overcome with drowsiness; then they lie down on the ground, using their palm as a pillow. Their eyes cannot sleep out of fear of the Return, their bodies forsake their beds (to supplicate) and their lips hum with the remembrance of their Lord.

These are they whom Amir al-Mu'minin (the Commander of the Faithful, namely ([Imam 'Ali ibn Abi Talib [a.s

:described with the words

مُره العُيون من البكاءِ، خمصُ البطون من الصّيام، صُه فرُ الألوانِ من السّهر؛ على وُجوههِم غَبرهُ الخاشِعين، اوليُ ك إخواني الذّاهِبون، فحقّ لنا أن نظماً إليهم ونعضّ الأيدى على فراقِهم.

Their eyes are swollen due to weeping; their stomachs are hollow due to fasting; their colour is pale because of wakefulness; on their faces are the effects of the fearful. They are my brothers gone by. It is a right for us to long for them and lament ".their departure

As for the believer, every time he draws closer to his Lord by a degree, Allah surrounds him with a variety of misfortunes and afflictions. He is surrounded from every corner, and obstacles are erected for him from every side. Yet, have misfortunes inflicted anyone but the one who is sincere to Allah and believes in Him? And this continues in different forms and manners so that Allah may reward him .amply

The subject of the severity of afflictions and their types has been discussed in our book entitled 'al...Tamhis (The Testing)' so there is no need to repeat it here. This book has other traditions that will light up the path for the wayfarer and illumine the heart, feeding it from the spring of the Ahl al...Bayt [a.s]. They (the Ahl al...Bayt) are the most knowledgeable of the maladies of the soul and the whisperings of the devil; so they, naturally, are best suited to remove the illnesses with clear and unpolluted antidotes

May Allah make us of those who hold on

to the rope of their guardianship (Wilayah), and of those whose deeds are accepted, whose sins are forgiven and who are given glad tidings with a refreshing drink from the fountain of al...Kawthar – those who attain the intercession of the Ahl al...Bayt [a.s] on the Day when neither one's wealth nor children will be of any use, except one who comes with a free heart. And the last of our supplication is: All Praise is to Allah, Lord of the worlds

Chapter 1: The Severity of a Believer's Afflictions

١ – باب شده ابتلاء المؤمن

١ – عن زرارهَ قال: سمِعتُ أبا جَعفر (ع) يقول

فَى قَضاءِ اللهِ (جلُّ جلاله) كُلُّ خَيرٍ للمُؤمِنِ

:It has been narrated that Zurarah said: I heard Abu Ja'far [a.s] saying .\

(In the decree of Allah [M.G],(1) there is nothing but good for a believer."(1"

٢ - وعَن الصّادِقِ (ع)

إِنَّ المُسلِمَ لا يَقضِى الله (جلّ جلاله) قَضاءً إلّا كانَ خيراً له، وإنْ مَلَكَ مَشارقَ الأرْضِ وَمَغارِبَها كانَ خَيراً لهُ

ثَمّ تلا هذه الآيه: (فَوَقَاهُ اللَّهُ سَيِّئَاتِ مَا مَكَرُوا وَحَاقَ بِآلِ فِرْعَوْنَ سُوءُ الْعَذَابِ)

ثم قال: أمَا وَاللهِ لَقَد تَسلُّطُوا عَلَيهِ وقَتَلُوهُ، فأمَّا مَا وَقَاهُ اللُّهُ، فَوَقَاهُ اللُّهُ أَنْ يَعتو في دِينِه.

:It has been narrated that al-Sadiq [a.s] said .y

For a Muslim, whatever Allah [M.G] has decreed is good, and if he comes to possess" ".all that is in the East and West, it will still be good for him

Then, he recited this Verse: "So, Allah protected him from the evil of their plot. [Holy "[Quran $\mathfrak{r} \cdot /\mathfrak{r} \Delta$ "]

Then he (al-Sadiq) said: "By Allah, they overpowered him (i.e. the

For maintaining readability, [M.G], which is an acronym for the Arabic "`Azza wa – ' ."Jall" is used throughout the book to denote "The Mighty and Glorious

.Al-Majlisi: Bihar al-Anwar ۲۱/۱۵۹ h (hadith).۷۶, and al-Mustadrak ۱/۱۳۷ h.۱ -۲

one intended in the previous Holy Verse) and killed him but what Allah protected him

(from was being overcome in his faith."()

:It has been narrated that al-Sadiq [a.s] said . *

If a believer knew what reward lies for him in suffering tribulations, he would wish he could be cut into pieces with a scissor."(Y

كنتُ عند أبى جعفر (ع) فجاء جميل الأزرق فدخل عليه، قال: فذكروا بلايا الشيعه وما يصيبهم، فقال أبو جعفر (ع): إنّ أُناسا أتوا علي بنَ الحسين بن على (ع) فخدكرا له ذلك، فقال على بنَ الحسين بن على (ع) فخررا له ذلك، فقال الحسين (ع) والله النه والفقرُ والقَتلُ أَسْرَعُ إلى مَن أَحَبِّنا مِن رَكضِ البَراذينِ وَمِن السِّيلِ إلى صَيمر. قلت: وما الصِّيمر؟ قال مُنتَهاه، ولَولا أنْ تكونوا كذلكَ لَرأينا أنّكُم لَستُم منّا

It has been narrated that Sa'd ibn Tarif said: I was with Abu Ja'far [a.s] when Jamil .* al-Azraq came by to visit. They began talking about the afflictions of the Shi'ah and their tribulations; and Abu Ja'far [a.s] said: A group of people came to 'Ali ibn Al-Husayn [a.s] and 'Abd Allah ibn 'Abbas and asked them some questions similar to what you have put forth. So, they came to Al-Husayn ibn 'Ali [a.s] and asked him about the :matter. Al-Husayn [a.s] said

By Allah (I swear), afflictions, poverty and being killed comes more swiftly to those who

p: 1.

.Al-Majlisi: Bihar al-Anwar v1/19. h.v9, and al-Mustadrak 1/187 h.y-1

Al-Majlisi: Bihar al-Anwar ۷١/١۵٩ h.٧۶. A similar narration has been recorded in Al- - ۲ Majlisi: Bihar al-Anwar ۶۷/۲۱۲ h.۱۷, al-Hurr al-`Amili: Wasa`il al-Shi`ah ۲/۹۰۸ h.۱۳ [as quoted from al-Kulayni: al-Kafi ۲/۲۵۵ h.۱۵], Warram: Tanbih al-Khawatir wa Nuzhat al-

Nawad'ir ۲/۲۰۴, Muhammad ibn Hammam al-Iskafi: Kitab al-Tamhis h.۱۳ and al-Tabrisi:

.Mishkat al-Anwar fi Ghurar al-Akhbar ۲۹۲

love us than racing horses or a torrential stream (rushing) to its end. And if that were not the case, we would deem you as not being one of us.'(1)

كنت عند أمير المؤمنين (ع) قاعداً، فجاء رجل فقال: يا أمير المؤمنين والله إنى لأحبك [فى الله]، فقال صدقت، إن طينتنا مخزونه أخَذَ الله ميثاقَها من صُلب آدمَ. فاتخذْ للفَقرِ جلباباً، فإنى سمعتُ رسولَ الله (ص) يقول: والله يا علىّ، إن الفقرَ لأسرُّع إلى محبّيك من السّيل إلى بطن الوادى

It has been narrated that al-Asbagh ibn Nubatah said: I was seated with the . Commander of the Faithful [a.s] when a man came to him and said: "By Allah, I love you (for the sake of Allah)." "You have spoken the truth", 'Ali replied, "our essence is a treasure that Allah took a promise of from the progeny of Adam; therefore, be prepared to clothe yourself with poverty, for I heard the Messenger of Allah [a.s] saying: 'Ali: by Allah (I swear), poverty comes faster to those who love you than a river (flowing to the bottom of a valley." (Y

It has been narrated that al-Fud'ayl ibn Yasar said: I heard Abu 'Abd Allah (al-Sadiq) .? :[a.s]saying

There are more devils on a believer (trying to misguide him) than flies on a piece of "

(meat."(**)

ما مِن عبدٍ

p: 11

.Al-Majlisi: Bihar al-Anwar ۶٧/۲۴۶ h.٨۵ and al-Mustadrak ١/١۴١ h.١ -١

.Al-Majlisi: Bihar al-Anwar ۷۲/۳ h.۱ -۲

Al-Majlisi: Bihar al-Anwar ۶٧/۲۴۶ h. Af ۶٧/۲۳۹ h. bv as quoted from Shaykh al-Mufid: al- - ٣

(Ikhtisas ۲۴ (from another series of narrators

:It has been narrated that one of the two (al-Baqir or al-Sadiq) [a.s] said .v

Any Muslim servant, who is tried by Allah [M.G] with a misfortune and bears patience, "

will receive the reward of one thousand martyrs."

(v)

:It has been narrated that Abu al-Hasan [a.s] said .A

يا موسى، ما خَلقتُ خلقاً أحبّ الى من عبدى المؤمن، وإنى انمّا أبتَليه لما هو خَير له وأُعطيه لما هو خير له وأزوى عنه لما هو خير له وأوى عنه لما هو خير له، وأنا أعلمُ بما يصلح عليه عبدى؛ فليصبر على بلائى وليرضَ بقضائى وليشكُر نعمائى، أكتُبُه فى الصدّيقين عندى إذا عمل برضائى وأطاع أمرى

It has been narrated that Abu 'Abd Allah [a.s] said: Out of what Allah revealed to .٩ :Musa (Prophet Moses) [a.s] is the following

O Musa! I have not created a creation more beloved to Me than My believing servant. For verily I try him with what is good for him, I bestow on him what is good for him and I remove from him what is good for him. For I know better what is more proper .for My servant

p: 17

.Al-Majlisi: Bihar al-Anwar ٧١/٩٧ h.۶۵ and al-Mustadrak ١/١۴٠ h.٣۴ -١

Al-Majlisi: Bihar al-Anwar v1/4v h.9a and al-Mustadrak 1/14. h.va. A similar narration - v has been quoted in Al-Majlisi: Bihar al-Anwar v1/vA h.14, al-Hurr al-`Amili: Wasa`il al-Shi`ah v/4.v h.1 [as quoted from al-Kulayni: al-Kafi v/4v h.1v, Al-Majlisi: Bihar al-Anwar

۴۹/۵۱ h.۵۴, Qutb al-Din al-Rawandi: al-Khara`j wa'l-Jara`ih ۱۹۰ h.۱۴ and Kitab al-[.Tamhis h.۱۲۵ Therefore, let him be patient over My trials, be pleased with My decrees and give thanks for My blessings. I shall record him amongst the truthful ones with Me when he acts according to My pleasure and obeys My command.

10 - وعن أبى عبد الله (ع) قال: كان لموسى بن عمران أخّ فى الله، وكان موسى يُكرمه ويحبه ويُعظمه، فأتاه رجلٌ فقال: أنى أحِبّ أن تُكلم لى هذا الجبار، وكان الجبار ملكاً من ملوك بنى إسرائيل، فقال: والله ما أعرفه ولا سألته حاجةً قط، قال: وما عليك من هذا! لعل الله (جلّ جلاله) يقضى حاجتى على يدك. فرق له وذهب معه من غير علم موسى، فأتاه ودخل عليه، فلما رآه الجبار أدناه وعظّمه، فسأله حاجة الرجل فقضاها له، فلم يلبث ذلك الجبار أن طُعن فمات، فحشد فى جنازته أهل مملكته، وعُلقت لموته أبواب الأسواق لحضور جنازته. وقضى من القضاء أن الشابّ المؤمن أخا موسى مات يوم مات ذلك الجبار وكان أخو موسى إذا دخل من زله أغلق عليه بابه فلا يصلُ إليه أحد، وكان موسى إذا أراده فتح البابَ عنه ودخل عليه، فإذا الرجل نسيه ثلاثاً، فلما كان اليوم الرابع ذكره موسى، فقال: قد تركتُ أخى منذ ثلاثٍ فلم آته. ففتح عنه الباب ودخل عليه، فإذا الرجل ميتًا وإذا دواب الأمرض دبّت عليه فتناولت من محاسن وجهه، فلما رآه موسى عند ذلك، قال: يا ربّ! عدوّك حشرت له الناس، ووليك أمتّه فسلّطت عليه دوابّ الأرض تناولَتْ من محاسن وجهه؟ فقال الله (جلّ جلاله): يا موسى، إن وليى سأل هذا الحار حاحه فقضاها له، فحشدتُ له أهاً مملكته للصّلاه علمه لأكافئه

p: 14

Al-Mustadrak 1/14v h.m., Al-Majlisi: Bihar al-Anwar v1/19v h.vv, v1/144 h. 4v and 14/44v - 1 h.4v [as quoted from Shaykh al-Tusi: al-Amali19v h.vv, Al-Majlisi: Bihar al-Anwar v1/44v h.4v, al-Hurr al-`Amili: Wasa`il al-Shi`ah 1/4v h.4 on the authority of al-Kulayni: al-Kafi .1/9v h.v and al-Mufid: al-Majalis 94 and Kitab al-Tamhis h.1v.

عن المؤمن بقضاء حاجته، ليخرُج من الدنيا وليس له عنـدى حسـنه أَكافئه عليها، وإنّ هـذا المؤمن سلَطتُ عليه دواب الأرض لتتناول من محاسن وجهِه لسؤالهِ ذلك الجبّار، وكان لى غير رضيً ليخرُج من الدنيا وما له عندى ذنب.

It has been narrated that Abu 'Abd Allah [a.s] recounted: Prophet Musa [a.s], son of .v 'Imran, had a brother-in-faith whom he cared for, loved and respected. A man once came to this friend of Musa [a.s] and asked him to intercede on his behalf with a tyrant who happened to be a king of the Israelites. 'By Allah, I do not know him and have never asked him for a favor,' friend of Musa replied. 'What have you to lose,' the man persisted, 'Perhaps; Allah will fulfill my need through you.' So, he went off with the man without Musa's knowledge and approached the tyrannical king. When the tyrant saw him, he drew him close and showed him utmost respect. The latter asked the king for the man's favor and it was granted. Shortly thereafter, the king died. The people of his kingdom gathered in large numbers for his funeral and the marketplaces were .shut

It so happened that on the very same day, Musa's brother-in-faith passed away, too. He had a tendency to keep his house door shut and whenever Musa wanted to pay him a visit; he would simply let himself in. Now it came to pass that Musa forgot the man for three days. On the fourth day, he said

to himself, 'I have neglected my brother for three days. I must visit him.' When he opened the door to let himself in, Musa found his friend dead and the creatures of the .earth were feeding on his face

O Lord,' Musa called out, 'Your enemy died and You brought forth a multitude for his' '?funeral, but when You caused Your friend to die, You let the creatures eat him up

O Musa,' the Lord [M.G] replied, 'My friend begged this tyrant for a favor and he' granted it; so, I gathered the people of his kingdom for his funeral (to honor him) as a reward for his having granted a believer's request and that he may go forth from the world whilst I owe him no reward. And as for this believer, I allowed the creatures of the earth to feed on him because of his having asked a tyrant for a favor; and it was _______not pleasing to Me that he should leave this world without any sin.' ________

١١ - وعن أبي جعفر (ع) قال

إنّ الله تبارك وتعالى اذا كان من أمره أن يُكرم عبداً وله عنده ذنبٌ ابتلاه بالسقم، فإن لم يفعل ابتلاه بالحاجه، فإن هو لم يفعل شدّد عليه عند الموت، وإذا كان من أمره أن يُهين عبداً وله عنده حسنة أصحّ بدنَه، فإن هو لم يفعل وسّع في معيشتِه، فإن هو لم يفعل هوّن عليه الموت.

:It has been narrated that Abu Ja'far (al-Baqir) [a.s] said .11

When Allah decides to honor a servant but the"

p: 10

Al-Majlisi: Bihar al-Anwar ۱۳/۳۵۰ h.۴۰ and ۴۷/۳۰۶ h.۵۵ [as quoted from al-Rawandi: - ۱ [.Qasas al-Anbiya` ۱۱ h.۶۶

servant has committed sins, He afflicts him with an ailment. If not that, He puts him in need; and if not that, He intensifies the severity of his death (in order that his sins may be forgiven). And when He decides to disgrace a person who has done some good, He bestows him with well-being. If not that, He amplifies his livelihood; and if not that, He (makes his death easy."(1)

وعزِّتي، لا أُخرِج لي عبداً من الدنيا أُريد رحمتَه إلاّ استوفَيتُ كلِّ سيئهٍ هي له، إما بالضّيق في رزقه أو ببلاءٍ في جسده وأما خَوف أُدخلُه عليه، فإن بقيَ عليه شيُّ شدّدتُ عليه الموتَ.

:It has been narrated that Abu Ja'far (al-Baqir) [a.s] said: Allah [M.G] has said . \r

By My Honor! I do not take a servant of Mine from the world, if I intend mercy for him, until all his sins are removed—either by a straitening in his livelihood, by an affliction in his body or a fear that I cause him to experience. And if anything remains on him .thereafter, I make his dying difficult

وقال (ع): وقال الله

وعِزّتى، لا أُخرج لى عبداً من الدنيا وأُريدُ عذابَه إلا استوفيتُه كلِّ حسنه له؛ إمّا بالسّعِهِ في رزقه أو بالصّحهِ في جسده وإما بأمنٍ أُدخله عليه، فإن يقي عليه شئ هوِّ نتُ عليه الموتَ.

:Abu Ja'far [a.s] also said: Allah has also said

By My Honor! If I intend to chastise a servant of Mine, I do not take him from the world until

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The first statement of the narration has been mentioned in al-Mustadrak; ۲/۱۱۳ h.v. -۱

.It is also recorded in Al-Kulayni: al-Kafi ۲/۴۴۴ h.۱ and Kitab al-Tamhis h.۳۵

I compensate him fully for his good deeds—either by increasing his livelihood, by health in his body or by a sense of security that I cause him to experience. And if anything remains for him thereafter, I make his dying easy.

17 - وعن أبى جعفر (ع) قال: مرّ نبىًّ من أنبياء بنى إسرائيلَ بِرجلٍ بعضُه تحتَ حائطٍ وبعضُه خارجٌ منه، فما كان خارجاً منه قد نقبته الطّيرُ ومزّقَتهُ الكلابُ. ثمّ مضى ووقعت له مدينةٌ فدخلها، فإذا هو بعظيم من عُظمائها ميّت على سرير مسجّى بالديباج حوله المجامرُ، فقال: يا ربِّ! إنّك حكمٌ عَدلٌ لا تجورُ؛ ذاك عبدُك لم يُشركُ بكَ طرفهَ عينٍ أمّتُهُ بتلك المِيتهِ، وهذا عبدُك لم يؤمِن بكَ طرفهَ عينٍ أمّتُهُ بهذهِ الميتهِ! فقالَ الله (جلّ جلاله):

عبدى، أنا كما قلتَ حكم عدلٌ لا أجورُ، ذاك عبدى كانت له عندى سيئة وذنب فأمَّتُه بتلك الميتهِ لكى يلقانى ولم يبقَ عليه شيً، وهذا عبدى كانت له عندى شيً

:It has been narrated that Abu Ja'far [a.s] said .\\

A Prophet from the children of Israel once passed by a dead man half of whose body was buried under a wall and the other half was eaten by scavenger birds and wild dogs. Then he came to a city where one of its notables had died and had been placed on a bed adorned with velvet and surrounded by groups of people. So, he called to "Allah [M.G] saying

.O Lord, You are most surely a Just Judge and You do no injustice'

p: 17

.Al-Kulayni: al-Kafi Y/FFF h. - 1

That servant had never associated a partner to You even for a moment; yet You caused him to die such a (despicable) death. And this servant of Yours had never believed in You for even a moment; yet You have given him such an (honorable) death.' Allah [M.G] replied, 'My servant: I am indeed as You have said—a Just Judge who does no injustice. That (believing) servant had a sin left with Me; so, I caused him to die such a death that he may meet Me with nothing left on him (for punishment). And this (disbelieving) servant of mine had a good deed leftover with Me; so, I caused (him to die thus that he may meet Me with nothing left for him with Me (as reward).'(1)

١٤ - عن ابن أبي عمير عن بعض أصحابه رفعه قال:

بينما موسى يمشى على ساحل البحر إذ جاء صيادٌ فخرِّ للشمسِ ساجداً، وتكلّم بالشِّركِ ثمّ ألقى شبكته فأخرجها مملوء هُ فعام وصلّى وحمد الله وأثنى فأعادها فأخرجها مملوء هُ ثم أعادها فأخرج مثل ذلك حتى اكتفى، ثم مضى. ثمّ جاء آخرُ فتوضّا ثم قامَ وصلّى وحمد الله وأثنى عليه وانصرف. عليه ثمّ ألقى شبكته فلم تخرج شيئا، ثم أعاد فلم تخرج شيئا، ثم أعاد فخرجت سمكه صغيره، فحمِد الله وأثنى عليه وانصرف. فقال موسى: يا ربّ، عبدُك جاء فكفَر بك وصَيلّى للشمسِ وتكلّم بالشِّرك، ثم ألقى شبكته فأخرجها مملوء هُ ثم أعادها فأخرجها مثل ذلك حتى اكتفى وانصرف، وجاء عبدُك المؤمنُ فتوضّاً وأسبغ الوضوء ثم صلّى وحمِد ودعا وأثنى، ثم ألقى شبكته فلم يخرج شيئاً، ثم أعاد فلم

p: \A

.Al-Kulayni: al-Kafi ۲/۲۴۶ h.۱۱ -۱

يخرج شيئاً ثم أعاد فأخرج سمكةً صغيره فحمدك وانصرف؟ فأوحى الله إليه: يا موسى، أنظُر عن يمينك، فنظَر موسى فكشف له عمّا أعدّه الله لعبدِه الكافرِ فنظر، ثم قيل له: يا موسى انظر عن يسارِك، فكشف له عمّا أعدّه الله لعبدِه الكافرِ فنظر، ثم قال الله تعالى: يا موسى، ما نَفعَ هذا ما أعطيته ولا ضرّ هذا ما منعتُه. فقال موسى: يا ربّ، حقّ لمن عرفكَ أن يرضى بما صَنعتَ.

It has been narrated from Ibn Abu 'Umayr through some of his companions that he .\\(\psi\) (said:(\)

Prophet Musa [a.s] was once walking along the sea shore when a fisherman came by and prostrated himself before the Sun, uttering words of polytheism. Then he threw his fishing net in (to the sea) and drew it out filled (with fish). Then he threw it in again and once again it came out full. Once more he repeated this and once again it came out full until he was satisfied then he departed

Then another man came along, performed the ablution and stood in prayer, praising and glorifying Allah. Then he flung his net in but drew it back empty. So he repeated it and again he met with no success. Once again, he threw his net in and this time he .caught a small fish. So, he praised and thanked Allah and went off

Seeing this, Musa [a.s] called out, 'O Lord! When Your servant came along and denied You, praying to the Sun and uttering blasphemy, his net was filled in with fish repeatedly

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.[According to Al-Kulayni: al-Kafi, this narration is related to Imam al-Baqir [a.s -1

until he was satisfied and left. And when Your believing servant came along, performed the ablution, prayed, glorified, praised and supplicated to You and then '?threw his net in, he received nothing but a small fish

So, Allah [M.G] revealed to him, 'O Musa! Look to your right.' Musa looked and it was revealed to him what Allah [M.G] had set aside (in reward) for the believing servant. Then it was said to him, 'O Musa, now look to your left.' And he saw what (punishment) .was awaiting the disbelieving servant

Then Allah [M.G] spoke, 'O Musa, (in reality) the one whom I gave did not benefit '.anything and nor did the one I denied lose anything

O Lord!' responded Musa [a.s], '(Indeed) it is the duty of all that know You to be'

(content with whatever You do (for them).'(1)

It has been narrated that Ishaq ibn 'Ammar said: I heard Abu 'Abd Allah [a.s] saying ناه. الله المعادة المعاد

The root of obedience to Allah is to be content with whatever Allah does to a person regardless of what he likes or dislikes. And whatever Allah does for a servant is __always good._(r

p: ۲ •

[Al-Majlisi: Bihar al-Anwar \٣/٣٤٩ h.٤٠ [as quoted from A`lam al-Din ٢۶٧ - \
Al-Majlisi: Bihar al-Anwar ٧١/١٣٩ h.٢٨ and al-Hurr al-`Amili: Wasa`il al-Shi`ah \٢/٩٠١ - \
[.h.\ [as quoted from al-Tusi: al-Amali ٢٠٠ h.٣٧]

وعافيه طويله

:Yunus ibn Ribat reported: I heard Abu 'Abd Allah [a.s] saying . 19

Verily, the people of truth have always had to endure difficulties. However, that is for a short period and everlasting well-being.

١٧ - عن سماعه قال: سمعته يقول

إنّ الله (جلّ جلاله) جعلَ وليّه غَرضًا لعدُوِّه في الدنيا

:It has been narrated that Suma'ah said: I heard him (al-Sadig [a.s]) saying .vv

(Allah has allowed His friends to be the target of His enemies in this world.(Y

١٨ – عن المفضل بن عمر، قال: قال رجل لأبى عبد الله الصادق (ع) وأنا عنده، إنّ مَن قِبلنا يقولون: إنّ الله إذا أحب عبداً نوّه منوه من السماء: إن الله يحب فلاناً فأحبوه، فيُلقى الله المحبه (له) فى قلوب العباد، وإذا أبغضَه نوّه منوه من السماء: إن الله يبغض فلاناً فأبغضوه، فيُلقى الله له البغضاء فى قلوب العباد. قال: وكان (ع) متّكئاً فاستوى جالساً ثم نفض كمّه ثم قال:

ليسَ هكذا! ولكنْ إذا أحبِّ الله (جلّ جلاله) عبداً أغرى به الناسَ ليقولوا ما ليس فيه؛ ليؤجِرَه ويؤثمَهم، وإذا أبغض عبداً ألقى الله (جلّ جلاله) له المحبّه في قلوب العبادِ ليقولوا ما ليس فيه ليؤثمَهم وإيّاه

Al-Mufad'd'al ibn 'Umar narrates: I was with Abu 'Abd Allah al-Sadiq [a.s] when a . \(\text{N} \) man came to him and said: "Some people say that when Allah loves a person, a caller from the heavens will declare that Allah loves that person and thus everyone must love him. But when He hates a person, a caller from the heavens will too declare that Allah hates that person and

p: ۲1

Al-Majlisi: Bihar al-Anwar ۶۷/۲۱۳ h.۱۸ and al-Hurr al-`Amili: Wasa`il al-Shi`ah ۲/۹۰۶ - ۱ h.۳ [as quoted from al-Kulayni: al-Kafi ۲/۲۵۵ h.۱۶. and Warram: Tanbih al-Khawatir wa [Nuzhat al-Nawad'ir ۲/۲۰۴

[.Al-Majlisi: Bihar al-Anwar ۶٨/۲۲١ h.١٠ [as quoted from al-Kulayni: al-Kafi ٢/٢٥٠ h.۵ -٢

".thus everyone must hate him

:He [a.s] was reclining. He sat upright and said

It is not so. Rather, when Allah loves a person, He incites the people against him that" they may say against him what is not true and he may thereby be rewarded whilst they may be punished for that. And when He despises a person, Allah pours love for him in the hearts of people so they may praise him for what he does not possess and "thereby both they and he may be punished".

Then he said: "Who was more loved by Allah than Yahya ibn Zakariya (Prophet Jonah son of Prophet Zachariah)? Yet, all those who were around him were against him until they did with him what they did (i.e. they killed him). And who (also) was more loved by Allah than Al-Husayn ibn 'Ali [a.s]? People turned against him until they killed him! And who was more despised by Allah than Abu ... and ...? It is not (true) what they have said."(1) YA

:It has been narrated that Zayd al-Shahham said: al-Sadiq [a.s] said . 14

,When Allah loves a person

p: ۲۲

[.]In Mishkat al-Anwar ۲۸۶, the narration is recorded in different series of narrations -1

He turns people against him. 17

٢٠ - عن أبي حمزه قال: سمعت أبا جعفر (ع) يقول

إنّ الله (جلّ جلاله) أخـــذَ ميثاقَ المؤمن على بلايا أربع الأولى أيســرُها عليه: مؤمن مثله يحسدُه، والثانيه: منافق يقفو أثرَه، والثالثه: شيطان يعرض له يفتنه ويُضلّه، والرابعه: كافر بالذى آمنَ به يرى جهادَه جهاداً. فما بقاء المؤمن بعدَ هذا؟

:It has been narrated that Abu Hamzah said: I heard Abu Ja'far [a.s] saying . Y.

إنّ العبدَ المؤمنَ ليكرم على الله (جلّ جلاله) حتى لو سألَه الجنّه وما فيها أعطاها إياهُ ولم يُنقِص ذلك من مُلكه شيئاً، ولو سأله موضِع قدمِه من الدّنيا حرَمهُ، وإنّ العبدَ الكافرَ ليهونُ على الله (جلّ جلاله) لو سألَه الدّنيا وما فيها أعطاها إيّاه ولم يُنقِص ذلك من ملكه شيئاً، ولو سألَه موضعَ قدمِه من الجنّهِ حرمَه. وإنّ الله (جلّ جلاله) ليتعاهدُ عبدَه المؤمنَ بالبلاءِ كما يتعاهدُ الرّجُلُ أهلَه بالهديّه ويحميه كما يحمى الطّبيبُ المريضَ.

:µamran narrated that Abu Ja'far [a.s] said . ۲١

A believer is so honorable before Allah that if he were to ask Him for Paradise and all

p: ۲۳

Al-Mustadrak ۲/۸۸, Al-Majlisi: Bihar al-Anwar ۶۸/۲۱۶ h.۶ and al-Hurr al-`Amili: Wasa`il -۱
[.al-Shi`ah ۸/۵۲۶ h.۲ [as quoted from al-Kulayni: al-Kafi ۲/۲۴۹ h.۲

it contains, He would give it to him –and this would not decrease anything in His Kingdom– but if he were to ask Him of this world, even the space that his feet occupy, He may deny him. And a disbeliever is so contemptuous before Allah that if he were to ask Him for the world and all it contains, He would give it to him –and this would make no difference in His Kingdom– but if he were to ask Him of Paradise, even the space .that his feet occupy, He would deny him

Indeed, Allah presents a believer with afflictions just like a man presents his family with gifts and He protects him (from what is harmful for him) like a doctor protects the (sick."()

إنّ لله (جلّ جلاله) ضنائنَ مِن خلقِه يضنّ بهم عن البلاء؛ يحييهم في عافيه ويرزقُهم في عافيه ويُميتهم في عافيه ويبعثُهم في عافيه ويُدخلهم الجنّه في عافيه.

:It has been reported by Abu Hamzah that Abu Ja'far [a.s] said . YY

Allah has some chosen ones amongst His creatures whom He spares from afflictions. He keeps them alive in well-being, sustains them in well-being, causes them to die in a state of well-being, shall resurrect them in well-being and admit them into Paradise in well-being.(Y

p: 44

Al-Majlisi: Bihar al-Anwar ۶۷/۲۲۱ h.۲۸ and al-Hurr al-`Amili: Wasa`il al-Shi`ah ۲/۹۰۹ - ۱ h.۱۸ [as quoted from al-Kulayni: al-Kafi ۲/۲۵۸ h.۲۸.] The last statement of the narration has been recorded in al-Hurr al-`Amili: Wasa`il al-Shi`ah ۲/۹۰۸ h.۹ [as quoted from al-Kulayni: al-Kafi ۲/۲۵۵ h.۱۷, Ibn Shu'bah al-°arrani: Tuhaf al-`Uqul 🕶 and Kitab al-[.Tamhis h.۵

.Al-Kulayni: al-Kafi Y/89Y h.1 -Y

It has been narrated that Muhammad ibn 'Ajlan said: I heard Abu 'Abd Allah [a.s] . ٢٣ :saying

Indeed, Allah has amongst His creatures some (special) servants; whenever an affliction descends from the heavens or a deficiency in sustenance, He drives it towards them. And whenever (there is) well-being or ample sustenance, He diverts it from them. (And) if the light (nur) of one of them were to be divided between all the (inhabitants of the earth, it would suffice them.(1)

:It has been narrated that Yazid ibn Khalifah said that Abu 'Abd Allah [a.s] said . YF

Allah never decrees anything for a believer but that He makes His decree the best for (him.cr

It has been narrated that Abu 'Abd Allah [a.s] said ۲۵.

Allah keeps a believer away from what He dislikes even if he (the believer) longs for it, just as a man keeps a camel away from a flock it does not belong to.

إن الربّ ليتعاهـ أد المؤمنَ؛ فما يمُرّ به أربعون صباحاً إلّا تعاهده إمّا بمرضٍ في جسده وإما بمصيبه في أهله وماله أو بمصيبه من مصائب الدّنيا ليؤجرَه الله عليه.

.49

.Al-Mustadrak 1/141 h.y and Kitab al-Tamhis h.yv -1

Al-Majlisi: Bihar al-Anwar <a href="https://www.ncba.nlm.

.Al-Majlisi: Bihar al-Anwar ۶٧/۲۴٣ h.٨٠ as quoted from Kitab al-Tamhis h.١١٠ -٣

:It has been also narrated that Abu 'Abd Allah [a.s] said

Verily the Lord maintains a believer; no forty days pass but that He presents him either with an ailment in his body, or with an affliction in his family and wealth, or any other affliction of the world, that He may thereby reward him for that.

:It has been narrated that Ibn Hamran said: I heard him (i.e. al-Sadiq [a.s]) say . YV

No forty nights pass for a believer without something befalling him for which he is rewarded - the least of which is an anxiety whose cause he does not understand.

:It has been also narrated that Abu 'Abd Allah [a.s] said .YA

ما فَلتَ المؤمنُ من واحدهٍ من ثلاث، أو جمِعتْ عليه الثلاثهُ: أن يكون معه مَن يغلق عليه بابَه في داره، أو جارٍ يؤذيه أو مَن في طريقه إلى حوائجه يؤذيه، ولوأنّ مؤمناً على قلّه جبل لبعث الله شيطاناً يؤذيه، ويجعل الله له من إيمانه أنساً.

It has been . ۲۹

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Al-Majlisi: Bihar al-Anwar ۶٧/٢٣۶ as quoted from Jami` al-Akhbar ١٣٣ and al-Tabrisi: -١
.Mishkat al-Anwar fi Ghurar al-Akhbar ٢٩٣

Al-Majlisi: Bihar al-Anwar ۶٧/٢٣٧ as quoted from Jami` al-Akhbar ١٣٣ and al-Tabrisi: -٢

Mishkat al-Anwar fi Ghurar al-Akhbar ۲۹۳ and Kitab al-Tamhis h.۱۶ .A similar narration is recorded in Kitab al-Tamhis h.۱۱ -۳

:also narrated that Abu 'Abd Allah [a.s] said

A believer never escapes one of three (problems) if not all three! Either a family member who shuts him out, or a neighbor who troubles him, or a person he meets on his way to work (who troubles him). Even if a believer were (to isolate himself) on a mountain top, Allah would send a devil to bother him. And Allah provides for him (the ".believer) comfort from his faith

It has been narrated that Muhammad ibn Muslim said: I heard Abu 'Abd Allah [a.s] . ٣٠ : saying

No forty nights pass for a believer except a matter befalls him that grieves him and (reminds him (of Allah).()

٣١ – عن أبى الصباح قال: كنت عند أبى عبد الله (ع)، فشكى اليه رجل، فقال: عقنى ولدى وأخوتى وجفانى إخوانى، فقال أبو عبد الله (ع):

إنّ للحقِّ دولةً، وللباطلِ دوله، وكلُّ واحد منهما ذليلٌ فى دوله صاحبه. وإنّ أدنى ما يُصيب المؤمنَ فى دوله الباطلِ أن يعقّه ولدُه وإخوتُه ويجفوه إخوانُه. وما من مؤمن يُصيب رفاهيةً فى دوله الباطل إلّا ابتُلىَ فى بدنه أو ماله أو أهله، حتى يخلّصه الله تعالى من السّعهِ التى كان أصابها فى دوله الباطل، ليؤخّرَ به حظّه فى دوله الحق، فاصبروا وأبشِروا.

It has been narrated that Abu al-Sabah reported: I was with Abu 'Abd Allah [a.s] . ٣١ when a man complained to him saying, 'My son and my brothers

p: ۲۷

 have cut themselves off from me and my (fellow Muslim) brothers have (also)
'.alienated themselves from me

Truth (haqq) has a dynasty,' replied Abu 'Abd Allah [a.s], 'and so does falsehood (batil).' And in each one of them, the other is disgraced. During the rule of falsehood, the least affliction that befalls a believer is that his sons and brothers break ties with him and his (fellow Muslim) brothers abandon him. And if a believer experiences a life of ease and comfort in the dynasty of falsehood, he will be afflicted in his physical body, wealth or family until Allah purifies him of the luxury that he had acquired in order that his share may thereby be reserved in the dynasty of truth. Therefore be patient and (rejoice."()

:It has been narrated that 'Ali ibn Al-Husayn and Abu Ja'far [a.s] said .٣٢

The soul of a (dead) believer is asked – when it is being washed (for funeral), 'Would it please you to be returned to the body that you resided in?' It would reply, 'What am I (to do with (more) afflictions, loss and grief?'(Y

P: YA

[.]A similar narration is recorded in Al-Kulayni: al-Kafi 1/44v h. 11 - 1

^{.`}Al-Majlisi: Bihar al-Anwar ۶/۲۴۳ h.۶۷ as quoted from Kitab al-Shaqa` wa'l-Jala -۲

إليك.

It has been narrated that Abu Ja'far [a.s] said that the Messenger of Allah [a.s] said: .٣٣
:Allah [M.G] says

Al-Sabbah ibn Siyabah narrated: I asked Abu 'Abd Allah [a.s], 'The affliction that .٣٩ '?befalls a believer is it because of a sin

No,' he replied, 'It is so that He (Allah) may hear his wails and complains and' supplications for which good deeds are recorded for him and misdeeds are wiped out from him, and a treasure is amassed for him for the Day of Resurrection.'

إنَّ الله (جلّ جلاله) لَيعتذرُ إلى عبده المحوج الّدنى كان فى الدنيا كما يعتذر الأخُ إلى أخيه، فيقول: لا وعزّتى وجلالى ما أفقر تُك لهوانٍ كان بك عليّ، فارفع هذا الغطاءَ فانظر ما عوّضتُك من الدنيا. فيُكشفُ له فيَنظرُ ما عوّضه الله (جلّ جلاله) من الدنيا، فيقول: ما ضرّنى يا ربٌ مع ما عوّضتنى.

It has been narrated that Abu 'Abd Allah [a.s] said .٣٥.

Allah [M.G] speaks apologetically to his destitute (believing) servant in this world – like a brother explaining himself to a brother

p: ۲9

Al-Mustadrak ۱/۱۴۱ h.۳ and Al-Majlisi: Bihar al-Anwar ۷۲/۵۲ h.۷۳ as quoted from Kitab -۱ al-Tamhis ۲۲ h.۸۱

^{.[}Al-Mustadrak 1/1. h.49, 1/196 h.4 [19 -1

saying, 'Nay, I swear by My Might and My Glory, I did not impoverish you to disgrace – you. Raise this veil and look at what I have given you in compensation for this world.' So, when the veil is removed for him and he sees what Allah has substituted for him in exchange for this world, he will exclaim, 'I have not been harmed, O Lord, seeing what
You have given me in exchange.'

:It has been narrated that Abu 'Abd Allah [a.s] said . 49

The best of 'gulps' is anger that is swallowed despite being unbearable; for the greatest reward comes with the greatest affliction. Allah never loved a people but (that He tried them (with afflictions).(Y

إنّ مِن عبادى المؤمنين لَعباداً لا يصلُح لهم أمرُ دينِهم إلّا بالغِنى والسّعهِ والصّحه في البدن؛ فأبلوهُم بالغنى والسّعه والصّحه في البدن فيصلُح لهم أمرُ دينهم.

:Abu 'Abd Allah [a.s] narrated that the Prophet [a.s] said: Allah [M.G] has said .**v

Amongst My believing servants there are those whose religious affairs are not set right except by wealth, affluence and health; so, I give them these as their lot that the .affairs of their religion may be set right

p: ٣٠

[.Al-Majlisi: Bihar al-Anwar ٧٢/۵٢ h.٢٠ [as quoted from Al-Kulayni: al-Kafi ٢/٢۶۴ h.١٨ - ١ Al-Mustadrak ١/١۴٠ h.٣۶, al-Hurr al-`Amili: Wasa`il al-Shi`ah ٢/٩٠٨ h.١٠ and ٨/۵٢٣ h.١, - ٢ Al-Majlisi: Bihar al-Anwar ٧١/۴٠٨ h.٢١ [as quoted from Al-Kulayni: al-Kafi ٢/١٠٩ h.٢.] and .Warram: Tanbih al-Khawatir wa Nuzhat al-Nawad'ir ٢/١٨٩ and Kitab al-Tamhis h.۶

بالفَقر والفاقه والمسكنهِ والسقم في أبدانهم فيصلح لهم عليه أمرُ دينِهم.

And amongst the servants there are those whose religious affairs are not set right except by hunger, poverty and disease; so, I afflict them with hunger, poverty and disease so that the affairs of their religion may be set right for them.

:It has been narrated that Abu 'Abd Allah [a.s] said .٣٨

Allah has taken a pledge from the believer that his words will be belied and that he would not be able to avenge himself against his enemy. (Y

إنّ الله (جلّ جلاله) إذا أحَبِّ عبداً غَثّه بالبلاء غثّاً وثَجّهُ بالبلاء ثَجّاً، فإذا دعاه قال: لبّيكَ عبدى، لبّيك عبدى، لئِن عجّلتُ لك ما سألتَ إنى على ذلك لقادرٌ، ولئِن ذخَرتُ لك فما أدّخرتُ لك خيرٌ لك.

:It has been narrated that Abu Ja'far [a.s] said . ٣٩

When Allah loves a person, He chokes him with afflictions until he is immersed in them completely and trials flow towards him copiously. Then when he calls out to Him, He (Allah) replies, 'I am here My servant, here I am! If I wished to hasten towards you what you are asking for, then indeed I am able to do it; but what I have amassed for (you (for the hereafter) is better for you.'<a href="toyou-

p: ٣1

The first statement of the narration has been recorded in Al-Majlisi: Bihar al-Anwar - \
[.vt/\text{rtv} h.\text{r} as quoted from Al-Kulayni: al-Kafi t/\$\text{f} h.\text{f}

Al-Majlisi: Bihar al-Anwar ۶۸/۲۱۵ h.۵ as quoted from Al-Kulayni: al-Kafi ۲/۲۴۹ h.۱ - ۲ Al-Mustadrak ۱/۳۵۶ h.۴. The first statements of the narration have been recorded in - ۳ ۱۴۱ of the same book. It has been also recorded in al-Hurr al-`Amili: Wasa`il al-Shi`ah ۲/۹۰۸ h.۱۵, Al-Majlisi: Bihar al-Anwar ۶۷/۲۰۸ h.۱۰ as quoted from Al-Kulayni: al-Kafi ۲/۲۵۳ .h.۷ and Kitab al-Tamhis h.۲۵

غَتْه بالبلاء غَثًا و ثَجه به ثَجّاً، وأنا وإيّاكم لنُصبح به ونمسى.

:It has been narrated that Abu Hamzah said that Abu 'Abd Allah [a.s] said . F.

إنّ الحواريّين شكَوا إلى عيسى ما يلقَونَ من الناسِ وشدّتهم عليهم، فقال: إنّ المؤمنينَ لم يزالوا مبغَضين وإيمانُهم كحَبِّه القَمح ما أحلى مذاقَها وأكثرَ عذابها.

:It is narrated that Abu 'Abd Allah [a.s] said . 41

It has been narrated that 'Abd al-A` la ibn A'yun said: I heard Abu 'Abd Allah [a.s] . * r :saying

If you intend to be my brothers and my companions, then prepare yourselves for _enmity and hatred of people otherwise, you are not my companions.<u>r</u>

۴۳ – عن محمد بن عجلان قال: كنت عند سيدى أبى عبد الله (ع): فشكى اليه رجل الحاجه، فقال: إصبر فإنّ الله (جلّ جلاله) يجعل لك فرجاً. ثم

p: ٣٢

Bihar al-Anwar ۶۷/۲۰۸ h.٩ as quoted from Al-Kulayni: al-Kafi ۲/۲۵۳ h.۶ with another series of narrators

Al-Tabrisi: Mishkat al-Anwar fi Ghurar al-Akhbar ۲۸۶ with a little bit difference -۲. Al-Tabrisi: Mishkat al-Anwar fi Ghurar al-Akhbar ۲۸۵ -۳. سكت ساعه، ثم أقبل على الرجل فقال: أخبرني عن سجن الكوفه كيف هو؟ قال: أصلحك الله ضيق منتن وأهله بأسوء حاله. فقال (ع): إنما أنتَ في السجن، تريد أن تكون في سعه. أما علمت أن الدنيا سجن المؤمن؟

۴۴ - عن أبي عبد الله (ع) قال

إِنَّ اللهَ إِذَا أَحَبِّ عبداً بعثَ إليه ملكاً فيقول: أسقِمْه وشدِّد البَلاء عَليه فإذا برَأ مِن شَئ فابْتَلِه لما هو أَشَدُّ منه، وقَوِّ علَيه حتى يذكُرنى، فإنى لا يذكرنى، فإنى لا أشتهى أن يذكرنى، فإنى لا أشتهى أن أسمع صوتَه.

:It is narrated that Abu 'Abd Allah [a.s] said . FF

Verily, when Allah loves a person, He sends him an angel saying, 'Strike him with disease and intensify afflictions on him; and every time he is relieved of one trial, afflict

p: ٣٣

Al-Majlisi: Bihar al-Anwar ۶۸/۲۱۹ h.۹ [as quoted from Al-Kulayni: al-Kafi ۲/۲۵۰ h.۶ with – ۱ another series of narrators] and Warram: Tanbih al-Khawatir wa Nuzhat al-Nawad'ir

with another that is more severe, and be hard on him – until he starts remembering Me, for I long to hear his supplications and his voice calling out to Me' And when He despises a person, He appoints him an angel and says, 'Keep him healthy and provide __(for him that he may not remember Me; for I do not wish to hear his voice.'_(1)

إنّ العبـدَ يكون له عِنـد ربّه درجَةٌ لاـ يبلُغُهـا بعَمَله فيُبتلى في جسـده أو يُصـاب في ماله أو يصاب في ولـده، فإنْ هو صَبر بَلّغَه الله إتّاها.

It has been narrated that Abu 'Abd Allah [a.s] said .۴۵.

A person may have a status with his Lord that he cannot attain to by his actions. Therefore, he is tried with his body or tried with his possessions, or he is tried with his children. And if he bears patience, Allah raises him to that status.

:It has been reported that Abu Ja'far [a.s] said that the Prophet [a.s] said . \$9

How wonderful the believer is! Whatever Allah decrees is always good for him. When the is afflicted, he bears patience and when he is bestowed, he gives thanks.

p: 44

.Al-Majlisi: Bihar al-Anwar ٩٣/٣٧١ h.١٣ [as quoted from Kitab al-Tamhis h.١١١ - ١

.Al-Tabrisi: Mishkat al-Anwar fi Ghurar al-Akhbar ۱۲۷ -۲

Al-Majlisi: Bihar al-Anwar ٧٠/١٨۴ [as quoted from Al-Tabrisi: Mishkat al-Anwar fi - ٣
.[Ghurar al-Akhbar ٢٢

سوطٍ في الدنيا فلا يعطيه إيراه ويسألهُ الآخرة فيُعطيه ما شاء، ويُعطى الكافرَ في الدنيا ما شاء ويسأل في الآخره موضع سوط فلا يُعطيه إيّاه.

:It has been reported that Abu Ja'far [a.s] said . fv

Allah gives this world to the one He loves as well as the one He despises. But He gives the hereafter only to the one He loves. And if a believer were to ask the Lord for a foot of land in this world, He may deny him; but if he were to ask for the hereafter, He would give him whatever he would wish. He gives the disbeliever whatever he wishes in this world but if he were to ask for a foot of land in the hereafter, He would not give that to him.

عبدى المؤمنُ لا أصرفه في شئ الآ جعلتُ ذلك خيراً له، فليرضَ بقضائي وليصبرْ على بلائي وليشكرْ على نعمائي أكتُبُه في الصدّيقين عندي.

:It has been related that Abu 'Abd Allah [a.s] said: Allah [M.G] says . FA

Whatever I divert and keep away from My believing servant, I make it good for him. So, let him be pleased with My decree, and let him bear patience over My trials, and let him give thanks over My blessings – and I shall record him amongst the truthful gones.

p: 3

Al-Tabrisi: Mishkat al-Anwar fi Ghurar al-Akhbar ۲۹, Al-Majlisi: Bihar al-Anwar ۷۲/۵۲ – ۱ h. ۷۹ and Kitab al-Tamhis h.۹۲.

Al-Hurr al-`Amili: Wasa`il al-Shi`ah ۲/۸۹۹ h.۲, Al-Majlisi: Bihar al-Anwar ۷۲/۳۳۰ h.۱۳ - ۲
.[as quoted from Al-Kulayni: al-Kafi ۲/۶۱ h.۶ and al-Mustadrak ۱/۱۳۷ h.۵

It has been narrated that Abu 'Abd Allah [a.s] said: The Messenger of Allah [a.s] . FA laughed once until his teeth were showing, 'Will you not ask me why I am laughing?'

.he asked. 'Indeed, O Messenger of Allah,' inquired the people

.ه. Abu 'Abd Allah [a.s] said.

Sometimes, a person has a certain level (reserved for him) with Allah that he does not attain except by one of two characteristics: either by an ailment in his body or by the does of his assets.

Chapter 7: The Exclusive Honors that Allah has Reserved for the Believers

۵۱ – عن زراره قال: سُيئل أبو عبد الله (ع) وأنا جالس عنده عن قول الله تعالى (مَن جَاء بِالْحَسَنَهِ فَلَهُ عَشْرُ أَمْثَالِهَا وَمَن جَاء بِالسَّيِّئَهِ فَلَا يُجْزَى إِلَّا مِثْلَهَا وَهُمْ لَا يُظْلَمُونَ (أيجرى لهؤلاء ممن لا يعرف منهم هذا الأمر؟ قال:

إنما هي للمؤمنينَ خاصه.

Zurarah narrated: I was seated in the presence of Abu 'Abd Allah [a.s] when he was .as asked concerning the words of Allah [M.G]: Whoever brings a good deed, he shall have ten like it... [Holy Quran 9/190], 'Does it apply to those whom do not confess

p: ٣9

al-Saduq: al-Amali ۴۳۹ h. ۱۵ and Warram: Tanbih al-Khawatir wa Nuzhat al-Nawad'ir ۲/۸۶, though with another series of narrators

Al-Mustadrak ۱/۱۴۱ h.۶, Al-Hurr al-`Amili: Wasa`il al-Shi`ah ۲/۹۰۷ h.۴, Al-Majlisi: Bihar -۲
.al-Anwar ۶۷/۲۱۵ h.۲۳ [as quoted from Al-Kulayni: al-Kafi ۲/۲۵۷ h.۲۳

'?(of this affair (of Wilayah

It is exclusively for believers, he replied or

۵۲ – عن يعقوب بن شعيب قال: سمعته يقول

ليس لأحدٍ على الله ثوابٌ على عمَل إلّا للمؤمنين.

:Ya'qub ibn Shu'aib reports: I heard him (Abu 'Abd Allah [a.s] saying .ar

إذا أحسن العبدُ المؤمن ضاعف الله له عملَه لكل عملٍ سبعمائه ضعف وذلك قولُ الله (جلّ جلاله) (مَّشَلُ الَّذِينَ يُنفِقُونَ أَمْوَالَهُمْ فِي سَبِيلِ اللّهِ كَمَثَلِ حَبّهٍ أَنبَتَتْ سَبْعَ سَنابِلَ فِي كُلِّ سُنبُلَهٍ مِّئَهُ حَبّهٍ وَاللّهُ يُضَاعِفُ لِمَن يَشَاء وَاللّهُ وَاسِعٌ عَلِيمٌ).

It has been reported that Abu 'Abd Allah [a.s] said .۵۳

When a believing servant does good, Allah multiplies for him his deed – for every deed seven hundred times; and that is the meaning of Allah's words: And Allah multiplies for whom He pleases. [Holy Quran ۲/۲۶۱](**

It has been reported that Abu 'Abd Allah [a.s] said .۵۴

A believer's light shines for the inhabitants of the heavens like stars shining for the .inhabitants of the earth

He also said: A believer is a friend of Allah; he helps Him and works for Him and he does not say concerning Allah anything but the truth; and he does not fear anyone other than Him

Al-Majlisi: Bihar al-Anwar 9V/94 h.A -1

Al-Majlisi: Bihar al-Anwar ۶٧/۶۴ h.٩ -٢

Al-Majlisi: Bihar al-Anwar 9v/94 h.1., 9A/14 h.41 and v4/411 h.14 with different series of -4 narrators, al-Hurr al-`Amili: Wasa`il al-Shi`ah 1/4. h.11 [as quoted from al-Tusi: al-.[Amali 14., Shaykh al-Saduq: Thawab al-A`mal 1.1 and Al-`Ayyashi: Tafsir 1/14v

إن المؤمنين ليلتَقيان فيتصافحانِ، فلا يزالُ الله عليهما مُقبلًا بوجهِه، والذنوبُ تتحاثُّ عن وجوههما حتى يفترقا.

He also said: When two believers meet and shake hands, Allah does not cease looking (at them and their sins continue to fall off them until they part.)

۵۵ – وعن أبي جعفر (ع) قال:

إنّ الله (جلّ جلاله) لا يوصَف، وكيف يوصَف وقد قال الله (جلّ جلاله): (وَمَا قَدَرُواْ اللّهَ حَقِّ قَدْرِهِ) فلا يوصف بقدر إلاّ كان أعظمَ من ذلك، وإنّ النبي (ص) لا يوصف. وكيف يوصَف عبدٌ رفعه الله (جلّ جلاله) إليه وقرّبه منه وجعل طاعته في الأرض كطاعته فقال (جلّ جلاله): (وَمَا آتَاكُمُ الرّسُولُ فَخُذُوهُ وَمَا نَهَاكُمْ عَنْهُ فَانتَهُوا) ومَن أطاع هذا فقد أطاعني، ومن عصاه فقد عصاني وفوض إليه؟ وإنّا لا نوصَ ف، وكيف يوصَف قومٌ رفع الله عنهم الرجس؟ - وهو الشِّرك - والمؤمن لا يوصف، وإنّ المؤمن ليلقي أخاه فيصافحه، فلا يزال الله (جلّ جلاله) ينظر إليهما، والذنوب تتحاتٌ عن وجوههما كما يتحات الورقٌ عن الشجره.

د. It has been related that Abu Ja'far [a.s] said .۵۵

Allah is beyond description, and how can He be described while He has said, 'And they did not estimate Allah with the estimation that is due to Him. [Holy Quran 9/41]' Thus, .He is greater than any description said to Him

The Prophet [a.s] is also beyond description; how can such a servant be described while Allah [M.G] has elevated and drawn him near to Himself making obedience to him on this earth like obedience to Himself! Thus, Allah [M.G] has said, 'Whatever the Messenger gives

P: WA

Al-Majlisi: Bihar al-Anwar ۶۷/۶۴ h.۱۱ and ۱۲. The last statements of the narration are –۱ .recorded in al-Mustadrak ۲/۹۶ h.۱۰

you, accept it; and from whatever he forbids you, keep back [Holy Quran ه٩/٧]' i.e. whoever has obeyed this (Prophet) has in fact obeyed Me and whoever has disobeyed him has disobeyed Me? We, too, are beyond description; for how can those from whom Allah has removed impurity, which is polytheism, be described? The believer is also beyond description. When a believer meets his brother in faith and shakes hands with him, Allah continues to gaze at them whilst sins fall off them like leaves falling off (a tree.()

۵۶ - عن مالك الجهني قال: دخلت على أبي جعفر (ع)، وقد حدثت نفسي بأشياء، فقال لي

يا مالك! أحسِن الظنّ بالله ولا تظنّ أنك مفرّطٌ في أمرك. يا مالك! إنّه لا تقدر على صفهِ رسول الله (ص) وكذلك لا تقدر على صفة رسول الله (جلّ جلاله) ينظر إليهما، على صفتنا وكذلك لا تقدر على صفه المؤمن. يا مالك! إنّ المؤمن يلقى أخاه فيصافحه، فلا يزال الله (جلّ جلاله) ينظر إليهما، والذنوب تتحات عن وجوههما حتى يفترقا وليس عليهما من الذنوب شئ، فكيف تقدر على صفه مَن هو هكذا؟

It has been related that Malik al-Juhni said: I visited Abu Ja'far [a.s] with some . 49 :thoughts in my mind. He preempted me saying

O Malik! Have a good opinion of Allah and do not imagine that you are excessive in your affair (of following the Ahl al-Bayt). O Malik, it is beyond your capacity to describe the Messenger of Allah [a.s] and similarly you cannot describe us and similarly you cannot describe a believer. O Malik, when a believer meets his brother

p: ٣٩

The last statements of the narration are recorded in al-Mustadrak 1/49 h.11. It is - 1 also recorded in Al-Majlisi: Bihar al-Anwar 90/40 h.19, al-Hurr al-`Amili: Wasa`il al-Shi`ah ٨/۵۵۴ h.4 [as quoted from Al-Kulayni: al-Kafi 1/1/11 h.19 with little difference

in faith) and shakes his hand, Allah does not stop gazing at them; and sins continue to) fall off them until they part without any sins on them. How then can you possibly (describe one who is (of) such (greatness before Allah)?()

ut has been reported that Abu 'Abd Allah [a.s] said .۵٧

When two believers meet, one hundred mercies are showered between them innety nine of these go to the one who loves the other more.

۵۸ – عن أبى عبيده قال: زاملت أبا جعفر (ع) إلى مكه، فكان إذا نزل صافحنى واذا ركب صافحنى، فقلت: جعلت فداك، كأنك ترى في هذا شيئاً؟ فقال:

نَعم، إن المؤمن إذا لقى أخاه فصافحه تفرّقا من غير ذنب.

فكما لا تقدر الخلائقُ على كُنه صفهِ الله (جلّ جلاله)، فكذلك لا تقدرُ على كُنه صِة فه رسولِ الله (ص)، وكما لا تقدر على كُنه صفه الرسول (ص)، كذلك لا تقدرُ على كنه صفه الإمام، وكما لا تقدر على

p: 4.

Al-Mustadrak ۲/۹۶ h.۱۲ while the first statements are on page ۲۶۹ h. ۱۵. It has been – ۱ also recorded in Al-Majlisi: Bihar al-Anwar ۷۶/۲۶ h.۱۶ [as quoted from Al-Kulayni: al-Kafi .۲/۱۸۰ h.۶ with little difference

Warram: Tanbih al-Khawatir wa Nuzhat al-Nawad'ir ۲/۱۹۸ and Ibn Fahad al-ºilli: - ۲ .`Uddat al-Da`i ۱۷۳ Al-Mustadrak ۲/۹۷ h.۴, Wasa`il al-Shi`ah ۸/۵۵۸ h.۲ and Al-Majlisi: Bihar al-Anwar ۶۷/۲۳ -۳
.h.۱۱ [as quoted from Al-Kulayni: al-Kafi ۲/۱۷۹ h.۱ with another series of narration

كُنه صفه الإمام كذلك لا يقدرون على كُنه صفه المؤمن.

الد. It has been narrated that Abu 'Abd Allah [a.s] said .۵٩

Just as people are not able to describe the real essence of Allah [M.G], similarly they cannot describe the true nature of the Messenger of Allah [a.s]; and just as they are unable to describe the true nature of the Messenger of Allah [a.s], similarly they cannot possibly grasp the essential being of an Imam; and just as they cannot possibly grasp the essential being of an Imam, similarly they can never understand (the true nature of a believer.)

مـا التَقى مؤمنانِ قطّ فتصافحا إلاّ كان أفضـلُهما إيماناً أشــدّهُما حُباً لِصاحبِه. وما التقى مؤمنان قطٌ فتصافحا وذكرا الله فيفترقا حتى يغفرَ الله لهما إن شاء الله.

:It has been related that Safwan al-Jammal said: I heard him (al-Sadiq [a.s]) saying .9.

Whenever two believers meet and shake hands, the more faithful of them would be the one who loved the other more. And no two believers ever met, shook hands, remembered Allah and then parted except that Allah forgave them.

يا محمّد، إنّ ربك يقول: مَن أهان عبدى المؤمنَ فقد استقبلنى بالمحاربه. وما تقرّبَ إلىّ عبدى المؤمن بمثل أداء الفرائض، وإنه ليتنفل لى حتى أحبه، فإذا أحببته كنتُ سمعَه الذى يسمع به وبصرَه الذى يُبصر به ويدَه التى يبطش بها ورجله التى يمشى بها. وما تردّدتُ فى شئ أنا فاعله كتردّدى فى موتِ

p: 41

.Al-Majlisi: Bihar al-Anwar 9v/98 h.18 -1

Al-Mustadrak ۲/۹۶ h.۱۳, Al-Majlisi: Bihar al-Anwar ۶۹/۲۵۰ h.۲۶ [as quoted from Al- - ۲ Kulayni: al-Kafi ۲/۱۲۷ h.۱۵ with another series of narration and little difference in the text] and ۷۴/۳۹۸ [as quoted from al-Barqi: al-Mahasin ۱/۲۶۳ h.۳۳۳] and al-Hurr al-`Amili: .[Wasa`il al-Shi`ah ۱۱/۶۳۹ h.۲ [as quoted from al-Barqi: al-Mahasin and al-Kafi

عبدى المؤمن؛ يكره الموتَ وأنا أكره مَساء ته. وإنّ من المؤمنين مَن لا يسعه إلّا الفقر، ولو حوّلتُه إلى الغنى كان شرّاً له، ومنهم مَن لا يسعه إلّا الغِنى ولو حوّلتُه إلى الفَقر لكان شرّاً له. وإنّ عبدى ليسألُني قَضاءَ الحاجه، فأمنعُه إيّاها لما هو خيرٌ له.

:It has been related that Abu 'Abd Allah [a.s] said .91

:Archangel Gabriel descended to the Prophet [a.s] and said

O Muhammad! Your Lord says: One who humiliates My believing servant confronts Me with war. My believing servant has never drawn closer to Me with anything better than fulfilling the obligatory acts; and indeed, he performs the supererogatory acts for Me until I love him. So, when I love him, I become his ears that he hears with, his eyes that he sees with, his hands that he grasps with and his legs that he walks with. There is nothing I hesitate in doing like in taking the life of My believing servant. He dislikes death and I dislike causing him pain. Yet amongst the believers there are some who will not be well except by destitution and if I were to surround them with wealth, it would be evil for them; and amongst them are some who are not well except in affluence and if I were to surround them with poverty, it would be evil for them. Sometimes, My servant asks Me to fulfill a need (he has), but I deny him (because of what is best for him.

۶۲ – وعن أبي جعفر (ع)

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Al-Mustadrak 1/1vv h.A and ٢/٣٠٢ h.Y. A similar narration is recorded in Al-Tabrisi: - \
.Mishkat al-Anwar fi Ghurar al-Akhbar ٣٢٢ as joined with h.YAF

.Al-Mustadrak \/\vv h.\; and in \/\vv h.\, the first statement is recorded -\v

.Al-Mustadrak 1/A9 h.1 -

A similar narration is recorded in al-Hurr al-`Amili: al-Jawahir al-Saniyyah ۱۲۲ -ه

قال: قال الله (جلّ جلاله)

مَن أهان لى وليًا فقد أرصَد لمحارَبتى. وما تقرّبَ إلىّ عبدٌ بمثل ما افترضتُ عليه، وإنّه ليتقرب إلىّ بالنافله حتى أُحبُّه، فإذا أحببتُه كنتُ سمعَه الذى يسمع به وبصَرَه الذى يُبصر به ويدَه التى يبطش بها ورِجله التى يمشى بها، إن دعانى أجبتُه وإن سألنى أعطيتُه. وما تردّدتُ في شئ أنا فاعلُه كترَدّدى في مَوت المؤمن؛ يكره الموتَ وأنا أكره مساءَ ته.

:It has been related that Abu Ja'far [a.s]: Allah [M.G] has said .97

One who humiliates My friend has prepared for a battle with Me. And a servant has never drawn close to Me with anything better than what I have made obligatory on him; and indeed, he draws closer to Me with supererogatory actions until I love him. And when I love him, I become his ears that he hears with, his eyes that he sees with, his hands that he grasps with and his legs that he walks with. If he calls upon Me, I answer him; and if He asks from Me, I grant him. There is nothing I hesitate in doing the life of a believer. He dislikes death and I dislike causing him pain.

٤٣ - عن أبي عبد الله (ع) قال: يقول الله (جلّ جلاله

مَن أهان لى وليًا فقد أرصَد لمحاربتي، وأنا أسرُع شئ في نُصره أوليائي، وما تردّدتُ في شئ أنا فاعلُه كتردُّدي في مَوتِ عبدي المؤمن إنى لأُحبُّ لقاءَ ه فيكرهُ الموتَ فأصرفه عنه، وإنّه ليسألُني فأُعطيه، وإنّه ليدعوني فأُجيبه، ولو لم يكن في الدّنيا إلّا عبدٌ

D: 44

The first and last statements of the narration are recorded in al-Mustadrak \/\/\/\/\/\/\/\ h.r, -\
r/\(r\) h.r. It is also recorded in Al-Majlisi: Bihar al-Anwar \\(\delta\)/\(\delta\) h.r\(\delta\). In al-Hurr al-`Amili:

Wasa`il al-Shi`ah \(\lambda\) h.\(r\) and \(r\)\(r\) h.\(\delta\) [as quoted from al-Kulayni: al-Kafi \(\rangle\) recorded separately

مؤمن لاستَغنَيتُ به عن جميع خلقي ولجعلتُ له من إيمانه أنساً لا يستوحش إلى أحدٍ.

:It has been reported that Abu 'Abd Allah [a.s] said: Allah [M.G] says .9%

One who humiliates My friend has set out to fight Me; and I am the swiftest in coming to My friends' aid. I do not hesitate in doing anything except in taking the life of My believing servant. I would love to meet him but he dislikes death; so, I avert it from him (for a while). He asks Me and I give him; he calls upon Me and I answer him. And if in this world there was none but one believing servant, he would suffice Me in place of all My other creation and I would make for him his faith a companion so that he would (never need the company of others.)

:It has been reported that Abu Ja'far [a.s] said .94

:It has been reported that Abu 'Abd Allah [a.s] said .96

(A believer dies with his sins forgiven; by Allah, all of them.

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Al-Majlisi: Bihar al-Anwar ۶۷/۶۵ h.۱۴. The first statements of the narration are - ۱ recorded in al-Mustadrak ۱/۸۶ h.۳ and joined to h.۱۸۵

.Al-Majlisi: Bihar al-Anwar ۶٧/۶۵ h.۱۵ -۲

Al-Majlisi: Bihar al-Anwar ۶۷/۶۵ h.۱۶ -۳

الصامت قال: دخلت على أبي عبد الله (ع)، فقال

يا أبا الصّامت، أبشِر ثم أبشِر ثم أبشِر.

ثم قال لى: يا أبا الصامت، إن الله (جلّ جلاله) يغفرُ للمؤمن وإنْ جاء بمثل ذا ومثل ذا (وأومى إلى القباب قلت: وإن جاء بمثل تلك القباب، إى والله.

It has been related that Abu al–Samit said: I visited Abu 'Abd Allah [a.s] and he said .99 (to me), 'O Abu al–Samit, glad tidings, glad tidings again, and again glad tidings.' Then he said to me, 'O Abu al–Samit, most surely Allah forgives a believer even if he were to come (to Him) with sins like of this and like of that' and he pointed to the domes. 'Even if he were to come with sins of a magnitude like those domes?' I asked. 'Indeed, by "Allah, even if it were like those domes, indeed, by Allah,' he repeated twice

9٧ - وعن أبى جعفر (ع) قال: قلت بمكه له: إن لى حاجه، فقال: تلقانى بمكه، فلقيته فقلت: يا بن رسول الله إن لى حاجه؟ فقال: تلقانى بمنى، فلقيته بمنى فقلت: يا بن رسول الله إنى كنت أذنبت ذنبا فيما بينى وبين الله (جلّ جلاله)، لم يطلع عليه أحد، وأجلك أن أستقبلك به، فقال

إذا كانَ يوم القيامه تجلّى الله (جلّ جلاله) لعبدِه المؤمنِ فيوقِفُه على ذنوبه ذنباً ذنباً ثم يغفِرها له، لا يطّلعُ على ذلك ملكُ مقرّب ولا نبيٌّ مرسل.

:It has been reported that a companion said .9v

p: 40

I met Abu Ja'far [a.s] and said to him, 'I have a request.' He answered, 'Meet me in Makkah.' So, I met him there and said, 'Son of Allah's Messenger, I have a request?' 'Meet me in Mina,' he replied. So, I met him in Mina and said, 'Son of Allah's Messenger, I have a request.' 'Tell me of your request', he said. 'Son of Allah's Messenger, I have committed a sin that is only between me and Allah. No one else '.knows of it. And I hold you in too high an esteem to reveal it before you

On the Day of Resurrection', Abu Ja'far [a.s] responded, 'Allah will manifest (His' Presence) to His believing servant and recount for him his sins one by one. Then He will pardon them for him. None shall know of this, neither an archangel nor a prophet '.ever sent

According to another tradition, the Imam continued, 'And He will conceal for him his sins that he hates to see revealed. Then He shall say to his sins: Transform to good deeds! And that is the meaning of the words of Allah: '... So, these are they of whom Allah changes their evil deeds to good ones. [Holy Quran Ya/V·]'(1)

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Al-Majlisi: Bihar al-Anwar <a href="https://tosa.nc.nlm.nc

المؤمنَ لَيدعو في حاجته فيقول الله (جلّ جلاله): أخّروا حاجته شوقاً إلى صوته، فاذا كان يوم القيامه قال الله (جلّ جلاله): دعوتني في كذا وكذا فأخّرتُ إجابتَك، وثوابُك كذا وكذا، قال: فَيتمنيّ المؤمن أنه لم يُستجب له دعوه في الدنيا فيما يرى من حُسن الثّواب.

:It has been reported that Abu 'Abd Allah [a.s] said .9A

A disbeliever calls out (for his needs) and Allah says, 'Hasten his wish to him,' out of aversion for his voice. And a believer supplicates for his needs and Allah says, 'Delay his wish,' out of a longing for his voice. So, on the Day of Resurrection, Allah will say (to the believer), 'You asked Me for such-and-such and I delayed answering you; so, your reward (for the delay) is such-and-such.' A believer will at that time wish any of his supplications had been never answered in the world when he sees how excellent the (reward is.())

۶۹ – وعن أبي عبد الله (ع) قال

إنّ المؤمن إذا دعا الله (جلّ جلاله) أجابه.

فشخص بصرى نحوه إعجابا بها قال، فقال

إنّ الله واسعٌ لخلقه.

:It has been reported that Abu 'Abd Allah [a.s] said .94

.Indeed, when a believer calls upon Allah, He replies him

:The reporter) said: I stared at him in amazement. Then the Imam [a.s] said)

(Indeed, Allah bestows amply on His creatures.(*)

٧٠ - وعن ابن أبي البلاد، عن أبيه، عن بعض أهل العلم قال

إذا مات المؤمن صعد ملكاه فقالا: يا ربّ مات فلان، فيقول: إنزلا، فصلّيا عليه عند قبره وهلّلاني وكبراني إلى يوم القيامه واكتُبا ما تعملان له. Al-Majlisi: Bihar al-Anwar ۹۳/۳۷۴ as quoted from Ibn Fahad al-°illi: `Uddat al-Da`i - ۱ .۱۸۸

Al-Majlisi: Bihar al-Anwar ۶۷/۶۵ h.۱۷ -۲

It has been reported that Abu al-Bilad from his father, from one of the scholars that :he said

:It has been reported that Abu 'Abd Allah [a.s] said .v\

A believer's dream is a part of seventy parts of prophethood. And amongst them are some who have been given one-third.

:It has been reported that Abu 'Abd Allah [a.s] said .vr

When Allah loves a person, He safeguards him, places contentment in his soul and sets aside reward as his lot. And when He despises him, He leaves him to his own soul and fixes want as his destiny.

:Ibn Abu al-Bilad reported that Abu 'Abd Allah [a.s] said .vr

A person sometimes supplicates and the Lord [M.G] says, 'O Gabriel, withhold his need.' So, he suspends it (the

.Al-Majlisi: Bihar al-Anwar ۶٧/۶۶ h.١٨ -١

Al-Majlisi: Bihar al-Anwar ۶۱/۱۹۱ h.۵۹ and ۶۱/۱۷۷ h.۴۰ as quoted from al-Kulayni: al- - ۲

.Kafi ۸/۹۰ h.۵۸ with a little difference

A`lam al-Din ۲۲۹ -۳

prayer) between the heavens and the earth out of the yearning of Allah to hear his (voice.()

:It has been reported that Abu 'Abd Allah [a.s] said .ve

Allah [M.G] created the essence of a believer from the essence of the Prophets. Thus, (it can never become wicked.(*)

It has been related that Safwan al-Jammal said: I heard Abu 'Abd Allah [a.s] saying .٧٥.

The death of a believer leaves a gap in religion.

:It has been reported that Abu 'Abd Allah [a.s] said .v9

:It has been reported that Abu 'Abd Allah [a.s] said .vv

Allah drives away a believer from what He dislikes just like a man who chases away a stray camel that does not belong to his

p: 49

Al-Hurr al-`Amili: Wasa`il al-Shi`ah ۴/۱۱۳ h.v [as quoted from Ibn Fahad al-oilli: - ۱ .`Uddat al-Da`i ۲۵

Al-Mustadrak 1/19% h.1. A similar narration is recorded in Al-Majlisi: Bihar al-Anwar - Y 6/776 h.1 and 90/97 h.17 as quoted from Al-Barqi: al-Mahasin 1/177 h.7 and al-Kulayni: al-Kafi 7/77 h.7

.A`lam al-Din ۲۷۰ -۳

.Al-Majlisi: Bihar al-Anwar 9v/99 h. ۲۰ - ۴

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:It has been reported that Abu Ja'far [a.s] said .v.

When two believers meet and shake hands, Allah puts His Hand in between and it is shaken by the one who loves the other the most. (*)

:It has been reported that Abu 'Abd Allah [a.s] said .v4

Just as there is nothing to gain from polytheism, there is nothing to lose with faith.

:It has been reported that Abu Ja'far [a.s] said: Allah [M.G] says . A.

There is nothing I hesitate to do like taking the soul of My believing servant for I would love to meet him whilst he despises death; so, I conceal it from him. If there was none on the earth except one believer, he would suffice for Me instead of all My creation and I would make for him from his faith a companion so that he too would need the company of no one.

- .Al-Majlisi: Bihar al-Anwar 9V/99 h.Y\ -\
- Al-Mustadrak ۲/۹۶ h.۱۴, al-Hurr al-`Amili: Wasa`il al-Shi`ah ۸/۵۵۴ h.۶, al-Majlisi: Bihar -۲ al-Anwar ۷۶/۲۴ h.۱۲ as quoted from al-Kulayni: al-Kafi ۲/۱۷۹ h.۲ with little difference
 - .Al-Majlisi: Bihar al-Anwar 9V/99 h.YY -\
- Al-Majlisi: Bihar al-Anwar \$\(\rho\\)/\$\(\rho\) h.\(\rho\) h.\(\rho\) h.\(\rho\) as quoted from al-Barqi: al--\(\rho\)
 Mahasin \(\rangle\)/\(\rho\) h.\(\rho\) h.\(\rho\) al-Majlisi: Bihar al-Anwar \$\(\rho\)/\(\rho\) h.\(\rho\) as quoted from al-Kulayni: al-Kafi \(\rho\)/\(\rho\) h.\(\rho\) with another series of .narration

الأحرضِ فيغيبُ عنه بواكيه إلاّـ بَكَتهُ بِقـاع الأرض التي كان يعبـدُ الله عليها وبَكَتهُ أثوابُه وبَكَته أبوابُ السـماء التي كان يصـعد بها عمله، وبَكاه الملكان المُوكِّلان به.

:It has been reported that Abu 'Abd Allah [a.s] said .^1

Any believer who dies in isolation and there is no one to mourn him, that spot of the earth where he used to worship Allah mourns for him, his garments weep for him, the portals of the heavens through which his deeds used to ascend weep for him and the two angels appointed to him cry for him.two

:It has been narrated that one of them (al-Baqir or al-Sadiq [a.s]) said .\r

Verily, the sins of a believer are forgiven. So, let the believer make a fresh start. But (this privilege is only for the people of faith (ahl al-iman).(this privilege is only for the people of faith (ahl al-iman).

إنّ الله (جلّ جلاله) خلقَ خلقاً ضنّ بهم عن البلاء، خَلَقهم في عافيه وأحياهم في عافيه وأماتهم في عافيه وأدخَلهم الجنّه في عافيه.

:It has been reported that Ishaq ibn 'Ammar said: I heard him (al-Sadiq [a.s]) saying Am

Allah has (some) creatures that He keeps away from trials. He creates them in well-being, gives them life in well-being, grasps their souls in well-being and causes them to enter Paradise in well-being.

Chapter **T:** The bond that Allah has set amongst the believers

المؤمنون إخوة

Al-Majlisi: Bihar al-Anwar ۶۷/۶۶ h.۲۴ and al-Hurr al-`Amili: Wasa`il al-Shi`ah ۸/۲۵۰ h.۳ -۱ as quoted from al-Barqi: al-Mahasin ۲/۳۷۰ h.۱۲۴, Shaykh al-Saduq: Man La Yahd'uruhu .al-Faqih ۲/۲۹۹ h. ۲۵۱۰ and Shaykh al-Saduq: Thawab al-A`mal ۲۰۲ with little difference .Al-Majlisi: Bihar al-Anwar ۶۷/۶۷ h.۲۵ -۲

.Al-Kulayni: al-Kafi ۲/۴۶۲ h.۲ -۳

بنو أبِ وأُمّ، فإذا ضرب على رجُل منهم عرقٌ سهر الآخرون.

:It has been reported that Abu 'Abd Allah [a.s] said . Af

Believers are like brothers from one father and mother; when one of them is struck,

(the others lose sleep.()

٨٥ - وعن أحدهما (ع) أنه قال

المؤمِن أخو المؤمن كالجسَدِ الواحد، إذا سقط منه شيٌّ تَداعي سائرُ الجسد.

دلا. It has been reported that Abu Ja'far or Abu 'Abd Allah [a.s] said. هد

Believers are brothers of one another, like one physical body from which when one part is lost, the whole body becomes affected.

۸۶ – وعن أبي عبد الله (ع) أنه قال

المؤمن أخو المؤمن كالجسد الواحد، إذا اشتكى شيئاً منه وُجد ألمُ ذلك في سائر جسده لأنّ أرواحهم مِن روح الله تعالى، وإنّ روح المؤمن لأشدُّ اتصالاً بروح الله من اتصال شعاع الشمس بها.

:It has been reported that Abu 'Abd Allah [a.s] said A9

A believer is a brother to (another) believer like one body; when one part of it suffers, the pain is found all over the body; for their souls are from the Spirit of Allah [M.G]. The soul of a believer has a stronger bond to the Spirit of Allah than the bond of Sun rays (to the Sun.(**

۸۷ – عن جابر عن أبى جعفر (ع)، قال: تنفست بين يـديه، ثم قلت: يا بن رسول الله، همٌّ يصـيبنى من غير مصـيبه تصـيبنى أو أمر ين_زل بى حتى تعرف ذلك يا بن رسول الله؟ قال: وما تصنع به؟

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Al-Majlisi: Bihar al-Anwar ٧٤/٢۶٤ h.٤ and Al-Kulayni: al-Kafi ٢/١۶۵ h.١ -١

Al-Majlisi: Bihar al-Anwar ۷۴/۲۷۳ h.۱۵ -۲

Al-Majlisi: Bihar al-Anwar vf/t9h h.h and Al-Kulayni: al-Kafi t/199 h.f and t/tvv h. 4 as -# quoted from Shaykh al-Mufid: al-Ikhtisas t9. In al-Majlisi: Bihar al-Anwar 91/14h h.t6, it is quoted from al-Kulayni: al-Kafi, al-Ikhtisas and Shaykh al-Saduq: Musadaqat al-Ikhwan #. h.t

قلت: احب أن أعلمه. فقال

يا جابرُ، إنّ الله (جلّ جلاله) خلقَ المؤمنين من طينِ الجنانِ وأجرى بهم مِن ريح الجنّه روحَه، فكذلك المؤمنُ أخو المؤمن لأبيه وأمّه، فإذا أصاب روحاً من تلك الأرواح في بلده من البلدان شيٌّ حزنت هذه الأرواح لأنّها منها.

:Jabir reported .AV

I sighed in the presence of Abu Ja'far [a.s] and said, 'Son of Allah's Messenger, sometimes I feel afflicted for no apparent reason or I am overcome with a condition of grief such that my family and friends see it on my face.' 'Indeed, Jabir,' he replied. 'Why is that, O son of Allah's Messenger? I asked. 'What will you do knowing it?' he .asked. 'I would love to know,' I replied

O Jabir,' he then said, 'Allah [M.G] created the believers from the earth of Paradise' and brought about their souls from the breeze of Paradise. Believers are thus full brothers; so, when one soul amongst this group of souls is afflicted in any place, the great are depressed, for they are one.'(1)

٨٨ - وعن أبي جعفر (ع) قال

المؤمن أخو المؤمن لأبيه وأمّه لأنّ الله (جلّ جلاله) خلقَ المؤمنين مِن طين الجِنان وأجرى في صوَرِهم من ريحِ الجنان، فلـذلك هم إخوه لأبٍ وأُم.

:It has been reported that Abu Ja'far [a.s] said .M

Believers are full brothers. That is because Allah [M.G] created the believers from the earth of Paradise and brought about their forms from the breeze of Paradise. For that reason, they are full brothers.

٨٩ – وعن أبى عبد الله (ع) قال

الأرواحُ جنودٌ مجنّده

p: 54

.Kulayni: al-Kafi ۲/۱۶۶ h.۲ and al-Barqi: al-Mahasin ١/١٣٣ h.١٠

Al-Kulayni: al-Kafi ۲/۱۶۶ h.v, Al-Majlisi: Bihar al-Anwar ۷۴/۲۷۱ h.۱۱, ۷۴/۲۷۶ h.۸ as quoted -۲ .from al-Barqi: al-Mahasin ١/١٣۴ h.١٢

تلتقى فتتشامّ كما تتشام الخيلُ، فما تعارف منها ائتلفَ وما تناكرَ منها اختلفَ. ولو أن مؤمناً جاءَ إلى مسجدٍ فيه أناسٌ كثير ليس فيهم إلّا مؤمنٌ واحد لمالت روحُه إلى ذلك المؤمن حتى يجلسَ إليه.

:It has been reported that Abu 'Abd Allah [a.s] said . A

Souls are grouped in batches; they look out for each other like horses. They feel familiar with those whom they know well and disagree with those whom they disapprove of. If a believer entered a mosque filled with people amongst whom there was but one another believer, his soul would incline towards that believer until he would go and sit besides him.

لا والله، لا يكونُ المؤمن مؤمناً أبداً حتى يكونَ لأخيه مثل الجسدِ إذا ضرب عليه عرقٌ واحد تداعت له سائرُ عروقه.

:It has been reported that Abu 'Abd Allah [a.s] said .4.

Nay, by Allah! A believer is not a true believer ever until he acts as the body of his brother; when one vein in it is struck, it evokes the rest of the body.

:It has been reported that Abu 'Abd Allah [a.s] said .41

For everything, there is a thing that gives it comfort; and a believer finds rest in the company of his fellow believer just as a bird finds comfort amongst its own kind.

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[.]Al-Majlisi: Bihar al-Anwar ٧٩/٢٧٣ h.١۶ -١

.Al-Majlisi: Bihar al-Anwar ۷۴/۲۷۴ h.۱۸ -۳

تعاطُفِهم كمثل الجسدِ إذا اشتكى تداعى له سائرُه بالسّهر والحُمّى.

:It has been reported that Abu 'Abd Allah [a.s] said .97

The believers in their reverence, affection and compassion for each other are like one (body; when it falls ill, it affects all over with restlessness and fever."()

Chapter **f**: The Rights of a Believer on a Fellow Believers

۴ - باب حق المؤمن على أخيه

9٣ - عن المعلى بن خنيس قال: قلت لأبي عبد الله (ع) ما حق المؤمن على المؤمن؟ قال: إنى عليك شفيق، إنى أخاف أن تعلم ولا تعمل وتضيع ولا تحفظ قال: فقلت: لاحول ولا قوه إلا بالله. قال

لِلمؤمنِ على المؤمن سبعة حقوق واجبه، وليس منها حق إلا وهو واجب على أخيه؛ إنْ ضيّع منها حقاً خرج من ولايه الله وترك طاعته ولم يكن له فيها نصيبٌ. أيسرُ حقٍ منها أن تحِبٌ له ما تحبٌ لنفسك وأن تكره له ما تكرهه لنفسك. والثانى أن تُعينه بنفسة ك ومالة ك ولله وتطبع أمره. والرابع أنْ تكونَ عينه ودليله بنفسة ك ومالة ك ولسانة عنه ويحرى والثالث أن تتبع رضاه وتجتنب سخطه وتطبع أمره. والرابع أنْ تكونَ عينه ودليله ومِر آته. والخامسُ أن لا تشبع ويجوع وتروى ويظمأ وتكتسى ويعرى. والسادسُ أن يكونَ لك خادمٌ وليس له خادمٌ ولك امرأة تقوم عليه؛ أنْ تبعث خادم ك يغسل ثيابه ويصنع طعامه ويهئ فراشه. والسابعُ أن تبررٌ قسمه وتُجيبَ دعوته وتعودَ مرضته وتشهدَ جنازته، وإن كانت له حاجة تبادرُ مبادرة إلى قضائها ولا تكلّفه أن يسألكها، فاذا فعلتَ ذلك وصَلتَ ولايتَك لولايته وولايتَه بولايتِك.

It has been reported that al-Mu'alla ibn Khunays said: I said to Abu 'Abd Allah [a.s], .٩٣ '?'What is the right of a believer on a fellow believer

p: ۵۵

.Al-Majlisi: Bihar al-Anwar v۴/۲۷۴ h.۱٩ and al-Mustadrak ۲/۴۱۰ -۱

I feel sympathy for you,' he replied, 'I fear that you would know and not act upon it' and you would neglect it and not safeguard it.' I said, 'There is no power and no '!strength except with Allah

Believers have seven obligatory rights incumbent on each other,' Abu 'Abd Allah [a.s] said, 'each of these rights are mandatory on brothers-in-faith to fulfill. If he (a believer) omits any right from these, he has come out of the guardianship of Allah and has forsaken obedience to Him. The simplest of these rights is that you should love for him (your brother-in-faith) what you love for yourself and you should despise for him .what you despise for yourself

The second is that you should help him with your self, your wealth, your tongue, your hands and your feet. The third is that you should pursue what pleases him and avoid his displeasure and obey his command. The fourth is that you should be his eyes, his guide and his mirror. The fifth is that you should not fill your stomach whilst he is hungry, you should not be quenched whilst he is thirsty and you should not clothe .yourself whilst he is naked

The sixth is that if you should have a servant whilst he does not have one and you should have a maid to serve you and he does not have a maid to serve him; you should send over your servant to wash his clothes and prepare his food

and bedding. The seventh is that you keep his vows, answer his calls, respond when he invites you, visit him when he is ill and accompany his bier; and if he should have a .need, you should rush to fulfill it and not give him the trouble to ask you for it

When you have done all these, then your friendship unites with his friendship and his .friendship with yours

Another tradition has reported that Mu'alla said that the Imam added, 'When you have done that, your friendship is then joined to his; and his friendship is joined to (Allah's.'(1))

9۴ – عن عيسى بن أبى منصور قال: كنت عند أبى عبد الله (ع) أنا وعبد الله بن أبى يعفور وعبد الله بن طلحه، فقال (ع) إبتداء: يا ابن أبى يعفور، قال رسول الله (ص)

سِتٌّ خصالٍ مَن كُنّ فيه كان بين يدى الله (جلّ جلاله) وعن يمين الله (جلّ جلاله

قال ابن أبي يعفور: وما هي؟ جعلت فداك. قال

يُحبّ المرءُ المسلم لأخيه ما يُحبِّ لأعزّ أهله ويكره المرءُ المسلم لأخيه ما يكره لأعزّ أهله ويناصحه الولايه.

فبكي ابن أبي يعفور وقال: كيف يناصحه الولايه؟ قال

يـا ابن أبى يعفور، إذا كـان منه بتلـك الم<u>ن ز</u>له بَثّه همّهُ؛ هَمّ لهمِّه وفرِحَ لفرحِه إنْ هو فرحَ وحزنَ لحُزنِه إنْ هو حزنَ فـإنْ كـان عندَه ما يفَرّجُ عنهُ فرّجَ عنه وإلاّ دعا الله له.

It has been related that 'Isa ibn Abu Mansur said: 'Abd Allah ibn Abu Ya'fur, 'Abd . ٩٠ Allah ibn Talha

p: ۵۷

Al-Mustadrak ۲/۹۳ h.۱۱, Shaykh al-Mufid: al-Ikhtisas ۲۶ and ۲۳۸ h.۴۰, al-Majlisi: Bihar – ۱ al-Anwar ۷۴/۲۲۴ h.۱۲ [as quoted from Shaykh al-Saduq: al-Khisal ۳۵۰ h.۲۶, Shaykh al.Tusi: al-Amali ۱/۹۵ h. ۳, al-Kulayni: al-Kafi ۲/۱۶۹ h.۲ and Ibn Zahrah: al-Arba`un h.۲۰

:and I were with Abu 'Abd Allah [a.s] when he spoke unprompted

O Ibn Abu Ya'fur, the Messenger of Allah [a.s] has said: One who has six qualities shall' be (placed) before Allah [M.G] and on His right side.' 'May I be ransomed for you! What .are they?" asked Ibn Abu Ya'fur

The Imam [a.s] said, 'The first is that a Muslim should love for his brother-in-faith what he loves for the dearest person in his family; and a Muslim should detest for his '.brother what he detests for the dearest in his family; and he should be sincere to him

'?At this point, Ibn Abu Ya'fur wept and asked, 'How should he be sincere to him

O' Ibn Abu Ya'fur,' the Imam [a.s] responded, 'when the brother-in-faith is in a state' of anxiety, he should share his anxiety; and if he is joyful, he should share his joy. If he is grieved, he should share his grief; and if he is able to relieve him of distress, he .should do so, otherwise he should pray to Allah for him

قال: ثم قال أبو عبد الله (ع)

ثلاثٌ لكم وثلاثٌ لنا: أنْ تعرِفوا فضلَنا وأنْ تطَأوا أعقابَنا وتنظُروا عاقبتَنا، فمَن كان هكذا كان بين يَدَى الله فيستضع بنورِهم مَن هو أسفلُ منهُم، فأمّا الّذين عن يمين الله فلو أنهُم يراهم مَن دونهم لم يُهنّئهم العيشَ ممّا يرَون من فضلِهم.

فقال ابن أبى يعفور: ما لهم فما يرونهم وهم عن يمين الله! قال

يا ابن أبي يعفور، إنهم محجوبون بنور الله. أما بلَغَك حديث أنّ رسول الله (ص) كان

p: ۵۸

يقولُ: إنّ المؤمنين عن يمين الله وبين يدى الله، وجوهُهم أبيضُ من الثّلج وأضوَء من الشمسِ الضّاحيه، فيسألُ السائلُ:مَن هؤلاء؟ فيقال: هؤلاءِ الذين تحابّوا في جلال الله.

Then, Abu 'Abd Allah [a.s] said, 'These three qualities are for you and the remaining three qualities are for us: you should recognize our superiority, you should tread in our footsteps, and you should await for our future rule. So, whoever has had all these qualities shall be before Allah; and by their radiance, those below them will be illumined. As for those who shall be on the right side of Allah, they shall be such that if others happen to see their status, they would find life unbearable because of what '.they would witness of the former's superiority

So, Ibn Abu Ya'fur asked, 'Why would they not be seen by others if they were on the '?right side of Allah

٩٥ – وعن أبي عبد الله (ع) قال

والله، ما عُبدَ الله بشئ أفضلَ من أداء حقّ المؤمن. إنّ المؤمن أفضلُ حقًّا مِن الكعبهِ.

هه. It has been

p: 59

Al-Mustadrak ۲/۹۳ h.۱۲, al-Hurr al-`Amili: Wasa`il al-Shi`ah ۸/۵۴۲ h.۳ and al-Majlisi: - ۱
Bihar al-Anwar ۷۴/۲۵۱ h.۴۷ [as quoted from al-Kulayni: al-Kafi ۲/۱۷۲ h.۹ with little
[.difference

:reported that Abu 'Abd Allah [a.s] said

By Allah (I swear), never has Allah been worshipped with anything better than fulfilling (the rights of a believer. A believer has more rights than the Ka'bah.

And he said: "A believer is the brother of the other believer; his eyes and his guide. He neither cheats him nor deserts him. (*) And of the rights of a Muslim on another Muslim is that he should not eat his fill while his brother is hungry, he should not drink water while his brother is thirsty and should not dress himself while his brother has no __(clothes. How great the right of a Muslim on his Muslim brother is !(**)

وقال: أحبِب لأخيكَ المُسلمِ ما تحِبّ لنَفسكَ، وإذا احتَجتَ فَسَلُهُ، وإذا سألك فأعطِه، ولا تمله خيراً ولا يمله لك، كُن له ظهيراً فإنّه لك ظهيرً، إذا غاب فاحفَظْه في غَيبته، وإنْ شهِدَ زُرهُ وأَجلِلهُ وأكرِمْه، فإنّه منك وأنت منه، وإن كان عاتباً فلا تفارِقْه حتى تَسلّ سخيمتَه، وإنْ أصابه خيرٌ فاحمدِ الله (جلّ جلاله)، وإن ابتُليَ فأعطِه، وتحَمّل عنه وأعِنهُ.

The Imam [a.s] also said: "Love for your Muslim brother what you love for yourself. If you are in need, ask him; and when he asks you, give him. Do not tire doing good to him as he does not tire for you. Be a

p: 9.

[[]Al-Majlisi: Bihar al-Anwar ۱۳۰۱۲ [as quoted from Shaykh al-Mufid: al-Ikhtisas ۱۳ –۱ Al-Majlisi: Bihar al-Anwar ۱۴۰۲۱۱ h.۶۷ [as quoted from Shaykh al-Mufid: al-Ikhtisas – ۲]

^{.[}Al-Majlisi: Bihar al-Anwar < / ry \ h. \ [as quoted from Shaykh al-Mufid: al-Ikhtisas \ r - \ - \ r

support to him for he is a support to you. When he is away, safeguard his interests in his absence; and when he is present, visit him, show him respect and honor him, for he is from you and you are from him. If he is angry with you, do not leave him until you have removed his resentment. If good befalls him, thank Allah; and if he is afflicted, compensate him, relieve him of it and help him.

:It has been reported that Abu 'Abd Allah [a.s] said .49

A believer is a brother to another believer and it is his right that he should counsel him, sympathize with him and prevent his enemies from harming him.

:It has been reported that Abu 'Abd Allah [a.s] said .9v

:It has been reported that Abu 'Abd Allah [a.s] said: The Prophet [a.s] said . 4.

A Muslim is a brother to the other Muslim; he must not betray him, desert him, disgrace him, excommunicate him nor backbite him.

Al-Majlisi: Bihar al-Anwar vf/tmf h.fm, al-Hurr al-`Amili: Wasa`il al-Shi`ah ٨/۵۴۵ h.٨ - ١
[as quoted from al-Kulayni: al-Kafi ٢/١٧٠ h.۵, Shaykh al-Saduq: al-Amali ١٩۴, Shaykh al.[Mufid: al-Ikhtisas fr and al-Mustadrak ٢/٩٢ h.m.

.Al-Mustadrak Y/4Y h.F and FYY h.F -Y

Al-Mustadrak ۲/۹۲ h.۱ [as quoted from Ibn al-Razi al-«laqi, al-Ghayat ۷۲], al-Hurr al-
`Amili: Wasa`il al-Shi`ah ٨/۵۴٢ h.1, al-Majlisi: Bihar al-Anwar ٧۴/۲۴٣ h.۴٢ [as quoted

.[from al-Kulayni: al-Kafi ٢/١٧٠ h.۴]

.Al-Mustadrak ۲/۹۲ h.۵ -۴

وإنْ ماتَ شهِدَ جَنازتَه.

:It has been reported that Abu 'Abd Allah [a.s] said .99

Amongst the rights of a Muslim is that when he sneezes, Allah's Name be invoked (to bless him); if he is in pain, he should be relieved of it; if he is sick, he should be visited; and if he dies, his bier should be accompanied.

١٠٠ - وعن أبى جعفر (ع) قال: إن نفراً من المسلمين خرجوا فى سفر لهم، فأضلوا الطريق فأصابهم عطش شديد فتيمموا ولزموا أصول الشجر، فجاء هم شيخ عليه ثياب بيض، فقال: قوموا، لا بأس عليكم، هذا الماء قال: فقاموا وشربوا فأرووا فقالوا له: من أنت رحمك الله؟ قال: أنا من الجن الذين بايعوا رسول الله (ص)، إنى سمعته يقول:

المُؤمنُ أخو المؤمنِ عينُه ودليلُه.

فلم تكونوا تضيعوا بحضرتي.

:It has been reported that Abu Ja'far [a.s] said

A group of Muslims left on a journey and lost their way. They were overcome with severe thirst; they began using the earth for ablution and sought shelter under a tree. An old man dressed in white came to them and said, 'Rise. You have nothing to worry about. Here is water.' So, they rose and drank until their thirst was quenched. They then asked, 'Who are you, may Allah have mercy on you?' He said, 'I am of the Jinn who paid allegiance to the Messenger of Allah [a.s]. I heard him saying, 'A believer is a brother to a believer, his eyes and his guide.' So, it is not right for you to perish in my

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.Al-Mustadrak Y/97 h.9 and VY h.7 - 1

_presence.'()

۱۰۱ - عن سماعه قال: سألته عن قوم عندهم فضول وبإخوانهم حاجه شديده وليس تسعهم الزكاه، وما يسعهم أن يشبعوا ويجوع إ خوانهم، فان الزمان شديد، فقال

المُسلمُ أخو المسلم؛ لا يظلمُه ولا يخذلُه ولا يحرمُه، ويحقُّ على المسلمين الاجتهادُ له والتّواصُلُ على العطف والمُواساهُ لأهلِ الحاجهِ والتّعطّفُ مِنكم، يكونونَ على أمرِ الله رُحماءَ بينهم مُتراحمين مُهِمّين لما غابَ عنكُم من أمرِهم، على ما مَضى عليه معشرُ الأنصار على عهدِ رسولِ الله صلّى الله عليه و آلِه.

It has been narrated that Suma'ah said: I asked him concerning people who have ... excess wealth whilst their brothers-in-faith have a severe need; and the money from the zakat did not suffice them; and it was not proper that they were satiated while :their brothers remained hungry. For the times were hard. So, the Imam [a.s] said

A Muslim is the brother of the other Muslim. He does not do injustice to him nor does he desert him or deprive him. It is the duty of Muslims to strive for him (i.e. the poor Muslim), to be sympathetic and to help those in need. They should be merciful to each other as Allah has commanded them just as the community of Ansar during the era of the Messenger of Allah [a.s].(Y

۱۰۲ - وعنه (ع) قال: سألناه عن الرجل لا يكون عنده إلا قوت يومه، ومنهم من عنده قوت شهر ومنهم من عنده قوت سنه، أيعطف من عنده قوت يوم على من ليس عنده شئ، ومن عنده قوت شهر على من دونه ومن عنده قوت سنه

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Al-Mustadrak ۲/۹۲ h.9 and v۲ h.v and al-Majlisi: Bihar al-Anwar v۴/۲۷۲ h.۱۳ and 9٣/۷۱ - ۱.
[h.۱۵ [as quoted from al-Kulayni: al-Kafi ۲/۱۶۷ h.۱۰

The first part of the narration is recorded in al-Mustadrak Y/4Y h. A while the other -Y part is on page 46 h.1 as well as al-Majlisi: Bihar al-Anwar VF/Y69 h.6T al-Hurr al-`Amili:

.[Wasa`il al-Shi`ah A/6FY h.Y [as quoted from al-Kulayni: al-Kafi Y/1VF h.16]

على من دونه على نحو ذلك، وذلك كله الكفاف الذي لا يلام عليه فقال (ع)

هُما أمرانِ، أفضلُكم فيه أحرصُكم على الرّغبَه فيه والأثَره على نفسه. إنّ الله (جلّ جلاله) يقولُ: ﴿ وَيُؤْثِرُونَ عَلَى أَنفُسِهِمْ وَلَوْ كَانَ بِهِمْ خَصَاصَةٌ ﴾ وإلّا لا يُلام عليه، واليدُ العليا خير من اليد السفلي، ويبدأ بمن يعول.

It has been narrated that the Imam [a.s] was asked, 'There are some among us who have only one day's food with them while some others have one month's food with them. But some of us have one year's food with them. Now, should those men who have one day's food give their food to those who have none or those who have '?one month's food to those who have only one day's food and so on

The Imam [a.s] said, 'There is no obligation; but those who are benevolent are superior. Allah says about His chosen creatures: 'They prefer others to their own selves even if they themselves need it. [Holy Quran ۵٩/٩]' If someone does not like to be benevolent, he will be condemned. But the hand which gives is superior to that which takes. Charity should begin with the nearest one.'(1)

١٠٣ - وعن أبي جعفر (ع) قال

أيجئ أحدُكم إلى أخيهِ فيُدخِلُ يدَه في كيسه فيأخذُ حاجتَهُ فلا يدفعُه؟

فقلت: ما أعرف ذلك فينا، قال: فقال أبوجعفر (ع)

فلا شَئ إذَن.

قلت: فالهلكه إذا! قال

إنَّ القَومَ لم يُعطَوا أحلامَهم بعدُ.

:It has been reported that Abu Ja'far [a.s] asked . ۱ · ۳

Does any of you come to his brother, put his

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'?hand in his pocket and takes what he wants; and the other one does not stop him

I (the narrator) said, 'I do not know of that (happening) amongst us.' So, Abu Ja'far '.[a.s] said, 'Then (you have achieved) nothing

.Then (we are) doomed!' I exclaimed'

The community (of believers) have not attained maturity in their understanding yet,"

(he remarked.()

قيل: وما التمحل؟ قال

إذا كان وجهُك آثرَ عن وجهِه التمستَ لهُ.

وقال (ع) في قول الله (جلّ جلاله): ﴿ وَيُؤْثِرُونَ عَلَى أَنفُسِهِمْ وَلَوْ كَانَ بِهِمْ خَصَاصَهُ ﴾ قال

لا تستأثِر عليهِ بما هو أحوجُ إلَيه منكَ.

:It has been reported that Amir al-Mu'minin [a.s] said .1. F

Allah, in His Book, has made forbearance obligatory on the righteous.' Some asked,'
'?'What does forbearance constitute

It is when you request others for those who are less needy than you yourself,' he' replied.(٢

Concerning the words of Allah [M.G]: 'They prefer others to themselves even if they themselves are needy [Holy Quran ۵٩/٩],' he [a.s] said, 'Do not prefer yourself to him (i.e. your brother-in-faith) in what he is in greater need of than you.'(**

إنّ المُسلمَ أخو المسلم؛ لا يظلِمُه ولا يخذُلُه ولا يعيبُه ولا يغتابُه ولا يحرِمُه ولا يخونُه.

It has been reported that Abu 'Abd Allah [a.s] said ۱۰۵.

A Muslim is a brother to the other Muslim; he must not do injustice to him, desert him, disgrace him, backbite him, deprive him nor cheat him.

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Al-Mustadrak ۱/۵۳۹ h.۵, al-Hurr al-`Amili: Wasa`il al-Shi`ah ۶/۲۹۹ h.۵ and ۳/۴۲۴ h.۲ – ۱ .[and al-Majlisi: Bihar al-Anwar ۷۴/۲۵۴ h.۵) [as quoted from al-Kulayni: al-Kafi ۲/۱۷۳ h.۱۳ Al-Mustadrak ۱/۵۳۹ h.۲ and ۲/۴۱۱ h.۱, al-Majlisi: Bihar al-Anwar ۷۴/۲۴۵ h.۵), ۷۴/۲۲۲ h.۶, – ۲ .al-Qummi: al-Tafsir ۱۰۴ and al-Hurr al-`Amili: Wasa`il al-Shi`ah ۱۱/۵۹۴ h.۲

.Al-Mustadrak 1/649 h.Y -4

Al-Majlisi: Bihar al-Anwar ۱۹/۲۷۳ h.۱۴ and al-Hurr al-`Amili: Wasa`il al-Shi`ah ۸/۵۹۷ - ۴ .h.۵ as quoted from al-Kulayni: al-Kafi ۲/۱۶۷ h.۱۱ مِن الحقِّ أن يُسلّمَ عليه إذا لقِيَهُ ويعودُه إذا مرِضَ وينصَحُ له إذا غابَ ويُسَمّتُه إذا عطسَ ويُجيبُه إذا دعاه ويُشيّعُه إذا ماتَ.

He also said: It is the right of a Muslim on his (Muslim) brother that he greets him when they meet, comes to see him when he is ill, guards his interest in his absence, blesses him when he sneezes, answers him when he calls him and attends his funeral when the dies.

يا أبا إسماعيل، أرأيتَ فيمن قبلَكُم إذا كان الرجِ لُ ليس عنده رِداءٌ وعند بعض إخوانه فَضلُ رداءٍ أيطرحُه عَليه حتى يُصيبَ رداءً؟

قال: قلت: لا، قال

فإذا كان ليسَ له إزارٌ أيُرسِلُ إلَيه بعضُ إخوانِه بإزار حتى يُصيبَ إزاراً؟ قلت: لا، فضرب يده على فخذه، ثم قال

ما هؤلاءِ بإخوان.

It has been related that Abu Ja'far [a.s] said to Abu Isma'il, 'O Abu Isma'il: do your . \(\cdot \eta \) acquaintances who possess an excess dress give it to their friend who does not possess any until he would possess one?' 'No,' I replied. 'What if such a person does not possess a loincloth; will they send him one until he would be able to possess one?' he asked. 'No,' I replied. He then slapped his hand on his thigh and said, 'These are <a href="tel:(true) the content of the co

Chapter 4: The Reward of Helping a Believer, Relieving Him of Distress And Showing Him Kindness

۵ - باب ثواب قضاء حاجه المؤمن وتنفيس كربه وإدخال الرفق عليه

١٠٧ - عن أبي عبد الله (ع) قال

مَن مَشي لامرئٍ مُسلمٍ في حاجتِه فنصَحَه فيها كتبَ الله له بكُلّ خُطوهٍ حسنة

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.ለ/۴۵٩ h.ነ as quoted from al-Kulayni: al-Kafi ፕ/۶۵۳ h.ነ; yet with little difference .Warram: Tanbih al-Khawatir wa Nuzhat al-Nawad'ir ፕ/۸۵ -ፕ ومحى عنه سيّئةً، قُضيَتِ الحاجهُ أم لم تُقضَ. فإنْ لم ينصَحْه فقَد خانَ الله ورسولَه وكانَ رسولُ الله (ص) خصمَه.

:It has been reported that Abu 'Abd Allah [a.s] said . \ \ v

One who goes along with a Muslim to help him and counsels him accordingly, Allah will write for him, for every step (he takes), a good deed and erases from him a misdeed regardless of whether he succeeds in helping him or not. If he does not counsel him sincerely, then he has betrayed Allah and His Messenger, and it is the Messenger of Allah [a.s] who will litigate against him.

:It has been narrated that Abu 'Abd Allah said . \.A

Allah has elected some people from His creation for fulfilling the needs of the destitute amongst the Shi'ah of 'Ali [a.s] that He may reward them for that with (Paradise.(*

:It has been reported that Abu 'Abd Allah [a.s] said . 1.4

Any believer who relieves a distress from another believer, Allah will relieve seventy distresses from him, of the distresses of the world and the distresses of the Day of .Resurrection

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.from al-Suri: Qad'a` al-ouquq with little difference

Al-Mustadrak ۲/۴۰۶ h.a, al-Majlisi: Bihar al-Anwar ۷۴/۳۲۳ h.٩١ and al-Hurr al-`Amili: - ۲
Wasa`il al-Shi`ah ١١/۵٧۶ h.۲ as quoted from al-Kulayni: al-Kafi ٢/١٩٣ h.۲; yet with little
.difference in the series of narration

يخلفها في الدّنيا والآخِره.

He also said: One who brings ease to a believer in straitened circumstances, Allah will make easy for him the needs of the world and the hereafter; and one who hides the fault of a believer, Allah will conceal seventy faults that he leaves behind, in the world and in the hereafter.

He also said: Indeed, Allah continues to aid a believer as long as he continues to aid his fellow believer; therefore, benefit from the exhortation and seek the good (of doing (this).ch/

مَن خَطا في حاجَهِ أخيه المسلمِ بخطوَهٍ كتَبَ الله له بها عَشرَ حَسناتٍ وكانَت له خيراً مِن عِتقِ عَشرَ رقاب وصيامِ شَهرٍ وَاعتكافِه في المسجد الحَرام.

:It has been reported that Abu Ja'far [a.s] said . 11.

:It has been reported that Abu 'Abd Allah [a.s] said . \ \ \

To fulfill the need of a believer is better than providing one thousand horses in the way of Allah and freeing one thousand slaves.

Al-Mustadrak ۲/۴۰۸ h.۱ as quoted from al-Kulayni: al-Kafi ۲/۲۰۰ h.۵. A similar narration – ۱ is recorded in al-Majlisi: Bihar al-Anwar ۷۴/۳۲۲ h.۸۹ and ۷۵/۲۰ h.۱۶, Shaykh al-Saduq: .Thawab al-A`mal ۱۶۳ h.۱ and al-Hurr al-`Amili: Wasa`il al-Shi`ah ۱۱/۵۸۶ h.۲

.Al-Mustadrak ۲/۴۰۸ h.Y -Y

Al-Mustadrak ۲/۴۰۷ h.۲ (۲۶), al-Majlisi: Bihar al-Anwar ۷۴/۳۲۴ h.۹۲, al-Hurr al-`Amili: - ۳
Wasa`il al-Shi`ah ۱۱/۵۸۰ h.۱ [as quoted from al-Kulayni: al-Kafi ۲/۱۹۳ h.۳], Shaykh al.Mufid: al-Ikhtisas ۲۱ and Shaykh al-Saduq: Musadaqat al-Ikhwan ۳۸ h.۳

He also said: If any believer goes out to help his brother, Allah writes for him a good deed for every step (he takes) and erases from him a sin and elevates him a (degree.

And any believer who relieves his fellow believer of a distress, Allah will relieve him of a distress in the hereafter. And if any believer comes to the aid of one who is oppressed, that would be better than fasting for a whole month and performing i'tikaf in the Sacred Mosque (in Makkah).(Y

۱۱۲ – عن نصر بن قابوس قال: قلت لأبي الحسن الماضي (ع): بلغني عن أبيك أنه أتاه آتٍ فاستعان به على حاجته، فذُكِر له أنه معتكف، فأتى الحسن (ع)، فذكر له ذلك، فقال:

أما عَلمْتَ أنّ المشي في حاجهِ المؤمن خَيرٌ من اعتِكافِ شَهرين مُتتابعَين في المَسجدِ الحرام بصِيامِهما.

It has been related that Nasr ibn Qabus said: I said to Abu al-Hasan (Imam al-.)\text{Imam [a.s]}, 'I have come to know that someone once came to your grandfather (Imam Al-Husayn [a.s]) asking for help, but he was informed that he (Al-Husayn) was in a state of i'tikaf. So, he came to al-Hasan [a.s] and mentioned it to him. Al-Hasan said, 'You should have known that

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Al-Mustadrak ۲/۴۰۷ h.۲ (۲۷), al-Majlisi: Bihar al-Anwar ۷۴/۳۳۳ h.۱۰۹, al-Hurr al-`Amili: - ۱
Wasa`il al-Shi`ah ۱۱/۵۸۳ h.۵ [as quoted from al-Kulayni: al-Kafi ۲/۱۹۷ h.۵] and Shaykh
al-Mufid: al-Ikhtisas ۲۲. A similar narration with is recorded in al-Majlisi: Bihar alAnwar ۷۴/۳۱۱

Al-Mustadrak ۲/۴۰۸ h.۲, al-Majlisi: Bihar al-Anwar ۷۴/۳۱۱ as quoted from Shaykh al- - ۲
.Mufid: al-Ikhtisas ۲۲

going to help a believer is better than two consecutive months of i'tikaf in the Sacred
'.Mosque (in Makkah) whilst fasting for these two months

ثم قال أبو الحسن (ع)

ومِن إعتكاف الدهر.

Abu al-Hasan [a.s] added, 'Moreover, it is better than performing i'tikaf for the whole (lifetime.'(1)

117 – وعن رجل من حلوان قال: كنت أطوف بالبيت، فأتانى رجل من أصحابنا فسألنى قرض دينارين، وكنت قد طفت خمسه أشواط، فقلت له: أتم اسبوعى ثم أخرج، فلما دخلت فى السادس إعتمد على أبو عبد الله (ع)، و وضع يده على منكبى، قال: فاتممت سبعى ودخلت فى الآخر لاعتماد أبى عبد الله (ع) على، فكنت كلما جئت إلى الركن أوما إلى الرجل، فقال أبو عبد الله (ع): من كان هذا يؤمى إليك؟ قلت: جعلت فداك هذا رجل من مواليك، سألنى قرض دينارين، قلت: اتم أسبوعى وأخرج إليك، قال: فدفعنى أبو عبد الله (ع) وقال: إذهب فأعطهما إياه، فظننت أنه قال: فأعطهما إياه لقولى قد أنعمت له، فلما كان من الغد دخلت عليه وعنده عده من أصحابنا يحدثهم، فلما رآنى قطع الحديث وقال

لَأَنْ أمشىَ مع أخ لى فى حاجه حتى أقضى له أحَبُّ إلىّ مِن أن أعتقَ ألفَ نسَه وأحمِلَ على ألفِ فرسٍ فى سبيل الله مُسرّجهً ملحمةً.

It has been reported that a man from Hulwan said: I was circumambulating the . \\nu Sacred House (i.e. the Ka'bah) when a man came to me from amongst our companions and asked me to lend him two Dinars. I had completed five rounds and '.said to him, 'when I finish my seven rounds, I will come out

p: ٧.

.Al-Mustadrak ۲/۴٠٨ h.۶ and al-Majlisi: Bihar al-Anwar ۷۴/۲۳۵ h.۱۲۳ -۱

When I started the sixth round, I was approached by Abu 'Abd Allah [a.s]. He put his hand on my shoulder (circumambulating with me). I finished my seven and started another round because Abu 'Abd Allah [a.s] was leaning on me; and every time I passed the Rukn, the man waiting for the loan signaled to me

Abu 'Abd Allah [a.s] thus said to me, 'who is that man beckoning you?' 'May I be ransomed for you,' I said, 'this is one of your associates. He asked me for a loan of two Dinars and I asked him to wait until I finish my seven rounds.' Abu 'Abd Allah [a.s] said, 'Go and give it to him.' Anyhow, I thought he said so because I had promised the man; but the next day, I visited him when he was encompassed by a group amongst our companions to whom he was talking. When he saw me, he interrupted his speech and said, 'For me, to walk with my brother in his need until I fulfill it for him is more preferable than freeing one thousand slaves and providing one thousand horses in the way of Allah, all saddled and reined (i.e. fully equipped).'

It has been reported that Abu Ja'far [a.s] said that the Messenger of Allah [a.s]. 114 :said

One who makes a believer happy has in fact made me happy; and

p: ٧1

Al-Mustadrak ۲/۱۵۲ h.m and al-Majlisi: Bihar al-Anwar ۷۴/۳۱۵ as quoted from al-Suri: - ۱
.Qad'a` al-ouquq

one who makes me happy has in fact made Allah happy.

١١٥ - عن مسمع قال: سمعت الصادق (ع) يقول

It has been related that Musmi' said: I heard al-Sadiq [a.s] saying ۱۱۵.

Whoever relieves a believer of a worldly anxiety, Allah will dispel from him a distress of the hereafter and he will come forth from his grave whilst he is delighted."(Y

وفي روايه ابن عمار: وقضى له سته آلاف حاجه.

:It has been reported that Abu 'Abd Allah [a.s] said .119

One who circumambulates around this House (i.e. the Ka'bah) seven times, Allah will write for him six thousand good deeds and erase six thousand misdeeds and elevate (him six thousand degrees.(rg)

'According to Ibn 'Ammar's narration, 'And fulfill for him six thousand needs

:Then Abu 'Abd Allah [a.s] said

Fulfilling the need of a believer is better than circumambulating and .circumambulating..." he repeated ten times

لَقضاءُ حاجهِ المؤمن خَير من عِتق ألف نسمَه ومن حملان ألف فَرَس في سبيل الله.

:Abu 'Abd Allah [a.s] also said . 11V

Fulfilling the need of a believer is better than freeing one thousand slaves and better than providing one thousand

p: vv

Al-Mustadrak ۲/۴۰۴ h.۲, al-Majlisi: Bihar al-Anwar ۷۴/۲۸۷ h.۱۴, al-Hurr al-`Amili: - ۱
Wasa`il al-Shi`ah ۱۱/۵۶۹ h.۱ [as quoted from al-Kulayni: al-Kafi ۲/۱۸۸ h.۱] and Shaykh
.al-Saduq: Musadaqat al-Ikhwan ۵۲ h.۹

Al-Mustadrak ۲/۴۰۸ h.m, al-Majlisi: Bihar al-Anwar ۷/۱۹۸ h.v1, ۷۴/۳۲۱ h.xv [as quoted - ۲ from al-Kulayni: al-Kafi ۲/۱۹۹ h.m], ۷۴/۳۸۶ h.۱۰۵ and ۷۵/۲۲ h.۲m [as quoted from Shaykh al-Saduq: Thawab al-A`mal ۱۷۹ h.۱] and al-Hurr al-`Amili: Wasa`il al-Shi`ah ۱۱/۵۸۷ h.۴ Al-Mustadrak ۲/۱۴۷ h.۵, al-Majlisi: Bihar al-Anwar ۷۴/۳۲۶ h.۹۵ and ۹۷ and al-Hurr al- - m. [`Amili: Wasa`il al-Shi`ah ۱۱/۵۸۱ h.m and ۴ [as quoted from al-Kulayni: al-Kafi ۲/۱۹۴ h.۶

(horses in the way of Allah.(1

:It has been reported that Abu Ja'far [a.s] said . WA

:It has been reported that Abu 'Abd Allah [a.s] said .119

If any believer asks his fellow brother to help him and he refuses while he is able to do, Allah will impose on him a serpent in his grave to bite his fingers.

:It has been reported that Abu Ja'far [a.s] said . 17.

One who fulfils a need for his Muslim brother, Allah records for him ten good deeds and erases from him ten misdeeds and elevates him ten degrees and it is equal to freeing ten slaves and fasting and i'tikaf in the Sacred Mosque for one month."

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.The same as the first statement of narration No. 111 -1

Al-Mustadrak ۲/۴۰۶ h.۶, al-Majlisi: Bihar al-Anwar ۷۴/۲۸۵ h.۸ [as quoted from - ۲ al-oimyari al-Qummi: Qurb al-Isnad ۱۹], ۷۴/۳۰۵ h.۵۴ [as quoted from Shaykh al-Saduq: Thawab al-A`mal ۲۲۳], ۷۴/۳۱۲ h.۶۸ [as quoted from Shaykh al-Mufid: al-Ikhtisas ۱۸۴], ۷۴/۳۲۶ h.۹۶ [as quoted from al-Kulayni: al-Kafi ۲/۱۹۴ h.۷] and al-Hurr al-`Amili: Wasa`il .al-Shi`ah ۱۱/۵۷۶ h.۴

Al-Mustadrak ۲/۴۰۶ h.v, al-Majlisi: Bihar al-Anwar ۲۴/۳۱۹ [as quoted from Ibn Fahad -۳ al-°illi: `Uddat al-Da`i ۱۷۸], ۷۵/۱۷۷ h.۱۳ [as quoted from Shaykh al-Saduq: al-Amali ۲/۲۷۸ .h.۳۶] and Warram: Tanbih al-Khawatir wa Nuzhat al-Nawad'ir ۲/۸۰

.Al-Mustadrak Y/F·V h. - F

الصدر.

:It has been related that al-Sadiq [a.s] said . \r\

One who relieves a distress from his Muslim brother, Allah will remove a distress from him.on.the.com of Resurrection and he shall come forth from his grave delighted.

١٢٢ - وعن أبي إبراهيم الكاظم (ع) قال

مَن فرِّجَ عن أخيه المسلم كُربةً فرّج الله عنه كُربه يوم القيامه.

:It has been related that Abu Ibrahim Musa al-Kad'im [a.s] said . ۱۲۲

One who relieves his Muslim brother of a distress, Allah will compensate him for it (by relieving him) of a distress on the Day of Resurrection. (r

١٢٣ – وعن أبي جعفر (ع) قال: فيما ناجي الله به عبدَه موسى بن عمران أن قال:

إنّ لي عِباداً أُبيحهُم جنّتي وأحكّمُهم فيها.

قال موسى: يا رب من هؤلاء الذين تبيحهم جنتك وتحكمهم فيها؟ قال

مَن أدخل على مؤمنٍ سروراً.

ثم قال:إنّ مؤمناً كان في مملكه جبار وكان مولعا به فهرب منه إلى دار الشرك، ونزل برجل من أهل الشرك فألطفه وأرفقه وأضافه. فلما حضره الموت، أوحى الله عزو جل إليه

وعِزّتي وجلالي، لو كان في جنتي مسكَنٌ لمِشرِكٍ لأسكنتُكَ فيها، ولكنّها مُحرِّمةٌ على مَن مات مشركاً، ولكن يا نارُ هارِبيه ولا تُؤذيه.

قال: ويؤتى برزقه طرفى النهار، قلت: من الجنه؟ قال: أو من حيث شاء الله عز وجل.

Allah confided to His servant Musa ibn 'Imran (Prophet Moses), 'For some of My servants, I shall open up My Paradise and make them rulers in it.' 'Lord,' asked Musa, 'who are these for whom You shall open up Your Paradise and cause them

.Al-Mustadrak ۲/۴۰۸ h.۴ -۱

Al-Majlisi: Bihar al-Anwar ٧٩/٢٣٣ as quoted from al-Suri: Qad'a` al-ouquq -۲

'?to dominate therein

.One who brings joy to a believer,' He replied'

:Then Abu Ja'far [a.s] said

There was a believer who lived in fear under the rule of a tyrant. He therefore fled to a land of polytheists and put down with a person who befriended, showed compassion and aided him. When the polytheist died, Allah revealed to him saying, 'By My Might and My Glory I swear, if there was a place in My Paradise for a polytheist, I would have made you to abide therein, but Paradise is forbidden to one who dies as '.polytheist. So, I will order the Fire of hell to evade tormenting him

'.Abu Ja'far [a.s] added, 'He will be given his sustenance twice a day

.Will it be from Paradise?' I asked

Or from wherever Allah pleases,' the Imam replied. \(\ldots \)'

مَن قضىي لِمسلم حاجةً كتب الله له عشرَ حسناتٍ ومحى عنه عشرَ سيئاتٍ ورفع له عشر درجات وأظلّه الله (جلّ جلاله) في ظِلّه يوم لا ظلّ إلّا ظِلّه.

:It has been reported that Abu 'Abd Allah [a.s] said . \ YF

Whoever fulfils a Muslim's need, Allah shall write for him ten good deeds, erase from him ten misdeeds, elevate him ten degrees, and Allah shall cover him under His shade on the Day when there is no shade except His. (Y

Abu Hamzah reported that one of the two (al-Baqir or al-Sadiq) [a.s] said ١٢٥.

If any Muslim

Al-Mustadrak ۲/۴۰۴ h.m, al-Majlisi: Bihar al-Anwar ۷۴/۲۸۸ h.۱۶ [as quoted from al- 1 Kulayni: al-Kafi ۲/۱۸۸ h.m] and ۷۴/۳۰۶ h.۵۷ [as quoted from Qasas al-Anbiya` ۱۲۵ h.۲۸]. The first statement of the narration is recorded in al-Majlisi: Bihar al-Anwar ۱۳/۳۵۶ h.۵۹ [as quoted from al-Kulayni: al-Kafi] and Shaykh al-Saduq: Musadaqat al-Ikhwan ۵۲ h.۹, .and the last statement is in ۸/۳۱۴ h.۹۲

Al-Mustadrak ۲/۴۰۶ h.۸, and al-Hurr al-`Amili: Wasa`il al-Shi`ah ۱۱/۵۷۹ h.۱۲ as quoted -۲ .from Shaykh al-Saduq: Musadaqat al-Ikhwan ۴۰ h.۴ gives a concession to another Muslim in trade, Allah will grant him an exemption from (the chastisement of the Day of Resurrection.()

مَن أَدخَل على مؤمن سُروراً خلقَ الله (جلّ جلاله) من ذلك السّرور خلقاً فيلقاه عندَ مَوته فيقول له: أبشِر يا وَليّ الله بكَرامهٍ من الله ورضوانٍ منه، ثمّ لا يزالُ معهُ حتى يـدخُلَ قبرَهُ فيقول له مثلَ ذلكَ، فإذا بُعثَ تلقّاه فيقولُ له مثلَ ذلك فلا يزالُ معَه في كلِّ هَولٍ يُبشّرُه ويقولُ له مثلَ ذلك، فيقولُ له: مَن أنت رحمَكَ الله؟ فيقول: أنا السّرورُ الذي أدخَلتَ على فلان.

:It has been reported that Abu 'Abd Allah [a.s] said . 149

Whoever brings joy to a believer, Allah creates from that joy a creature that meets him at his death and says to him, 'Enjoy glad tidings! O friend of Allah with honor from Allah and pleasure.' Then it remains with him until he enters the grave and it says the same to him. When he is resurrected, it will meet him and say the same to him. Thus, it will not cease to be in his company, giving him glad tidings at every stage of horror and it will say to him the same words as before. So, the man will say to it, 'Who are you, may Allah have mercy on you?' 'I am the happiness that you brought to so-and-(so,' it will reply.(r

p: ٧9

Al-Hurr al-`Amili: Wasa`il al-Shi`ah ۱۲/۲۸۷ h.۴ [as quoted from Shaykh al-Saduq: al- -1 Muqanna` ٩٨] and ١٢/٢٨۶ h. ٢ [as quoted from al-Kulayni: al-Kafi ٢٥/١٥٣], Shaykh al-Tusi: al-Tahdhib ٧/٨ h.٢۶ and Shaykh al-Saduq: Man La Yahd'uruhu al-Faqih ٣/١٩۶ h. ٣٧٣٨ and .Musadaqat al-Ikhwan ۶۶ h.1

Al-Mustadrak ۲/۴۰۴ h.۴, al-Majlisi: Bihar al-Anwar ۷۴/۲۹۶ h.۲۵ and al-Hurr al-`Amili: - ۲
Wasa`il al-Shi`ah ۱۱/۵۷۱ h.۹ [as quoted from al-Kulayni: al-Kafi ۲/۱۹۲ h.۱۲ and Shaykh
.[al-Saduq: Thawab al-A`mal ۱۸۰

المؤمِن من إشباع جوعَته أو تنفيسِ كُربَته أو قَضاءِ دَينِه.

:It has been reported that Abu 'Abd Allah [a.s] said . \ YY

Amongst the deeds most loved by Allah are (for a person) to bring joy to his fellow (believer by satiating his hunger, relieving his distress or paying off his debt.(1)

مَ<u>ن</u> أكرمَ أخاه المسلمَ بمجلسٍ يكرِمُه أو بكلمهٍ يلطّفه بها أو حاجه يكفيه إياها لم يزلْ في ظلٍّ منَ الملائكِ ما كان بتلكَ المَ<u>ن</u> زلهِ.

:It has been reported that Abu Ja'far [a.s] said: The Messenger of Allah [a.s] said . \\

When one honors his Muslim brother in a gathering or speaks words of benevolence to him or helps him in a need, he continues to remain under the shade of the angels as long as he is in that state. (Y) 1990

إنّ مِن عبادى مَن يتقرِّبُ إليّ بالحسنه فأحكمُه بالجنه.

قال: يا رب وما هذه الحسنه؟ قال

It has been reported that Abu 'Abd Allah [a.s] said: Allah revealed to Musa ibn . \\
'Imran

Amongst My servants, I decree Paradise for one who draws near to Me by a certain .good deed

'?O Lord,' Musa [a.s] asked, 'what is this good deed'

This is bringing joy to a believer,' He replied. 47

مَشَى المسلِم في حاجهِ المسلم خيرٌ مِن سبعين طَوافاً بالبيت الحَرام.

:It has been reported that Abu 'Abd Allah [a.s] said .\\

The walking of

p: **vv**

Al-Mustadrak ۲/۴۰۴ h.۶, al-Majlisi: Bihar al-Anwar ۷۴/۲۹۷ h.۲۹ and al-Hurr al-`Amili: - 1 Wasa`il al-Shi`ah ۱۱/۵۷۰ h.۶ [as quoted from al-Kulayni: al-Kafi ۲/۱۹۲ h.1۶], al-Majlisi: Bihar al-Anwar ۷۴/۳۶۵ h.۳۷ and al-Hurr al-`Amili: Wasa`il al-Shi`ah ۶/۳۲۸ h.۳ [as quoted from Shaykh al-Tusi: al-Tahdhib ۴/۱۱۰ h.۵۲ and al-Kulayni: al-Kafi ۴/۵۱ h.۷] with little difference; al-Majlisi: Bihar al-Anwar ۷۴/۲۸۳ h.۲ and al-Hurr al-`Amili: Wasa`il al-Shi`ah ۱۱/۵۷۵ h.۲۰ [as quoted from al-oimyari al-Qummi: Qurb al-Isnad ۶۸] and Shaykh al-Saduq: Musadaqat al-Ikhwan ۲۴ h.۲ with little difference

Al-Mustadrak ۲/۴۰۴ h.v, al-Majlisi: Bihar al-Anwar ۱۳/۳۰۶ h.۵۶ [as quoted from al- ۲ Rawandi: Qasas al-Anbiya` ۱۲۵ h.۲۷], ۷۴/۳۲۹ h.۱۰۱ and al-Hurr al-`Amili: Wasa`il al-Shi`ah ۱۱/۵۷۸ h.۸ [as quoted from al-Kulayni: al-Kafi ۲/۱۹۵ h.۱۲ with little differences in .the texts

a Muslim in fulfilling the need of a fellow Muslim is better than seventy (circumambulations of the Sacred House (i.e. Ka'bah).(1)

:It has been reported that Abu 'Abd Allah [a.s] said . 1871

(Indeed, of the actions loved by Allah is bringing happiness to a Muslim.(*)

١٣٢ - عن صفوان قال: كنت عند أبى عبد الله (ع) يوم الترويه فدخل عليه ميمون القداح، فشكى إليه عذر الكراء، فقال لى: قُم فأعِنْ أخاك، فخرجت معه فيسر الله له الكراء، فرجعت إلى مجلسى، فقال لى: ما صنعت فى حاجه أخيك المسلم؟ قلت: قضاها الله تعالى، فقال

أما إنَّك إنْ تُعِنْ أخاك أحبُّ إلىّ من طواف أسبوعٍ بالكعبه.

ثم قال: إن رجلاً أتى الحسن بن على (ع) فقال: بابى أنت وامى يا أبا محمد أعنى على حاجتى؟ فانتعل وقام معه، فمر على الحسين بن على (ع) وهو قائم يصلى، فقال له: أين كنت عن أبى عبد الله تستعينه على حاجتك؟ قال: قد فعلت فذُكرَ لى أنه معتكف، فقال

Safwan reported: I was with Abu 'Abd Allah [a.s] on the Day of al-Tarwiyah when .\mathbb{m} Maymun al-Qaddah visited him and complained to him about a difficulty in arranging a hire. Imam al-Sadiq [a.s] said to me, 'Go and help your brother.' So, I went out with .him and Allah eased his difficulty and I returned to my gathering

Imam al-Sadiq [a.s] asked me, 'What did you do in helping your Muslim brother?' 'Allah

P: YA

Al-Mustadrak ۲/۴۰۸ h.۳, al-Majlisi: Bihar al-Anwar ۷۴/۳۱۱ h.۶۶ [as quoted from Shaykh -۱ .[al-Mufid: al-Ikhtisas ۲۱

Al-Mustadrak ۲/۴۰۴ h.A, al-Majlisi: Bihar al-Anwar ۷۴/۲۸۹ h.۱۷ [as quoted from al- - ۲ .Kulayni: al-Kafi ۲/۱۸۹ h.۴] and Shaykh al-Saduq: Musadaqat al-Ikhwan ۵۰ h.۶

fulfilled it,' I replied. He said, 'Indeed, if you help your brother, it will be more loved by me than circumambulating around the Ka'bah for a week.' Then he continued, 'A man once came to al-Hasan ibn 'Ali [a.s] and said, 'May my father and mother be ransomed for you, O Abu Muhammad, help me with my need?' So, he put on his shoes and rose (to go) with him. They passed by Al-Husayn ibn 'Ali [a.s] who was standing in prayer. Imam al-Hasan [a.s] asked to the man, 'Why did you not ask Abu 'Abd Allah (i.e. Imam Al-Husayn) to help you?' 'I wanted,' replied the man, 'but it was said to me that he was in the state of i'tikaf.' 'Had he helped you in your need,' al-Hasan [a.s] commented, 'it (would have been better for him than a whole month's i'tikaf.'

ما مِن عَملٍ يعملُه المسلم أحبُّ إلى الله (جلّ جلاله) مِن إدخالِ السّرورِ على أخيه المسلم، وما مِن رجُلٍ يُدخِل على أخيه المسلم باباً من السّرور إلّا أدخلَ الله (جلّ جلاله) عليه باباً مِن السّرور.

:It has been reported that Abu Ja'far [a.s] said .\\\\\\

p: ٧٩

Al-Mustadrak ۲/۴۰۸ h.۴, al-Majlisi: Bihar al-Anwar ۷۴/۳۳۵ h.۱۱۳, al-Hurr al-`Amili: - ۱
Wasa`il al-Shi`ah ۱۱/۵۸۵ h.۳ [as quoted from al-Kulayni: al-Kafi ۲/۱۹۸ h.۹] and Shaykh
.al-Saduq: Musadaqat al-Ikhwan ۶۴ h.۱۰

.Al-Mustadrak Y/F+F h.4 -Y

Allah has a Paradise that He has stored away exclusively for three kinds of people: a just leader, a person who allows his Muslim brother to share in his wealth and a man who goes out to help his Muslim brother regardless of whether he succeeds in helping him.or.not.ukg

It has been reported that Muhammad ibn Marwan said that one of the two (al- . ١٣٥ :Baqir or al-Sadiq) [a.s] had said

If a person goes a distance to help his Muslim brother, ten good deeds are written for him, ten misdeeds are erased from him, he is elevated ten degrees, and it is equal in reward to freeing ten slaves. In addition, it is better than performing i'tikaf in the Sacred Mosque whilst fasting.

:It has been reported that Abu Ja'far [a.s] said .\\%

One who goes a distance to help his Muslim brother until he completes it, Allah will steady his feet on the Day when feet shall waver and slip.

مَن أعانَ أخاه

Al-Mustadrak ۲/۴۰۷ h.m and al-Majlisi: Bihar al-Anwar ۷۴/۳۱۴ h.۷۰ – ۱
Al-Mustadrak ۲/۴۰۸ h.۵, al-Majlisi: Bihar al-Anwar ۷۴/۳۳۱ h.۱۰۵, al-Hurr al-`Amili: – ۲
Wasa`il al-Shi`ah ۱۱/۵۸۲ h.۱ [as quoted from al-Kulayni: al-Kafi ۲/۱۹۶ h.۱ with another series of narrators and Shaykh al-Saduq: al-Muqanna` ۹۷] and Shaykh al-Saduq:

.Musadaqat al-Ikhwan ۶۲ h.۷

.Al-Mustadrak ۲/۴۰۷ h.۴ -۳

اللهفانَ اللهبانَ مِن غمٍّ أو كُربهٍ كتبَ الله (جلّ جلاله) له إثنتَين وسبعين رحمةً عجّل له منها واحدةً يُصلح بها أمرَ دنياه وإحدى وسبعين لأهوال الآخرة.

:It has been reported that Abu 'Abd Allah [a.s] said: The Prophet [a.s] said .\rv

Whoever relieves his grieving brother from a sorrow or distress, Allah will record for him seventy-two mercies; of them, one He shall hasten to him in this world in order to improve his worldly affairs, and seventy-one (will be postponed) to alleviate the (horrors.of the hereafter."(horrors.of the hereafter.")

It has been reported that Abu 'Abd Allah [a.s] said: The Messenger of Allah [a.s] . ١٣٨ :said

One who honors a believer has in fact honored Allah [M.G].

فى حاجهِ الرَّجُل لأخيه المسلمِ ثلاثٌ: تعجيلُها وتصغيرُها وسَترُها، فاذا عجّلْتَها هنّيتَها وإذا صغّرتها فقد عظّمتَها وإذا ستَرتَها فقد صُنتَها.

:It has been reported that Abu 'Abd Allah [a.s] said .\rq

An individual who intends to fulfill the need of his Muslim brother, three characteristics must be observed: expediting it, making it look little and concealing it. When you expedite it, it becomes wholesome; and when you make it look small, you in fact make .(it great; and when you conceal it, you have preserved it (i.e. its reward

p: ۸۱

.Al-Mustadrak ۲/۴.9 h.b -1

Al-Mustadrak ۲/۴۰۹ h.۲, al-Majlisi: Bihar al-Anwar ۷۴/۳۱۹ h.۸۳ [as quoted from Ibn - ۲ Fahad al-oilli: `Uddat al-Da`i ۱۷۶ with little difference in the text as well as the series of narrators], ۷۴/۲۸۹ h.۳۲ and al-Hurr al-`Amili: Wasa`il al-Shi`ah ۱۱/۵۹۰ h.۱ [as quoted .from al-Kulayni: al-Kafi ۲/۲۰۶ h.۳

مِن مؤمنِ يدعو لأخيهِ بظَهر الغَيبِ إلاّ وكَلَ الله (جلّ جلاله) به مَلَكًا يقول: ولك مثلُه.

:It has been reported that Abu 'Abd Allah [a.s] said .14.

Any believer who gives another believer a loan, seeking the pleasure of Allah [M.G], Allah will record for him the equivalent in charity as his reward; and any believer who prays for his brother in his absence, Allah appoints for him an angel saying (to him), \(\(\lambda\) and for you is the same as for him.\(\(\lambda\)

وقال (ع): دُعاءُ المؤمن للمؤمن يدفعُ عنه البلاءَ ويدُرُّ عليه الرِّزقَ.

:Abu 'Abd Allah [a.s] also said

The supplication of a believer for another believer repels afflictions from him and amplifies his livelihood. (Y

١٤١ - عن إبراهيم التيمي قال: كنت في الطواف إذ أخذ أبو عبد الله (ع) بعضدي، فسلّم على ثم قال:

ألا أخبرك بفضل الطواف حول هذا البيت؟

قلت: بلي، قال

أيّما مسلم طاف حَول هذا البيتِ أسبوعا ثمّ أتى المقامَ فصلّى خلفه رَكعتين كتبَ الله له ألفَ حسنه ومحى عنه ألفَ سيّئه ورفع له ألفَ درجُه وأثبتَ له ألف شفاعه.

ثم قال: ألا أخبرك بأفضل من ذلك؟ قلت: بلي، قال:

قضاء حاجهِ امرئٍ أفضلُ من طواف أسبوع وأسبوع...

حتى بلغ عشره. ثم قال

يا إبراهيم، ما أفادَ المؤمن من فائده أضَرِّ عليه من مالٍ يفيده؛ المالُ أضرٌّ عَليه من ذُبُين ضاريَين في غَنمٍ قد هلكتْ رعاتُها، واحدُّ في أوّلها وآخَرُ في آخرِها.

ثم قال: فما ظنّك بهما؟

قلت: يفسدان، أصلحك الله، قال

صَدقت، إنّ أيسر ما يدخُل عليه أن يأتيه أخوه المسلِم فيقول زوّجني، فيقول: لَيسَ لك مال.

It has been related that Ibrahim al-Taymi said: I was circumambulating (the . 141) (Ka'bah

P: AY

Al-Mustadrak ۲/۳۸۹ h.v, Shaykh al-Mufid: al-Ikhtisas ۲۲, al-Majlisi: Bihar al-Anwar - ۱
.[۷۴/۳۱۱ h.۶۷ [as quoted from al-Ikhtisas with little difference in the series of narrators
.[Al-Majlisi: Bihar al-Anwar ۷۴/۲۲۲ h.۲ [as quoted from al-Ikhtisas -۲

when Abu 'Abd Allah [a.s] took hold of my arm and greeted me. Then he said, 'Shall I tell you about the excellence of circumambulating this House?' 'Indeed,' I replied. He :said

Any Muslim who circumambulates this House seven times then comes to the Maqam' (the standing-place of Prophet Abraham) and offers a two-Rak'ah (unit of prayer) prayer behind it, Allah will write for him one thousand good deeds, erase from him one thousand misdeeds, elevate him one thousand degrees and establish for him one .thousand intercessions

Then he said, 'Shall I tell you what is even better than that?' 'Yes, indeed,' I replied. He :said

To fulfill someone's need is better than circumambulating a week and another' :week...' he repeated ten times(1) then said

O Ibrahim: a believer has never acquired a profit more harmful to him than the' wealth he gains. Wealth is more injurious to him than two starving wolves on a flock of sheep whose shepherd has perished; one (attacking) from the front and the other 'from the rear

Then he asked, 'What do you think of them (i.e. the wolves)?' 'May you prosper and thrive! They will ruin (the flock),' I replied. 'This is true,' he remarked, 'the least (corruption) that permeates him is that his Muslim brother comes to him and says,
('Marry me (to your daughter),' but he replies, 'you have no wealth!'(Y

p: 14

Al-Mustadrak ۲/۴۰۷ h.۴ and al-Majlisi: Bihar al-Anwar ۷۴/۳۱۹ h.۸۳ [as quoted from Ibn -۱]. Fahad al-oilli: `Uddat al-Da`i ۱۷۸

.Al-Mustadrak Y/247 h.9 -Y

لكفَرتُم، إنّ المؤمنَ إذا خرجَ من قبرِه خرج معه مِثالٌ من قبره فيقول له: أبشِر بالكَرامه من ربّك والسّرور، فيقول له: بشَركَ الله بخيرٍ. ثمّ يمضى معه يُبشّره بمثل ذلك. ورواه عن غيره قال: فإذا مَرّ بهَولٍ قال: لَيس هذا لك، وإذا مرّ بخير قال: هذا لكَ. فلا يزالُ معه يؤمّنه ممّا يخافُ ويُبشّره بما يحبُّ حتى يقفَ معهُ بين يدكى الله (جلّ جلاله)، فإذا أُمِر به إلى الجنّهِ قال له المثالُ: أبشِر بالجنّه فإنّ الله (جلّ جلاله) قد أمَر بك إلى الجنّه، فيقول له: مَن أنتَ يرحمك الله؟ بشَّرتنى حين خرجتُ من قبرى وآنستنى فى طريقى وخبّرتنى عن ربى. فيقول: أنا السّرور الذى كُنتَ تُدخلُه على إخوانك فى الدنيا؛ جُعلتُ منه لأنصُرَك وأونِسَ وَحشتَك.

It has been related that Aban ibn Taghlib said: I asked Abu 'Abd Allah [a.s] . 187 :concerning the right of a believer on a (fellow) believer. He said

The rights of a believer are not that simple. If I were to relate them to you, you would find yourselves neglectful concerning the religious duties. When a believer shall come forth from his grave, a form will emerge with him from his grave and say to him, 'Enjoy the honor and happiness of Allah; Allah gives you the glad tidings of goodness.'

Then it shall go along with him giving him similar glad tidings along the way

:According to another series of narrators, the Imam continued

When he comes to something terrifying, the form shall say, 'this is not for you,' and when it comes to something good, it

p: 14

shall say, 'this is for you.' Thus it will continue with him, comforting him from what he fears and giving him glad tidings of what he desires until it stands with him before Allah [M.G]. When he is instructed to enter Paradise, the form shall say to him, 'Enjoy Paradise, for Allah [M.G] has instructed you to enter it.' He shall say to it, 'Who are you? May Allah have mercy upon you, for you gave me glad tidings when I came forth from my grave and you accompanied me in my journey and have informed me of good news from my Lord.' 'I am the happiness that you brought to your (believing) brothers in the world,' it shall reply, 'I was made from that joy so that I may help you (and offer you company in your loneliness.'

:It has been reported that Abu 'Abd Allah [a.s] said . 144

Allah [M.G] revealed to Dawud (Prophet David [a.s] saying: 'Sometimes, My servant '.brings Me one good deed and I make Paradise lawful for him

'?Dawud [a.s] asked, 'O Lord: what is that good deed

It is bringing happiness to My believing servant,' he said, 'even if it be with a single'
'.piece of date

O Lord,' responded Dawud, 'One'

p: ۸۵

Al-Mustadrak ۲/۴۰۵ h.۱۱, ۹۲ h.۲, al-Majlisi: Bihar al-Anwar ۷۴/۲۹۵ h.۱۱ and al-Hurr al- - ۱
`Amili: Wasa`il al-Shi`ah ۱۱/۵۷۳ h.۱۳ [as quoted from al-Kulayni: al-Kafi ۲/۱۹۱ h.۱۰ with

.[little difference

who knows You will never lose hope in You.'(1)

۱۴۴ – وعن أبي عبد الله (ع) قال

إنّ المسلمَ إذا جاء ه أخوه المسلمُ فقام معه في حاجتِه كان كالمجاهدِ في سبيل الله.

:It has been reported that Abu 'Abd Allah [a.s] said .144

A believer who rises to assist another believer when he comes to him for help is like one who strives in the way of Allah. (Y

مَن أعان أخاه المؤمنَ اللهبانَ اللهفانَ عند جهدِه فنَفَسَ كربه وأعانه على نجاح حاجتِه كانت له بذلك إثنتانِ وسبعون رحمهً من الله (جلّ جلاله) يُعجّل له منها واحدهً يُصلح بها أمرَ معيشتِه ويدّخِر له إحدى وسبعين رحمه لحَوائِج القيامه وأهوالِها.

It has been reported that Abu 'Abd Allah [a.s] said ۱۴۵.

Chapter 9: Visiting a Believer Socially and When He is Ill

۶ - باب زياره المؤمن وعيادته

۱۴۶ - عن النبي (ص) انه قال

أيّما مؤمنٍ عادَ مريضاً في اللهِ (جلّ جلاله) خاض في الرحمه خَوضاً وإذا قعدَ عندَه استنقَاعاً فإنْ عادَه غَدوه صلّى عليه سبعون ألف ملَك إلى أنْ يُصبحَ.

:It has been reported that the Prophet [a.s] said .149

Whenever a believer visits one who is sick for the

Al-Mustadrak ۲/۴۰۵ h.۱۲, al-Majlisi: Bihar al-Anwar ۷۴/۲۸۳ h.1 [as quoted from Shaykh - 1 al-Saduq: Thawab al-A`mal 16π, Shaykh al-Saduq: al-Amali ۴۸π h.۳], ۷۴/۲۸۹ h.1۸ [as quoted from al-Kulayni: al-Kafi ۲/۱۸۹ h.۵]. A similar narration is recorded in Bihar al-Anwar ۷۵/1۹ h.1۰ [as quoted from Shaykh al-Saduq: Ma`ani al-Akhbar ۳۷۴ h. 1 and Shaykh al-Saduq: `Uyun Akhbar al-Rid'a ۲/۲۴۳ h.۸۴], ۱۴/۳۴ h.۵ [as quoted from Shaykh al-Saduq: al-Amali and al-Rawandi: Qasas al-Anbiya` 169 h.1] and al-Hurr al-`Amili: Wasa`il al-Shi`ah 11/۵۷۰ h.۷ [as quoted from al-Kulayni: al-Kafi, Shaykh al-Saduq: al-IAmali and Thawab al-A`mal

.Al-Mustadrak ۲/۴۰۷ h.۵ -۲

Al-Mustadrak ۲/۴٠٩ h.۶, al-Majlisi: Bihar al-Anwar ۷۴/۳۱٩ h.۸۵ [as quoted from al- - # Kulayni: al-Kafi ۲/۱۹۹ h.۱], ۷۵/۲۱ h.۲۲ [as quoted from Shaykh al-Saduq: Thawab al-A`mal ۱۷۹]. The first statement is recorded in al-Majlisi: Bihar al-Anwar ۷/۲۹۹ h.۴۹, ۷۵/۲۲ h.۲۵ [as quoted from Shaykh al-Saduq: Thawab al-A`mal ۲۲۰] and al-Hurr al-`Amili: Wasa`il al-Shi`ah ۱۱/۵۸۶ h.۱ [as quoted from al-Kulayni: al-Kafi and Shaykh al-Saduq: .[Thawab al-A`mal

sake of Allah, he will be immersed in mercy totally. When he sits and spends some time with him, he will be soaked in mercy completely. If he visits him in the morning, seventy thousand angels will bless him until he retires in the evening; and if he visits thim at night, seventy thousand angels will bless him until he rises in the morning.

أيّما مؤمنٍ عادَ أخاه المؤمنَ في مرَضه صلّى عليه سبعةٌ وسبعون ألف ملَك، فإذا قعد عندَه غَمرتهُ الرّحمهُ واستغفروا له حتىّ يُمسى، فإنْ عاده مَساءً كان له مثلُ ذلك حتى يُصبحَ.

:It has been reported that Abu 'Abd Allah [a.s] said .\fv

If a believer visits his fellow believer when he is sick, seventy-seven thousand angels will pray for him; and if he sits with him a while, he will be inundated with mercy, and the angels seek forgiveness for him until he retires in the evening; and if he visits in the evening, it shall be the same for him until he rises in the morning.

إنّ العبـدَ المسـلمَ إذا خرج مِن بيته يريـدُ أخاهُ لله لا لِغيرهِ التماسَ وجهِ الله (جلّ جلاله) ورغبَهً فيما عندَه، وكّلَ الله به سبعين ألف ملك يُنادونَه مِن خلفه إلى أن يرجِعَ إلى من_زله: ألا طِبتَ وطابت لك الجنّهُ.

:It has been reported that Abu Ja'far [a.s] said . 14A

When a Muslim servant (of Allah) leaves his home intending to visit his brother for the sake of none but Allah

P: AY

Al-Mustadrak ۱/۸۴ h.۴ and al-Majlisi: Bihar al-Anwar ۸۱/۲۲۵ h.۳۴ [as quoted from Ibn -۱]. [Fahad al-oilli: `Uddat al-Da`i

Al-Mustadrak ۱/۸۴ h.۵ and al-Hurr al-`Amili: Wasa`il al-Shi`ah ۲/۶۳۶ h.۱ [as quoted - ۲ from al-Kulayni: al-Kafi ۲/۱۲۰ h.۶ and ۲/۱۲۱ h.۷] and al-Majlisi: Bihar al-Anwar ۸۱/۲۲۶ h.۳۲ .[[as quoted from al-Rawandi: Muhaj al-Da`awat with little difference

seeking the pleasure of Allah and hoping for what (reward) is with Him, Allah will appoint seventy thousand angels calling out from behind him until he returns home ((saying), 'Rejoice and enjoy Paradise!'()

۱۴۹ - وعن أمير المؤمنين (ع) أنه قال لبعض أصحابه: تـذهب بنا نعود فلانا؟ قال: فـذهبتُ معه فإذا أبو موسى الأشـعرى جالس عنده، فقال أمير المؤمنين (ع): يا أبا موسى، أعائداً جئت أم زائراً؟ فقال: لا بل عائداً. فقال:

أما إنّ المؤمنَ إذا عاد أخاه المؤمنَ صلّى عليه سبعون ألفَ ملك حتى يرجعَ إلى أهله.

It has been related that Amir al-Mu'minin [a.s] said to some of his companions, . 184 'Will you come with me to visit so-and-so who is sick?' They therefore went with him and found Abu Musa al-Ash'ari seated with him. Amir al-Mu'minin [a.s] asked, 'O Abu Musa, have you come to see him because he is sick or is it just a social visit?' 'Rather (I .came) because he is sick,' he replied

When a believer visits his sick brother-in-faith,' Amir al-Mu'minin [a.s] said, 'seventy' (thousand angels bless him until he returns to his family.'(r

10٠ - وعن أبى جعفر عن أبيه عن الحسين بن على (ع) عن النبى (ص) أنه قال: حدثنى جبرئيل (ع) أن الله أهبط إلى الأرض ملكاً، وأقبل ذلك الملكك يمشى حتى وقع إلى باب دار رجل، وإذا رجل يستأذن على رب الدار، فقال له الملك: ما حاجتك إلى رب الدار؟ قال: أخ لى مسلم زرته فى الله، قال له: ما جاء بك إلا ذلك؟ قال: ما جاء بى إلا ذلك، قال:

P: AA

Al-Mustadrak ۲/۲۳۰ h. ۱, al-Majlisi: Bihar al-Anwar ۷۴/۳۴۸ h.٩ and al-Hurr al-`Amili: - ۱
.[Wasa`il al-Shi`ah ١٠/۴۵۶ h.٣ [as quoted from al-Kulayni: al-Kafi ٢/١٧٧ h.٩
.Al-Mustadrak ١/٨٣ h.٧ - ٢

فإنى رسول الله (جلّ جلاله) إليك، وهو يُقرئك السلامَ ويقول: أوجبتُ لك الجنهَ، قال: وقال الملَك: إن الله (جلّ جلاله) يقول أيّما مسلم زار مسلماً ليس إيّاه يزورُ وإنّما إيّاى يزور وثوابُه الجنّه.

It has been related that Abu Ja'far, on the authority of his fathers, narrated that .١٥٠ :Al-Husayn ibn 'Ali [a.s] said that the Prophet [a.s] narrated

Archangel Gabriel narrated to me that Allah [M.G] once sent down an angel who walked up to a house door where a man stood seeking permission to enter. The angel said to him, 'What do you want from the owner of this house?' 'He is my Muslim brother. I am visiting him for the sake of Allah,' he replied. 'No other motive has brought you, has it not?' asked the angel. 'None whatsoever,' replied the man. 'I am a messenger from Allah to you,' said the angel, 'He sends you greetings saying: I have .made Paradise for you undoubtedly

Allah says,' added the angel, 'any Muslim who visits a fellow Muslim has in fact visited'

(Me and his reward shall be Paradise.'()

It has been reported that Abu 'Abd Allah [a.s] said: the Messenger of Allah [a.s] . 161 '?said, May I inform you of the people amongst you that are the people of Paradise

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Al-Mustadrak ۲/۲۲۸ h.۱, Shaykh al-Mufid: al-Ikhtisas ۲۱, al-Majlisi: Bihar al-Anwar - ۱ V۴/۳۴۴ h.۳, ۵٩/١٨٨ h.٣٩, ٧۴/٣۵۵ h.٣٢ and al-Hurr al-`Amili: Wasa`il al-Shi`ah ١٠/۴۵۶ h.۶ [as .[quoted from al-Kulayni: al-Kafi ٢/١٧۶ h.٣ and Shaykh al-Mufid: al-Ikhtisas ۲۱

Indeed, O Messenger of Allah,' they replied. 'They are the Prophets,' he said, 'the' truthful, the martyrs, the newborns and those who visit their brothers at far away '.places in the city for no reason except seeking the pleasure of Allah

It has been related that Abu Hamzah said: I heard al-'Abd al-Salih (The righteous .١٥٢ servant of Allah; namely, Imam al-Kad'im [a.s]) saying

One who visits his fellow believer for no reason other that seeking Allah's pleasure and reward and fulfilling the pledges to obey Him, Allah will appoint for him seventy thousand angels from the time he leaves his house to the time he returns, calling out to him, 'Rejoice and enjoy Paradise. You have reserved a place in it!'

:It has been reported that Abu 'Abd Allah [a.s] said .١۵٣

p: 9.

Al-Mustadrak ۲/۲۲۸ h.۲, al-Majlisi: Bihar al-Anwar ۷۴/۳۵۰ h.۱۵ and al-Hurr al-`Amili: - ۱
.[Wasa`il al-Shi`ah ۱۰/۴۵۶ h.۳ [as quoted from al-Kulayni: al-Kafi ۲/۱۷۸ h.۱۵

Al-Mustadrak ۲/۲۳۰ h.۴, al-Majlisi: Bihar al-Anwar ۷۴/۳۴۸ h.۱۰ and al-Hurr al-`Amili: - ۲ Wasa`il al-Shi`ah ۱۰/۴۵۵ h.۲ [as quoted from al-Kulayni: al-Kafi ۲/۱۷۷ h.۱۰], al-Majlisi:

Bihar al-Anwar vf/ra. h.iv [as quoted from al-oimyari al-Qummi: Qurb al-Isnad in and Shaykh al-Saduq: Thawab al-A`mal tti] and Al-Mustadrak t/tti h.iv [as quoted from .[Shaykh al-Saduq: Musadaqat al-Ikhwan ft h.iv]

ملَك حتى يدخُلَ إلى منزله كلُهم يقولون: ألا طِبتَ وطابت لك الجنّهُ.

It has been reported that Abu 'Abd Allah [a.s] said: the Messenger of Allah [a.s] . 164 :said

Any Muslim who visits a sick believer will be absorbed in mercy. When he sits with him (the sick believer), mercy will submerge him; and when he returns, he will be accompanied by seventy thousand angels until he enters his house, every one of (them saying, 'Rejoice and enjoy Paradise.'(them saying, 'Rejoice and enjoy Paradise.'

إِنَّ لله (جلَّ جلاله) جنهً لا يـدخلها إلَّا ثلاثهُ: رجُل حكم في نفسه بالحق ورجل زار أخاه المؤمنَ في البِرِّ ورجل أبرِّ أخاه المؤمنَ في الله (جلّ جلاله).

داد. It has been reported that Abu Ja'far [a.s] said الماد.

Allah has a Paradise that none shall enter except three kinds of people: one who judges concerning himself with justice, one who visits his fellow righteous believer and one who does good for his fellow believer for the sake of Allah.

إذا كان يوم القِيامهِ اوتى العبدُ المؤمن إلى الله (جلّ جلاله) فيُحاسبُه حساباً يسيراً ثمّ يُعاتبُه فيقولُ له: يا مؤمنُ، ما منعكَ أن تعودَنى حيثُ مرِضتُ؟ فيقول المؤمنُ: أنت ربى وأنا عبدك، أنت الحيّ الذي لا يصيبك ألمٌ ولا نصبٌ، فيقول الربّ (جلّ جلالمه): مَن عاد مؤمناً فقد عادنى، ثم يقول الله (جلّ جلالمه)، هل تعرف فلانَ بن فلان؟ فيقول: نعَم، فيقول له: ما منعكَ أن تعودَه حيث مرض؟ أما لو عدتَهُ لعُدتَنى ثمّ لوَجدتنى عندَ سؤالك ثم لو سألتنى

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.Al-Mustadrak \/\n\ h.\ -\

Al-Mustadrak ۲/۲۲۸ h.m, al-Majlisi: Bihar al-Anwar ۷۴/۳۴۸ h.۱۱ [as quoted from al- ۲ Kulayni: al-Kafi ۲/۱۷۸ h.۱۱], ۲/۳۵۲ h.۲۴ [as quoted from Shaykh al-Saduq: al-Khisal ۱۳۱ h.۱۳۶ and al-Hurr al-`Amili: Wasa`il al-Shi`ah ۱۰/۴۵۶ h.۴] and Warram: Tanbih al
.Khawatir wa Nuzhat al-Nawad'ir ۲/۱۹۸

حاجهً لَقضيتُها لك ثم لم أردِّكَ عنها.

It has been narrated that Abu Ja'far and Abu 'Abd Allah [a.s] both said .١٥٩

On the Day of Resurrection, when a believing servant comes before Allah, He will account him with an easy accounting but then reproach him saying, 'O believer, what '?stopped you from visiting Me when I was sick

The believer shall reply, 'You are my Lord and I am Your servant; and You are everliving and never afflicted with suffering or illness!' 'One who visits a believer in sickness has in fact visited Me,' shall say the Lord [M.G], 'Do you not know so-and-so?' 'Yes,' the believer shall reply, 'I know him.' Allah [M.G] shall then say, 'What stopped you from visiting him when he was sick? Had you visited him, you would have visited Me. Then you would have found Me ever-present at the time of your need. If you then would have asked me for any need, I would have fulfilled it for you and not turned you gaway from it.'

۱۵۷ – وعن أبى جعفر (ع): إن ملكاً من الملائكه مرّ برجل قائم على باب دار فقال له الملك: يا عبد الله ما يقيمك على باب هذه الدار؟ قال: أخ لى فى بيتها أردت أن أسلم عليه، فقال الملك: هل بينك وبينه رحمٌ ماسه أو نزعت بك إليه حاجه؟ قال: لا ما بينى وبينه قرابه ولا نزعنى إليه حاجه إلا أخوه الإسلام وحرمته، فأنا أتعاهده، وأسلم عليه فى الله رب العالمين. قال له الملك: إنى رسول الله

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Al-Mustadrak ۱/۸۳ h.۹, al-Majlisi: Bihar al-Anwar ۸۱/۲۲۷ h.۳۹ [as quoted from Shaykh - ۱ [.al-Tabrisi: Makarim al-Akhlaq ۳۸۶ with little difference

إليك وهو يقرئك السلام، ويقول لك:

إنَّما إيَّاي أَرَدتَ وإليِّ تعمَّدتَ وقد أوجبتُ لك الجنه وأعتقتُكَ من غضبي وأجَرتُك من النار.

:It has been narrated that Abu Ja'far said .\ov

An angel once passed by a man standing at the door of a house. He asked, 'Servant of Allah, what brings you here?' 'My brother lives here,' replied the man, 'I intend to greet him.' 'Is there any blood relation between you or has a need brought you to him?' asked the angel. 'No,' answered the man, 'we are neither related nor has a need brought me to him except our Islamic brotherhood and respect for him. I am acquainted to him and I greet him only for the sake of Allah; the Lord of the worlds.' The angel said, 'I am a messenger of Allah to you and He sends you greetings saying to you: It is in fact I that you have visited and it is I that you have approached; and for that, I have made Paradise mandatory for you, put off My wrath from you and protected you from the Fire (of Hell).

١٥٨ – وعن أبي جعفر (ع) قال

أيّما مؤمنٍ زار مؤمناً كان زائراً لله (جلّ جلاله)، وأيّما مؤمنٍ عاد مؤمناً خاض الرحمة خَوضاً، فإذا جلسَ غَمرتْه الرحمة، فاذا انصرفَ وكّلَ الله به سبعين ألف ملك يستغفرون له ويسترحمون عليه ويقولون: طِبتَ وطابت لك الجنّه، إلى تلك الساعه من الغدِ وكان له خريفٌ من الجنه.

قال الراوى: وما الخريف؟ جعلت فداك، قال

زاوية في الجنه يسيرُ الراكبُ فيها أربعين عاماً.

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Al-Mustadrak ۲/۲۲۸ h.۶, al-Majlisi: Bihar al-Anwar ۷۴/۳۵۱ h.۱۹ [as quoted from Shaykh –۱ al-Saduq: al-Amali ۱۶۶ h.ν, Shaykh al-Mufid: al-Ikhtisas ۲۱۹ and Shaykh al-Tusi: al-Amali ۲/۲۰۹ with very little difference] and ۷۴/۳۵۴ h.۳۰ [as quoted from Shaykh al-Saduq: Thawab al-A`mal ۲۰۴]. A similar narration is recorded in Bihar al-Anwar ۵٩/۱۹۲ h.۵۲ [as

quoted from Shaykh al-Saduq: al-Amali] and al-Hurr al-`Amili: Wasa`il al-Shi`ah ν-/۴۵ν h.۶ and λ/۴۳۶ h.δ [as quoted from Shaykh al-Saduq: al-Amali and Thawab al-[A`mal] :It has been reported that Abu Ja'far [a.s] said

Any believer who visits a believer has in fact visited Allah; (1) and any believer who visits a sick believer will be immersed in mercy. When he sits with the sick believer, mercy will inundate him; and when he leaves, Allah [M.G] will appoint for him seventy thousand angels who seek forgiveness and mercy for him, saying, 'Rejoice and enjoy '.Paradise' until the same time the next day and he shall have a kharif in Paradise

'?The narrator asked, 'May I be ransomed for you, what is a kharif

Kharif is a corner in Paradise,' he replied, 'It would take a rider forty years to journey'

(through.'(r

Chapter Y: The Reward of one who Feeds a Believer, Quenches his Thirst, Clothes him or Pays off his Debt

It has been narrated that Abu Ja'far [a.s] said .١۵٩

Feeding four Muslims is equal to freeing a slave from the descendants of Prophet (Ishmael.)

:It has been narrated that Abu 'Abd Allah [a.s] said .19.

If two believers were to enter the house of a believer and he were to feed them to full, this would be better than freeing a slave."

- .Al-Mustadrak ۲/۲۲۸ h.s and ١/٨٣ [part of] h.١٠ -١
- Al-Mustadrak \/\rangle [part of] h.\frac{1}{2}, al-Majlisi: Bihar al-Anwar \(\rangle \rangle \rangle \rangle \) and al-Hurr al- \(\rangle \rangle
- Al-Mustadrak ٣/٩٠ h.١, al-Majlisi: Bihar al-Anwar ٧٤/٣٨٥ h.١٠٢ [as quoted from Shaykh -٣ al-Saduq: Thawab al-A` mal ١٩٥ and al-Barqi: al-Mahasin ٢/٣٩٥ h.٩٠], ٧٥/٤٩٠ h.١٢, al-Hurr al-`Amili: Wasa`il al-Shi`ah ١٩/٤٤٤ h.٣٢ [as quoted from al-Barqi: al-Mahasin ٢/٣٩٥ h.٥٩],

 .[١٩/٤٩٣ h.٤ [as quoted from Shaykh al-Saduq: Thawab al-A` mal
- Al-Mustadrak ۳/۹۰ h.۲, al-Majlisi: Bihar al-Anwar ۷۴/۳۷۳ h.۶۶ [as quoted from al- ۴ Kulayni: al-Kafi ۲/۲۰۱ h.۴], ۷۵/۴۶۰ h.۱۰ [as quoted from al-Barqi: al-Mahasin ۲/۳۹۴ h.۵۴], ۷۴/۳۱۱ h.۶۷, Al-Mustadrak ۱/۵۴۵ h.۳ [as quoted from Shaykh al-Mufid: al-Ikhtisas ۲۱] and .[al-Hurr al-`Amili: Wasa`il al-Shi`ah ۱۶/۴۴۷ h.۱ [as quoted from al-Kafi and al-Mahasin

ظمأٍ سقاهُ الله يوم القيامه من الرّحيق المختوم، ومَن كَسى مؤمناً مِن العُريّ كساه الله (جلّ جلاله) مِن الثّياب الخُضر.

:It has been reported that 'Ali ibn Al-Husayn [a.s] said .191

Whoever feeds a hungry believer, Allah will feed him with the fruits of Paradise; and whoever gives a drink to a thirsty believer, Allah will quench his thirst (on the Day of Judgment) with an exquisite drink of Paradise; and whoever clothes a believer, Allah .will clothe him with a green robe of Paradise

وفي حديث آخر قال

مَن كسا مؤمناً مِن عُرِيّ لم يزَلْ في ضمانِ الله ما دامَ عليه سلك.

:According to another tradition, the Imam said

Whoever clothes a believer will remain under the security of Allah as long as a thread of the cloth remains.

١٤٢ – وعن أبى عبد الله (ع) قال

مَن أطعمَ مؤمناً مِن جوعٍ أطعمَه الله مِن ثمارِ الجنهِ، وأيّما مؤمن سقى مؤمناً سقاه الله مِن الرحيق المختومِ، وأيّما مؤمن كسا مؤمناً مِن عُريّ لم يزلْ في ستر الله وحِفظِه ما بقِيتْ منه خُرقهٌ.

:It has been reported that Abu 'Abd Allah [a.s] said .197

Whoever feeds a hungry believer, Allah will feed him with the fruits of Paradise; and any believer who quenches the thirst of another believer, Allah will quench his thirst with an exquisite drink of Paradise; and any believer who clothes another believer will remains under the guard and protection of Allah as long as a shred of it remains.

١٩٣ - وعن أبي عبد الله (ع) قال لبعض أصحابه

يا ثابت، أما تستطيعُ أن تعتقَ كلِّ

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Ikhtisas ۲۲۰], ۳/۸۸ h.۴, al-Majlisi: Bihar al-Anwar ۲۴/۳۸۴ h.۸٩ [as quoted from Shaykh al-Saduq: Thawab al-A`mal ۱۶۴ and Shaykh al-Mufid: al-Amali ۱۲], ۲۴/۳۲۳ h.۶۷, al-Hurr al-`Amili: Wasa`il al-Shi`ah ۱۶/۴۵۳ h.۱ [as quoted from al-Kulayni: al-Kafi ۲/۲۰۱ h.۵]. The last statement of the narration is recorded in al-Majlisi: Bihar al-Anwar ۲۴/۳۸۱ h.۸۶ and al-Hurr al-`Amili: Wasa`il al-Shi`ah ۳/۴۲۰ h.۲ and ۳ [as quoted from al-Kulayni: al-Kafi .[۲/۲۰۵ h.۴] and ۳/۴۲۱ h.۶ [as quoted from Shaykh al-Saduq: Thawab al-A`mal and others .This narration is the same as No. ۱۶۱ -۲

يوم رقبهً؟

قال: أصلحك الله، ما أقوى على ذلك، قال

أما تقدر أن تغدّى أو تُعشّى أربعة من المسلمين؟

قلت: أما هذا فانى أقوى عليه، قال

هو واللهِ يعدلُ عِتقَ رقبهٍ.

It has been reported that Abu 'Abd Allah [a.s] once said to one of his companions, .197 "O Thabit! Can you not free a slave every day?' 'May Allah make you prosper,' he replied, 'I do not have the (financial) power to do it!' 'Are you not able,' asked the Imam [a.s], 'to entertain four Muslims for lunch or dinner?' 'I am able to do,' replied the .companion

(By Allah I swear, 'said the Imam [a.s], 'that is equal to free a slave.'(1)

١۶۴ – وعن أبى عبد الله (ع) قال

مَن كسا مؤمناً ثوباً لم يزلْ في رحمهِ الله (جلّ جلاله) ما بقى مِن الثّوب شيّ، ومَن سقاه شربة من ماءٍ سقاه الله (جلّ جلاله) مِن رحيقٍ مختومٍ، ومَن أشبعَ جُوعتَه أطعمهُ الله (جلّ جلاله) من ثمارِ الجنّه.

:It has been narrated that Abu 'Abd Allah [a.s] said .194

١٤٥ - وعن أمير المؤمنين على (ع) أنه قال

لأَنْ أُطعِمَ أخاك لُقمةً أحَبٌ إلى مِن أنْ أتصدِّقَ بدرهمٍ، ولأنْ أُعطيَه درهماً أحَبٌ إلى مِن أنْ أتصدِّقَ بعَشَرهٍ، ولأَنْ أُعطيَه عَشرةً أحَبٌ إلى مِن أنْ Al-Mustadrak \(\text{\nu}\) h.\$\psi\$, al-Majlisi: Bihar al-Anwar \(\nu\) from al-Barqi: al-Mahasin \(\nu\) from al-Barqi: al-Mahasin \(\nu\) from al-Mustadrak \(\nu\) h.\$\text{\nu}\). The first statement is also recorded in Al-Mustadrak \(\nu\) from al-Majlisi: Bihar al-Anwar \(\nu\) from al-Hurr al- Amili: Wasa il al-Shi ah \(\nu\) from al-Kafi: \(\nu

أعتقَ رقَبهً.

:It has been narrated that Amir al-Mu'minin [a.s] said .190

Feeding your brother a mouthful is more loveable to me than giving a dirham in charity; and giving him a dirham is more lovable to me than giving ten in charity; and giving him ten Dirhams is more loveable to me than freeing a slave.

ما مِن مؤمنٍ يُطعمُ مؤمناً شبعاً إلاّ أطعمَهُ الله (جلّ جلاله) مِن ثمار الجنّه، ولا سقاه شَربه إلاّ سقاه الله من الرّحيقِ المختوم، ولا كساهُ ثَوباً إلاّ كساه الله (جلّ جلاله) مِن الثياب الخُضر وكان في ضَمانِ الله تعالى ما دام مِن ذلك الثّوب سلكُ.

:It has been reported that Abu 'Abd Allah [a.s] said .199

If any believer feeds another believer to full, Allah will feed him from the fruits of Paradise; and if he gives him a sip to drink, He will quench his thirst with an exquisite drink (of Paradise); and if he clothes him, Allah will clothe him with a green robe (of Paradise) and he will remain under the protection of Allah as long as a thread of that (cloth remains.)

:It has been narrated that Abu Ja'far [a.s] said .19V

Amongst) the qualities most loved by Allah are three: a Muslim who feeds a hungry)

(Muslim, relieves him from a distress or settle his debt for him.

- 1*5*A

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.Al-Mustadrak ٣/٩١ h.٢ -١

.The first statement is recorded in Al-Mustadrak ٣/٨٨ h.a and the last in ١/٢٢٠ h.a -٢

Al-Mustadrak ٣/٨٩ h.١٢, al-Majlisi: Bihar al-Anwar ٧٤/٣٩٥ h.٣٩ and al-Hurr al-`Amili: - ٣
.[Wasa`il al-Shi`ah ١٩/٤٤١ h.١٤ [as quoted from al-Barqi: al-Mahasin ٢/٣٨٨ h.١٢

وعن أبي عبد الله (ع) قال

أوّلُ ما يُتحَفُّ به المؤمنُ في قبرهِ أنَّهُ يُغفرُ لمَن تبعَ جنازتَهُ.

:It has been reported that Abu 'Abd Allah [a.s] said . 1914

The first gift that a believer is presented with in his grave is the forgiveness for those who accompanied his bier.(1)

.Can you feed a Muslim every day (to equal that reward)?' the Imam [a.s] asked'

.Must that Muslim be well-to-do or poor?' I asked'

(Even the well-to-do sometimes long for food,' the Imam [a.s] replied. (*)

:It has been narrated that Abu Ja'far [a.s] said .vv.

Feeding a Muslim is equal to freeing a human being.

Chapter A: What Allah has Forbidden a Believer to do Against a Fellow Believer

٨ - باب ما حرم الله(جلّ جلاله) على المؤمن من حرمه أخيه المؤمن

١٧١ - وعن زراره قال: سمعت أبا عبد الله (ع) يقول

أقربُ ما يكونُ العبدُ إلى الكُفرِ أن يكونَ الرّجلُ مواخِياً للرجُل على الدّين ثم يحفَظُ زلاتِه وعثَراتِه ليضَعَه بها يوماً ما.

:It has been related that Zurarah said: I heard Abu 'Abd Allah [a.s] saying .vv

The closest stage to infidelity that one attains is that a person takes one to be his brother-in-faith then

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Al-Mustadrak 1/114 h.4. A similar narration is recorded in al-Majlisi: Bihar al-Anwar - 1
A1/764 [part of] h.v, A1/7vv [part of] h.YA and al-Hurr al-`Amili: Wasa`il al-Shi`ah Y/AY1 h.v
[as quoted from al-Amali: 1/46. At any rate, this narration should have been mentioned
.in the Chapter Y, where it would be more appropriate

Al-Mustadrak ۳/۸۷ h.۵, al-Majlisi: Bihar al-Anwar ۷۴/۳۷۷ h.۷۴ [as quoted from al- - ۲ Kulayni: al-Kafi ۲/۲۰۲ h.۱۲], ۷۴/۳۶۴ [as quoted from al-Barqi: al-Mahasin ۲/۳۹۴ h.۴۹] and al-Hurr al-`Amili: Wasa`il al-Shi`ah ۱۶/۴۴۳ h.۲۸ and ۱۶/۴۴۸ h.۳۰ [as quoted from al-Barqi: .[al-Mahasin ۱۶/۴۴۳ h.۲۸ and al-Kulayni: al-Kafi

Al-Mustadrak ٣/٨٧ h.۴, al-Majlisi: Bihar al-Anwar ٧٤/٣۶٣ h.٢٤, ٧۵/٤۶٠ h.١١ and al-Hurr al- -٣
`Amili: Wasa`il al-Shi`ah ١٩/٤٤٢ h.٢١, ١٩/٤٤٣ h.٣٠ [as quoted from al-Barqi: al-Mahasin .[٢/٣٩١ h.٣٣ and ٢/٣٩۵ h.۵۶

the latter keeps track of his mistakes and slips that he may use them against him someday.(1

:It has been reported that Abu 'Abd Allah [a.s] said . \\Y\

One who accuses a believing man or believing woman falsely will be raised on the Day of Judgment by Allah in a messy substance unless he unsays it

'?The reporter asked, 'What is this messy substance

It is pus flowing from the genitals of the unchaste women, the Imam [a.s] replied.

:It has been reported that Abu 'Abd Allah [a.s] said: The Prophet [a.s] said . www

One who spreads an indecency is like the one who started it; and one who dishonors a believer of something will not die until he perpetrates it himself.

ما مِن مؤمنَين إلاّ وبينهُما حجابٌ، فإن قال له لستَ لى بوَليّ فقد كَفرَ، فإن إتّهَمهُ فقد انماثَ الإيمانُ فى قلبِه كما ينماثُ الملحُ فى الماء.

:It has been reported that Abu 'Abd Allah [a.s] said .vvf

Between every two believers there is a covering (that binds them); if one of them says to the other, 'you are not a friend to me' then he commits apostasy; and if he accuses

Al-Mustadrak 1/۵۵ h.1 and 1/1.4 h.1, Shaykh al-Mufid: al-Ikhtisas 171, al-Majlisi: Bihar -1 al-Anwar 1711 h.1.5 [as quoted from al-Kulayni: al-Kafi 1/464 h.1], 1/6/11 h.1.6 [as quoted from al-Barqi: al-Mahasin 1/1.4 h.1.6 and Shaykh al-Mufid: al-Amali 17], al-Hurr al-`Amili: Wasa`il al-Shi`ah 1/644 h.1 [as quoted from al-Kulayni: al-Kafi and al-Barqi: al-Mahasin] and Warram: Tanbih al-Khawatir wa Nuzhat al-Nawad'ir 1/11 with little .difference

Al-Mustadrak ۲/۱۰۷ h.۲, al-Majlisi: Bihar al-Anwar ۷۵/۲۴۴ h.۵ [as quoted from al- - ۲ Kulayni: al-Kafi ۲/۳۵۷ h.۵], ۷۵/۱۹۴ h.۶ [as quoted from Shaykh al-Saduq: Ma`ani al-Akhbar ۱۶۳, Shaykh al-Saduq: Thawab al-A`mal and al-Barqi: al-Mahasin ۱/۱۰۱ h.۷۶] and al-Hurr al-`Amili: Wasa`il al-Shi`ah ۸/۵۹۴ h.۲ [as quoted from al-Kafi, al-Mahasin, .[Ma`ani al-Akhbar and Thawab al-A`mal

Al-Mustadrak ۲/۱۰۴ h.۱. The first statement is recorded in al-Mustadrak ۲/۱۰۸ h.۲ [as -\pi quoted from Shaykh al-Mufid: al-Ikhtisas ۲۲۴. The narration is also recorded in al-Majlisi: Bihar al-Anwar ۷۵/۲۱۵ h.۱۲, ۷۵/۲۵۵ h.۴۱, ۷۳/۳۸۴ h.۲, al-Hurr al-`Amili: Wasa`il al-Shi`ah ۸/۵۹۶ h.۲, ۸/۵۹۶ h.۵ and ۸/۶۰۹ h.۶ [as quoted from Shaykh al-Saduq: Thawab al-A`mal ۲۹۵, al-Barqi: al-Mahasin ۱/۱۰۳ h.۸۲ and al-Kulayni: al-Kafi ۲/۳۵۶ h.۲

(him of something, faith will dissolve in his heart like salt in water.(1)

لَو قالَ الرّجلُ لأخيه أُفٍّ لكَ انقطعَ ما بينهُما، فإذا قالَ له: أنتَ عـدُوّى فقـد كفرَ أحـدُهما، فإن اتّهمه انماثَ الإيمانُ في قلبه كما ينماثُ الملحُ في الماء.

:It has been reported that Abu 'Abd Allah [a.s] said .\va

:The Prophet [a.s] has said .1v9

One who does not care to know of his brother what he knows of him is not his who does not care to know of his brother what he knows of him is not his whother.com

:It has been reported that Abu 'Abd Allah [a.s] said .vvv

It is Allah's will that a believer should always be thought of well; and to humiliate a dead believer is like humiliating him whilst alive.

:It has been reported that Abu 'Abd Allah [a.s] said .\vA

- .Al-Mustadrak Y/11. h.1 -1
- Al-Mustadrak ۲/۱۱۰ h.۲, al-Majlisi: Bihar al-Anwar ۷۴/۲۴۳ h.۴۳, ۷۴/۲۲۱ h.۵, ۷۵/۱۹۸ h.۱۹ and -۲ al-Hurr al-`Amili: Wasa`il al-Shi`ah ۸/۵۴۵ h.۸, ۸/۶۱۳ h.۱ [as quoted from al-Kulayni: al-.[Kafi ۲/۱۷۱ h.۵, ۲/۳۶۱ and Shaykh al-Mufid: al-Ikhtisas ۲۲
 - .A`lam al-Din ۲۷۳ -۳
 - .Al-Mustadrak ۲/۱۱۰ h.m and m/YA. h.1 F

(desert him in the world and the hereafter.()

:It has been reported that Abu 'Abd Allah [a.s] said . 174

If any believer asks a fellow believer for help but the other refuses though he is able to do, Allah will impose a serpent in his grave biting his fingers.

:It has been narrated that Abu 'Abd Allah [a.s] said . \.

:It has been narrated that Abu 'Abd Allah [a.s] said .١٨١

Do not belittle your brother-in-faith lest Allah [M.G] should show mercy to him while you are belittling him and your circumstances should change for worse.

:It has been reported that Abu 'Abd Allah [a.s] said . ۱۸۲

If one belittles a destitute believer, Allah [M.G] will not cease scorning and loathing him (until he makes up for his looking down on the believer.(a)

- Al-Majlisi: Bihar al-Anwar va/۱۷ h.۱, va/۲۲ h.۲۶ and va/۲۰ h.۱۷, al-Hurr al-`Amili: Wasa`il -۱ al-Shi`ah ۸/۵۸۹ h.۹ [as quoted from Shaykh al-Saduq: al-Amali ۳۹۳ h.۱۶, Thawab al-.[A`mal ۲۸۶ and al-Barqi: al-Mahasin ۹۹ h.۶۶
 - .Al-Mustadrak ۲/۴۱ h.۱۲. See also footnote of Narration No. ۱۱۹ ۲
- Al-Mustadrak ۲/۴۱۲ h.۱ and al-Hurr al-`Amili: Wasa`il al-Shi`ah ۱۱/۵۹۷ h.۶ [as quoted -۳]. [from al-Kulayni: al-Kafi ۲/۳۶۳ h.۶
 - .Al-Mustadrak Y/1. Th. 1 F
- Al-Mustadrak ۲/۱۰۳ h.۱, al-Majlisi: Bihar al-Anwar ۷۵/۱۵۷ h.۲۶, ۷۲/۵۷ and al-Hurr al- ۵
 `Amili: Wasa`il al-Shi`ah ۸/۵۹۱ h.۵ as quoted from al-Kulayni: al-Kafi: ۲/۳۵۱ [part of] h.۴
 .and Kitab al-Tamhis h.۸۹

عبد الله (ع) أنه قال

مَن أدخل السّرورَ على مؤمنٍ فقد أدخلَه على رسولُ الله (ص)، ومَن أدخلَ على رسول الله (ص) فقَـد وصَل ذلك إلى الله (جلّ جلاله)، وكذلك مَن أدخل عليه كرباً.

:It has been reported that Abu 'Abd Allah [a.s] said . ١٨٣

One who brings happiness to a believer has in fact brought it to the Messenger of Allah [a.s]; and one who brings happiness to the Messenger of Allah [a.s] has had the happiness reached Allah [M.G]; and the same is for one who causes him distress.

It has been reported that Abu 'Abd Allah [a.s] said: the Messenger of Allah [a.s] . 14.4 :said: Allah [M.G] says

One who humiliates a friend of Mine has prepared to confront Me; and I am the swiftest in coming to My friends' aid.

It has been narrated that al-Mu'alla ibn Khunays said: I heard al-Sadiq [a.s] saying: .١٨٥ :Most surely, Allah [M.G] has declared

One who humiliates a friend of Mine has prepared for battle against Me; and I am the swiftest of all in coming to My friends' rescue.

مَن

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- Al-Mustadrak ۲/۴۰۴ h.۵, al-Majlisi: Bihar al-Anwar ۷۴/۲۹۷ h.۲۷ and al-Hurr al-`Amili: ۱
 .Wasa`il al-Shi`ah ۱۱/۵۷۰ h.۴ as quoted from al-Kulayni: al-Kafi: ۲/۱۹۲ h.۱۴
- Al-Majlisi: Bihar al-Anwar va/١٥٥ h.٢۴ and al-Hurr al-`Amili: Wasa`il al-Shi`ah ٨/٥٨٨ ٢ .h.٣ as quoted from al-Kulayni: al-Kafi: ٢/٣٥١ h.٣. This narration is part of No. ۶٢
- Al-Mustadrak ۲/۱۰۳ h.۲, al-Majlisi: Bihar al-Anwar ۷۵/۱۵۸ h.۲ and al-Hurr al-`Amili: ۳
 Wasa`il al-Shi`ah ۸/۵۸۸ h.۲ as quoted from al-Kulayni: al-Kafi: ۲/۳۵۱ h.۵. This narration
 .is part of No. ۶۳

أهان عبدى المؤمنَ فقد استقبلني بالمحاربه.

It has been narrated that Abu 'Abd Allah [a.s] said that Archangel Gabriel . 14.9 :descended to the Prophet [a.s] and said, 'O Muhammad, your Lord says

Whoever disgraces My believing servant has in fact confronted Me with war. '(1)

:It has been narrated that Abu 'Abd Allah [a.s] said .\\\

Whoever conceals the shame of a believer, Allah will conceal his shame on the Day of Resurrection; and whoever exposes a believer, Allah will expose him on the Day of Resurrection. (Resurrection. (Y

لاً ترموا المؤمنين ولاً تتّبعوا عشراتِهم، فإنّه مَن يتبعُ عشرهَ مؤمنٍ يتبعِ الله (جلّ جلاله) عشرتَه، ومن يتبعِ الله (جلّ جلالمه) عشرتَه بفضَحْه في مَنته.

:It has been narrated that Abu Ja'far [a.s] said . \

Do not revile at the believers and do not try and uncover their faults; for if one discloses the faults of a believer, Allah will disclose his; and if Allah discloses a person's faults, he will be disgraced even in his own home.

:It has been narrated that Abu Ja'far [a.s] said . ١٨٩

Whoever makes one of our Shi'ah happy will make happy the Messenger of Allah [a.s]; and the same is said about one

.See footnote of Narration No. 91 -1

.Al-Mustadrak Y/1. F h.Y -Y

Al-Mustadrak ۲/۱۰۴ h.۳, A similar narration is recorded in al-Hurr al-`Amili: Wasa`il -۳
.al-Shi`ah ٨/۵٩۵ [part of] h.۳ as quoted from al-Kulayni: al-Kafi: ٢/٣۵۵ h.۵

who offends or causes grief.(1

:It has been narrated that 'Abd Allah ibn Sinan said . 19.

I said to Abu 'Abd Allah [a.s], 'it is true that believers are forbidden from exposing other believers, is it not?' 'Yes, it is' he replied. 'Does this mean physical nakedness?' I .asked

:And from him (al-Sadiq) [a.s] it is reported that he said . 191

One who accuses a believing man or believing woman falsely will be raised on the Day of Judgment by Allah in a messy substance unless he unsays it.

He also said: Backbiting (ghibah) is to say about your brother what is true but Allah has hidden; for when you say about him what is untrue, then that refers to what Allah has said, '...he indeed takes upon himself the burden of a calumny and a manifest sin.

([Holy Quran */١١٢]'(*)

p: 1.4

[.]Al-Mustadrak Y/1.7 h.a and Y/F.F h.1. -1

Hurr al-`Amili: Wasa`il al-Shi`ah λ/۶·λ h.۱, ۱/۳۶ν h.۲ [as quoted from al-Kulayni: al-Kafi: Υ/٣ΔΛ h.۲, Shaykh al-Saduq: Ma`ani al-Akhbar ۲ΔΔ h.۲, al-Barqi: al-Mahasin 1/1·۴ h.λ۴ [.and Shaykh al-Tusi: al-Tahdhib 1/٣νΔ h.11 with little difference

.See footnote of Narration No. 177 - T

Al-Mustadrak ۲/۱۰۷ h.۲, ۱/۵۵ h.۲, al-Majlisi: Bihar al-Anwar ۷۵/۲۵۸ h.۴۹, and al-Hurr al- - ۴
[.`Amili: Wasa`il al-Shi`ah ۸/۶۰۲ h.۲۲ [as quoted from al-`Ayyashi: Tafsir ۱/۲۵۷ h.۲۷۰

الله (ع) أنه قال: قال النبي (ص)

مَن كَان يؤمنُ باللهِ واليَوم الآخرِ فلا يجلِسْ في مجلس يُسبِّ فيه إمامٌ أو يُغتاب فيه مُسلمٌ، إنَّ الله (جلّ جلاله) يقولُ: (وَإِذَا رَأَيْتَ اللَّهِ يَعُونُ وَاللهِ واليَوم الآخرِ فلا يجلِسْ في مجلسِ يُسبِّ فيه إمامٌ أو يُغتاب فيه مُسلمٌ، إنَّ اللهِ (جلّ جلاله) يقولُ: (وَإِذَا رَأَيْتَ اللَّهِ عَنْ اللهِ واليَوم الآخرِ فلا يَعْدَ اللهِ كُرَى مَعَ الْقَوْمِ النَّهِ يَنُونُ وَلِمَّا يُنسِتَيَنِّكُ اللَّهَ يُطَانُ فَلَا تَقْعُدُ بُعْدَ الذِّكْرَى مَعَ الْقَوْمِ الظَّالِمِي)

:It has been reported that Abu 'Abd Allah [a.s] said: the Prophet [a.s] said . 197

Whoever believes in Allah and the Last Day must not sit in a gathering in which an Imam is reviled or a Muslim is backbitten. Allah [M.G] says, 'And when you see those who enter into false discourses about Our communications, withdraw from them until they enter into some other discourse, and if Satan causes you to forget, then do not $\underline{\text{(sit after recollection with the unjust people. [Holy Quran <math>9/9A$]'(1)

١٩٣ - وعن أبي عبد الله (ع) أنه قال

مَن روى على مؤمنٍ روايةً يُريد بها عيبَه وهدْمَ مُرُوّتهِ أقامهُ اللهُ (جلّ جلاله) مقامَ الذّلِّ يَوم القيامهِ حتى يخرُج ممّا قالَ.

:It has been reported that Abu 'Abd Allah [a.s] said . ١٩٣

One who narrates something concerning a believer with the intention of disgracing and defaming him, Allah will humiliate him on the Day of Resurrection unless he unsays.

١٩٤ - وعن أبى عبد الله (ع) أنه قال: قال رسول الله (ص)

يا مَعشرَ مَن آمنَ بلسانِه ولم يؤمنْ بقَلبِه! لا تطلُبوا عَوراتِ المُؤمنينَ ولا تَتَبِعوا عَثَراتِهم، فإنّ مَن اتّبَعَ عثرَهَ أخيهِ اتّبَعَ الله عَثرتَهُ، ومَن اتّبعَ الله عَثرتَهُ فَضَحهُ ولَو في جَوفِ بَيتِه.

It has been reported .198

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Al-Mustadrak ۲/۳۸۷ h.۱۷, al-Majlisi: Bihar al-Anwar ۷۴/۱۹۵ h.۲۴, ۷۵/۲۶۴ h.۹ [as quoted - ۱ from Ibn Idris al-oilli: al-Sara`ir ۴۹۱ and al-Qummi: Tafsir ۱۹۲] and Warram: Tanbih al
Khawatir wa Nuzhat al-Nawad'ir ۲/۲۱۰

.Al-Mustadrak ۲/۱۰۸ h.۱ -۲

:that Abu 'Abd Allah [a.s] said: the Messenger of Allah [a.s] said

O community of those who have believed with their tongues but not with their hearts! Do not seek the shortcomings of believers and do not try to uncover their faults. Most surely, one who seeks to uncover the faults of his brother, Allah will disclose his faults; and for whomsoever Allah discloses his faults, He will disgrace him even if it be within this own home.

غَشْمُه وظُلمُه.

It has been reported that Muhammad ibn Muslim said that one of the two (al-. 1966):Baqir or al-Sadiq [a.s]) said: the Messenger of Allah [a.s] said

.He is not a believer from whose actions his neighbor is not safe

'?O Allah's Messenger,' they asked, 'What are these'

These are the acts of wronging and oppression, the Messenger of Allah replied. "

:It has been narrated that Abu 'Abd Allah [a.s] said . ١٩۶

It is forbidden on believers to exposes the secrets of each other. I do not mean that they see each other naked; rather they find faults in or disgrace each other.

Al-Mustadrak ۲/۱۰۴ h.۴ and ۱۲ [as quoted from Shaykh al-Mufid: al-Ikhtisas ۲۲۰], al- - 1 Majlisi: Bihar al-Anwar ۷۵/۲۱۸ h.۲۱, ۷۵/۳۱۴ h.۱۰ [as quoted from al-Kulayni: al-Kafi: ۲/۳۵۴ h.۲, Shaykh al-Saduq: Thawab al-A`mal ۲۸۸, al-Barqi: al-Mahasin 1/1۰۴ h.۸۳ and Shaykh al-Mufid: al-Amali ۹۱], al-Hurr al-`Amili: Wasa`il al-Shi`ah ۸/۵۹۴ h.۳ [as quoted from Thawab al-A`mal, al-Mahasin and al-Kafi] and Warram: Tanbih al-Khawatir wa .Nuzhat al-Nawad'ir ۲/۲۰۸

Al-Hurr al-`Amili: Wasa`il al-Shi`ah ۸/۴۸۸ h.۴ [as quoted from al-Kulayni: al-Kafi: - ۲ ۲/۶۶۸ h.۱۲.] A similar narration is recorded in Warram: Tanbih al-Khawatir wa Nuzhat .al-Nawad'ir ۱/۷۳

Al-Mustadrak 1/۵۵ h.۲, ۲/۱۰۸ h.۳, al-Majlisi: Bihar al-Anwar ۷۵/۲۱۳ h.۷, al-Hurr al-`Amili: -۳
Wasa`il al-Shi`ah ۸/۶۰۹ h.۳, 1/۳۶۷ h.۳ [as quoted from al-Kulayni: al-Kafi: ۲/۳۵۹ h.۳,
Shaykh al-Saduq: Ma`ani al-Akhbar ۲۵۵ h.۱ and Shaykh al-Tusi: al-Tahdhib 1/۳۷۵ h.۱۲
[.with little difference]

جلاله) في الدّنيا والآخره.

:It has been narrated that Abu Ja'far [a.s] said . 19v

If one's brother-in-faith is backbitten in his presence while he does neither aid nor defend him when he is able to do so, Allah will disgrace him in the world and the thereafter.com/

١٩٨ - وعن أبي عبد الله (ع) أنه قال

إذا قالَ الرّجلُ لأخيه أُفِّ لكَ انقطعَ ما بينهُما، فإذا قالَ له: أنتَ عدُوّى فقد كفرَ أحدُهما لأنّه لا يقبل الله (جلّ جلاله) عملًا من أحدٍ يُعجّل في تثريب على مؤمنٍ بفضيحتِه ولا يقبلُ مِن مؤمن عملًا وهو يضْمرُ في قلبه على المؤمن سوءً، ولو كُشفَ الغطاءُ عن الناسِ لنظروا إلى ما وصلَ بين الله (جلّ جلاله) وبين المؤمن وخَضعتْ للمؤمنين رقابُهم وتَسهّلت لهم أمورُهم ولانتُ لهم طاعتُهم، ولو نظروا إلى مَردودِ الأعمالِ من السماء لقالوا: ما يقبلُ الله من أحد عملًا.

:It has been reported that Abu 'Abd Allah [a.s] said . ١٩٨

When a believer says a word of contempt loses his friendship; and when he says to him, 'you are an enemy to me,' one of the two has become a disbeliever because Allah does not accept the actions of one who hastens to blame a believer for his faults; and He does not accept actions from a believer whilst he harbors evil in his heart against another believer. If the veils were to be lifted from people, they would have seen what bond there is between Allah [M.G] and a believer and their necks would bow for the believers. They would make the believers' affairs easy

p: 1.V

.Al-Mustadrak 1/1.A h.Y -1

and yield to their obedience. If they were to see the amount of actions being rejected from the heavens, they would have said, 'Allah will not accept any action from <a href="mailto:ganyone!" <a href=

:It has been reported that Abu 'Abd Allah [a.s] said: the Prophet [a.s] said . 199

(A believer is sacred – all of him – his dignity, his property and his life.(*)

:It has been reported that Abu 'Abd Allah [a.s] said . Y...

Do not rejoice at the misfortune of your brother-in-faith lest Allah [M.G] should have .mercy on him and change your condition

The Imam also said: One who rejoices at a misfortune that has befallen his brother will not leave this world before his condition changes to the worse.

إنّ لله (جلّ جلاله) في الأرض حُرماتٍ؛ حرمه كتابِ الله وحرمه رسولِ الله وحرمه أهل البَيت وحرمه الكعبه وحرمه المسلم وحرمه المسلم وحرمه المسلم.

It has been narrated that the brother of al-Tirbal (i.e. Ibrahim ibn Jamil al-Kufi) . ٢٠١ :said: I heard al-Sadiq [a.s] saying

Allah holds some on the earth as sacred: the Book of Allah, the Messenger of Allah, the Ahl al-Bayt, the Ka'bah and a Muslim and a Muslim and a Muslim. (He repeated (thrice.)(*

Al-Mustadrak 1/1.4 h.1, al-Kulayni: al-Kafi 1/196 h.669 and Warram: Tanbih al- - 1 Khawatir wa Nuzhat al-Nawad'ir 1/199. The first statement of the narration is recorded in al-Majlisi: Bihar al-Anwar 1/6/199 h.7/4 and 1/6/199 h.1/9 and al-Hurr al- Amili: Wasa`il al-Shi`ah 1/9/11 h.1 [as quoted from al-Kulayni: al-Kafi 1/7/9/1 h.4 and al-Barqi: al-Mahasin 1/4 h.9/9.] The last statement is recorded in al-Majlisi: Bihar al-Anwar 9//7/4 h.9/9 [as quoted [.from al-Barqi: al-Mahasin 1/197/1 h.9/9]

- .Al-Mustadrak Y/1.4 h.1 -Y
- Al-Mustadrak ۱/۱۴۲ h.۲, al-Majlisi: Bihar al-Anwar ۷۵/۲۱۶ h.۱۹, al-Hurr al-`Amili: ۳
 .[Wasa`il al-Shi`ah ۶/۹۱۰ h.۱ [as quoted from al-Kulayni: al-Kafi ۲/۳۵۹ h.۱
- A similar narration is recorded in al-Majlisi: Bihar al-Anwar vf/YTT as quoted from al- f .Suri: Qad'a` al-ouquq

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In the name of Allah

?Are those who know equal to those who do not know

al-Zumar: 9

:Introduction

Ghaemiyeh Computer Research Institute of Isfahan, from Y...V, under the authority of Ayatollah Haj SayyedHasanFaqihImami (God blesses his soul), by sincere and daily efforts of university and seminary elites and sophisticated groups began its activities in religious, cultural and scientific fields

:Manifesto

Ghaemiyeh Computer Research Institute of Isfahan in order to facilitate and accelerate the accessibility of researchers to the books and tools of research, in the field of Islamic science, and regarding the multiplicity and dispersion of active centers in this field

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.It's obvious that all the responsibilities are due to the author

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We would appreciate the centers, institutes, publications, authors and all honorable friends who contributed their help and data to us to reach the holy goal we follow

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